HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL

COUNTY

Marathon

Wisconsin Department of Transportation DT1502 01/2020 s.66.0901(7) Wis. Stats

STATE PROJECT

1620-03-72

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

FEDERAL

N/A

Proposal Guaranty Required: \$75,000.00 Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation	Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE.
Bid Submittal Date: August 8, 2023 Time (Local Time): 11:00 am	Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code SAMPLE
Contract Completion Time 40 Working Days	NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES
Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 0%	This contract is exempt from federal oversight.

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this date _____

(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)

(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin)

(Date Commission Expires)

Notary Seal

For Department Use Only

Milling, Asphalt Pavement, Base, Curb and Gutter, Sidewalk, Pavement Markings.

Notice of Award Dated

Type of Work:

Date Guaranty Returned

Proposal Number:

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

Sth 98

Marshfield - Abbotsford; 26th Road To



HIGHWAY

STH 013

(Bidder Signature)

(Print or Type Bidder Name)

(Bidder Title)

PLEASE ATTACH PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

BID PREPARATION

Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items

A. General

- (1) Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:
 - 1. Electronic bid on the internet.
 - 2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
- (2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.
- (3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange at <u>http://www.bidx.com/</u>after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (*.ebs or *.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

(4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc. 5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235 Gainesville, FL 32608-5371 email: <u>mailto:customer.support@bidx.com</u>

- (5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.
- (6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the department's web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, 4th floor, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.

(7) Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

B. Submitting Electronic Bids

B.1 On the Internet

- (1) Do the following before submitting the bid:
 - 4. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
 - 5. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.
- (2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:
 - 1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid ExpressTM web site.
 - 2. Use ExpediteTM software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
 - 3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of ExpediteTM software and the Bid ExpressTM web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid
 - 4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates
 - 5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.
- (3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

(1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid Express web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

Use ExpediteTM software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid ExpressTM web site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.

(2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the Expedite □ generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal, not in the sealed bid envelop but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

Bidder Name BN00 Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

- (3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.
- (4) The bidder-submitted printout of the Expedite □ generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

- (5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
 - 2. The check code printed on the printout of the ExpediteTM generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

B Waiver of Electronic Submittal

- (1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.
- (2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a \$75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."
- (3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
 - 2. The bidder fails to pay the \$75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the \$75.
 - 3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.
- (4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

PROPOSAL BID BOND

DT1303 1/2006

Proposal Number	Project Number		Letting Date
Name of Principal			
Name of Surety		State in Which Surety is	Organized

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, a	are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum
equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the p	ayment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our
heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The con	dition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid
proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department o	f Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal
Number and Letting Date indicated above.	

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation within 10 business days of demand a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: (DATE MUST BE ENTERED)

PRINCIPAL	
(Company Name) (Affix Corporate Seal)	
(Signature and Title)	
(Company Name)	
(Signature and Title)	
(Company Name)	
(Signature and Title)	(Name of Surety) (Affix Seal)
(Company Name)	(Signature of Attorney-in-Fact)
(Signature and Title)	
NOTARY FOR PRINCIPAL	NOTARY FOR SURETY
(Date)	(Date)
State of Wisconsin)	State of Wisconsin)
) ss. County)) ss. County)
On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).	On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged before me by the named person(s).
(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)
(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)	(Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin)
(Date Commission Expires)	(Date Commission Expires)
Notary Seal	Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND

DT1305 8/2003

ime Period Valid (From/To)
ame of Surety
lame of Contractor
ertificate Holder
Wisconsin Department of Transportation

This is to certify that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the Wisconsin Department of Transportation.

This certificate is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder and does not amend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond.

Cancellation: Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above.

(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative)

(Date)

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

Name of Subcontractor	Class of Work	Estimated Value

CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

Instructions for Certification

- 1. By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.
- 4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.
- 7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR- 1273 "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).

- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

<u>Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered</u> <u>Transactions</u>

- 1. The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;
 - (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
 - (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- 2. Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Special Provisions Table of Contents

	Article Des	cription	Page #
1.	General		2
2.	Scope of Work		2
3.	Prosecution and Progress.		2
4.	Traffic		3
5.	Holiday and Special Event Work Restrictions		4
6.	Utilities		4
7.	Railroad Insurance and Coordination – Wisconsin	Central Ltd. (CN)	4
8.	Erosion Control		6
9.	Environmental Protection, Aquatic Exotic Species	Control	6
10.	Health and Safety Requirements for Workers Rem	ediating Petroleum Contamination.	7
11.	Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Co	ontaminated Soil, Item 205.0501.S	7
12.	Public Convenience and Safety		9
13.	Other Projects		10
14.	Property Marks – Protecting and Restoring		10
15.	Protecting Concrete		10
16.	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volun Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density, Item 460.0110.S.		10
17.	HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP		15
18.	Appendix A		22
19.	HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density		28
20.	Asphaltic Surface		32
21.	Seeding		32
22.	Field Facilities		32
23.	Traffic Control		32
24.	Temporary Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch		32
25.	Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf, Item SPV.0030.01		32
26.	Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monum	ents, Item SPV.0060.01	33
27.	Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monumer	ts, Item SPV.0060.02	34
28.	Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch, Item SPV.00 Item SPV.0090.02.		35
29.	Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.03; Ma Item SPV.0090.04; Marking Line Epoxy 10-Inch, S Epoxy 10-Inch, Item SPV.0090.06; Marking Line S	PV.0090.05; Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref	36
30.	Preparing Topsoil for Lawn Type Turf, Item SPV.0	180.01	36
31.	Removing Distressed Asphaltic Surface Milling, Ite	m SPV.0180.02	37

STSP'S Revised January 13, 2023 SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for Project 1620-03-72, Marshfield – Abbotsford, 26th Road to STH 98, STH 13, Marathon County, Wisconsin as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2023 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system.

100-005 (20230113)

2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract shall consist of removing asphaltic surface milling, base aggregate dense, concrete sidewalk, concrete curb and gutter, HMA pavement, pavement marking and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract.

104-005 (20090901)

3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within 10 calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the time frame for construction of the project within the 2024 construction season to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Assure that the time frame is consistent with the contract completion time. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within ten calendar days before the beginning of the approved time frame.

To revise the time frame, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the beginning of the intended time frame. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

Complete curb and gutter and sidewalk replacement prior to milling and paving in adjacent areas.

After milling and when directed by the engineer, patch any existing deteriorated and broken-up asphaltic surface left in place within 96 hours of completion of the milling operations, in locations open to traffic. Provide an even cross-sectional profile of each lane prior to reopening to traffic. An uneven profile within each lane is not allowed except within a flagging operation.

Do not allow a milled surface open to through traffic to remain in place longer than 96 hours or during the periods included in the holidays and special events restrictions unless adverse weather prevents placement of the asphalt layer. Provide an even cross-sectional profile of each lane prior to reopening to traffic. An uneven profile within each lane is not allowed except within a flagging operation.

Cease or alter work operations if traffic delays become longer than 15 minutes. The engineer may suspend work operations according to standard spec 108.5 (Limiting Operations) until contractor complies with 15-minute delay period. Continuation of operations will be considered Unauthorized Work per standard spec 105.3.2.3 and the department will not allow additional compensation or additional time due to such suspension of operations.

Contact Doug Kreuser, North Central Region Electrician at (715) 213-2773, a minimum of five (5) working days prior to any excavation near existing traffic signals or temporary pedestrian rerouting to coordinate the work and any necessary traffic or pedestrian signal modifications.

Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)

Northern long-eared bats (NLEB) have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees, bridges and culverts. Roosts may not have been observed on this project, but conditions to support the species exist. The species and all active roosts are protected by the federal Endangered Species Act.

If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

Ensure all operators, employees, and subcontractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of environmental commitments and avoidance and minimization measures (AMMs) to protect both bats and their habitat.

Direct temporary lighting, if used, away from wooded areas during the bat active season: April 1 to October 31, both dates inclusive.

Contractor means and methods to remove trees will not allowed. If it is determined that trees with a 3-inch or greater diameter at breast height (dbh) need to be removed beyond contractor means and methods, notify the engineer to coordinate with the WisDOT REC to determine if consultation with United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) is required. The contractor must be aware that the WisDOT REC and/or USFWS may not permit modifications.

4. Traffic.

Keep STH 13 and all connecting sideroads open to through traffic at all times. Maintain a single lane of travel in each direction for all roadways except traffic may be reduced to one lane during daylight hours when using a flagging operation for STH 13 in two and three lane sections and for all connecting sideroads. Provide a full closure of one northbound lane when using a flagging operation in the three lane section of STH 13. Open all lanes to traffic at the end of each working day in two and three lane sections of STH 13 and on all connecting sideroads.

Maintain pedestrian traffic throughout the project at all times. Construct the pedestrian curb ramps and sidewalks in stages as shown in the plans. Install temporary sidewalks, temporary curb ramps, and the traffic control for sidewalk and pedestrian crossing closures prior to any work impacting these facilities.

Maintain access to all properties throughout the duration of the project. Restrict driveway access for the minimum time required to construct the shoulders through the driveway and when paving the approaches to or the roadway immediately adjacent to the driveways. Provide property owners a minimum two working day notice of access closure. Conduct construction operations at only one driveway access for properties with more than one driveway while keeping the second access open. Allow emergency vehicles access throughout the construction zone at all times.

Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16 feet)	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	7 calendar days
Full roadway closures	7 calendar days
Ramp closures	7 calendar days
Detours	7 calendar days
Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction ≥ 16 feet)	MINIMUM NOTIFICATION
Lane and shoulder closures	3 business days
Ramp closures	3 business days
Modifying all closure types	3 business days

TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date.

5. Holiday and Special Event Work Restrictions.

Do not perform work on, nor haul materials of any kind along or across any portion of the highway carrying STH 13 traffic, and entirely clear the traveled way and shoulders of such portions of the highway of equipment, barricades, signs, lights, and any other material that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday and special event periods:

- From noon Friday, May 24, 2024 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, May 28, 2024 for Memorial Day;
- From noon Wednesday, July 3, 2024 to 6:00 AM Monday, July 8, 2024 for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, August 30, 2024 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 3, 2024 for Labor Day.

stp-107-005 (20210113)

6. Utilities.

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220.

stp-107-065 (20080501)

There are underground and overhead utility facilities located within the project limits. Coordinate construction activities with a call to Diggers Hotline or a direct call to the utilities that have facilities in the area located as required per statutes. Use caution to ensure that integrity of the underground facilities and maintain OSHA code clearances from overhead facilities at all times.

The following utility owners have facilities within the project area; however, no adjustments are anticipated:

- Clark Electric Cooperative (Electricity)
- Marshfield Electric and Water Department (Electricity)
- Spectrum (Communication Line)
- Village of Spencer (Sewer)
- We Energies (Gas/Petroleum)

Additional detailed information regarding the location of vacated, relocated, and/or removed utility facilities is available in the work plan provided by each utility company or on the permits issued to them. View these documents at the region WisDOT office during normal working hours.

Frontier Communications of WI LLC (Communication Line) plans to place underground communication facilities crossing Depot Street outside of the construction limits prior to construction. The existing crossing of Depot Street will be discontinued in place.

Village of Spencer (Water) will adjust the water valve at Station 373+50, right to the finished grade during construction. The Village of Spencer anticipates the adjustment will be complete in 2 working days.

Xcel Energy (Electricity) has overhead electricity facilities crossing STH 13 and the adjoining sideroads throughout the project limits. Xcel Energy will install line guards to their overhead lines that are in close proximity to the sidewalk designated for replacement. Xcel Energy plans to complete this work concurrently with construction operations. Xcel Energy anticipates the installation of the line guards will require three working days to complete.

7. Railroad Insurance and Coordination – Wisconsin Central Ltd. (CN).

A Description

Comply with standard spec 107.17 for all work affecting Wisconsin Central Ltd (CN) property and any existing tracks.

A.1 Railroad Insurance Requirements

In addition to standard spec 107.26, provide railroad protective liability insurance coverage as specified in standard spec 107.17.3. Insurance is filed in the name of Wisconsin Central Ltd and Its Parents (CN).

Notify evidence of the required coverage, and duration to Matthew Turner, Public Projects Officer, 1625 Depot Street, Stevens Point, WI 54481; Telephone (715) 345-2503; E-mail: <u>Matthew.turner@cn.ca</u>.

Also send a copy to the following: Caleb Herrin, NC Region Railroad Coordinator; 1681 Second Ave South, Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54495; Telephone (715) 420-6422; E-mail: <u>caleb.herrin@dot.wi.gov</u>.

Include the following information on the insurance document:

- Project ID: 1620-03-72
- Work Performed on or within 50' of RR right-of-way: Pave up to the railroad crossings

#	Route Name	City/County	Crossing ID	RR Subdivision	RR Milepost
1	26 th Rd W	Spencer/Marathon	6899255	Superior	285.62
2	Karau Ave	Spencer/Marathon	689927F	Superior	287.05
3	Willow Dr	Spencer/Marathon	689932C	Superior	289.11

A.2 Train Operation

#	Passenger Train Volume	Passenger Train Speed	Freight Train Volume	Freight Train Speed	Frequency	Switch Train Comment*
1	0	0	30	60	Daily	No switch trains
2	0	0	30	60	Daily	No switch trains
3	0	0	30	60	Daily	No switch trains

A.3 Names and Addresses of Railroad Representatives for Consultation and Coordination

Construction Contact

Matthew Turner, Public Works Officer; 1625 Depot Street, Stevens Point, WI 54481; Telephone (715) 345-2503; E-mail <u>matthew.turner@cn.ca</u> for consultation on railroad requirements during construction.

Amend standard spec 108.4 to include the railroad in the distribution of the initial bar chart, and monthly schedule updates. The bar chart shall specifically show work involving coordination with the railroad.

Flagging Contact

Submit by US Mail a "Request for Flagging Services and Cable Location" form with prepayment to: Flagging-US, 17641 South Ashland Avenue, Homewood, IL 60430; <u>Flagging_US@CN.CA</u>. The form can be obtained at:

https://www.cn.ca/en/safety/utility-installations/

Requests for flagging and cable locates can take up to five business days after the railroad receives the paperwork. Reference the Wisconsin Milepost and Subdivision located in A.1. Advise Wisconsin Central Ltd (CN) that the flagging services are to be billed at the rate for a public highway project.

Cable Locate Contact

In addition to contacting Diggers Hotline, follow the procedure listed under Flagging Contact.

Wisconsin Central Ltd (CN) will only locate railroad owned facilities buried in the railroad right-of-way. The railroad does not locate any other utilities.

A.4 Work by Railroad

The railroad will perform the work described in this section, except for work described in other special provisions, and will be accomplished without cost to the contractor. Remove and replace the timber railroad crossing surfaces at 26th Road W, Karau Ave and Willow Drive. Railroad to provide one day of flagging at no cost to the contractor.

A.5 Temporary Grade Crossing

If a temporary grade crossing is desired, submit a written request to the railroad representative named in A.3 at least 40 days prior to the time needed. Approval is subject to the discretion of the railroad. The department has made no arrangements for a temporary grade crossing.

stp-107-026 (20230113)

8. Erosion Control.

Add the following to standard spec 107.20:

Perform construction operations in a timely and diligent manner, continuing all construction operations methodically from the initial topsoil stripping operation through the subsequent grading and finishing to minimize the period of exposure to erosion.

Replace topsoil on disturbed areas, including spot locations such as cross drains, driveways, guardrail and terminals, and intersections, immediately after grading is completed within those areas. Complete finishing operations, which includes seed, fertilizer, erosion mat, mulch, and any other permanent erosion control measures required, within seven calendar days after the placement of topsoil.

ncr-107-050 (20141015)

9. Environmental Protection, Aquatic Exotic Species Control.

Exotic invasive organisms such as VHS, zebra mussels, purple loosestrife, and Eurasian water milfoil are becoming more prolific in Wisconsin and pose adverse effects to waters of the state. Wisconsin State Statutes 30.07, "Transportation of Aquatic Plants and Animals; Placement of Objects in Navigable Waters", details the state law that requires the removal of aquatic plants and zebra mussels each time equipment is put into state waters.

At construction sites that involve navigable water or wetlands, use the follow cleaning procedures to minimize the chance of exotic invasive species infestation. Use these procedures for all equipment that comes in contact with waters of the state and/or infested water or potentially infested water in other states.

Ensure that all equipment that has been in contact with waters of the state, or with infested or potentially infested waters, has been decontaminated for aquatic plant materials and zebra mussels before being used in other waters of the state. Before using equipment on this project, thoroughly disinfect all equipment that has come into contact with potentially infested waters. Guidelines from the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources for disinfection are available at:

http://dnr.wi.gov/topic/invasives/disinfection.html

Use the following inspection and removal procedures:

- 1. Before leaving the contaminated site, wash machinery and ensure that the machinery is free of all soil and other substances that could possibly contain exotic invasive species;
- 2. Drain all water from boats, trailers, bilges, live wells, coolers, bait buckets, engine compartments, and any other area where water may be trapped;
- 3. Inspect boat hulls, propellers, trailers and other surfaces. Scrape off any attached mussels, remove any aquatic plant materials (fragments, stems, leaves, seeds, or roots), and dispose of removed mussels and plant materials in a garbage can before leaving the area or invested waters; and
- 4. Disinfect your boat, equipment and gear by either:
 - 4.1. Washing with ~212 F water (steam clean), or
 - 4.2. Drying thoroughly for five days after cleaning with soap and water and/or high pressure water, or
 - 4.3. Disinfecting with either 200 ppm (0.5 oz per gallon or 1 Tablespoon per gallon) Chlorine for 10-minute contact time or 1:100 solution (38 grams per gallon) of Virkon Aquatic for 20- to 30-minute contact time. Note: Virkon is not registered to kill zebra mussel veligers nor invertebrates like spiny water flea. Therefore, this disinfect should be used in conjunction with a hot water (>104° F) application.

Complete the inspection and removal procedure before equipment is brought to the project site and before the equipment leaves the project site.

stp-107-055 (20130615)

1620-03-72

10. Health and Safety Requirements for Workers Remediating Petroleum Contamination.

Add the following to standard spec 107.1(2):

Soil contamination with gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or other petroleum related products may be encountered during excavation activities. Prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan complying with the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) standard for Hazardous Waste Operation and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER), 29 CFR 1910.120.

All site workers taking part in remediation activities or who will have the reasonable probability of exposure of safety or health hazards associated with the hazardous material shall have completed Health and Safety training that meets OSHA requirements. Before the start of remediation work, submit to the engineer a site-specific Health and Safety Plan, and written verification that workers will have completed up-to-date OSHA training.

Develop, delineate, and enforce the health and safety exclusions zones for each contaminated site location pursuant to 29 CFR 1910.120.

stp-107-115 (20150630)

11. Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil, Item 205.0501.S.

A Description

A.1 General

This special provision describes excavating, loading, hauling, and disposing of petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated soil at the Former Marshfield Oil Company site. The nearest DNR licensed solid waste disposal facility is:

Waste Management - Cranberry Creek Landfill 2510 Engel Road Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54495 Telephone: (800) 963-4776

Perform this work according to standard spec 205 and with pertinent parts of Chapters NR 700-754 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code, as supplemented herein. Per NR 718.07, a solid waste collection and transportation service-operating license is required under NR 502.06 for each vehicle used to transport contaminated soil.

The method for managing petroleum contaminated soil during this project was developed according to the provisions of Chapter NR 718 of the Wisconsin Administrative Code.

A.2 Notice to the Contractor – Contaminated Soil Location

The department has completed testing for subsurface contamination within this project where excavation or grading may be required. Testing indicated petroleum-contaminated soil is known or suspected to be present at the following location and as shown on the plans:

Site Name and Location	Description
Former Marshfield Oil Company Site	WIS 13 Station 378+25'SB' to Station 378+65'SB', 12 ft.
SW corner of WIS 13/WIS 98 intersection next to 105 S. Pacific Street	LT to right-of-way limit, to the estimated depth of curb ramp construction (3 feet below existing grade).
Village of Spencer	Petroleum hydrocarbons were detected in soil, including benzene (0.06 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg),
(Closed LUST)	ethylbenzene (0.05 mg/kg), naphthalene (0.08 mg/kg),
WDNR BRRTS No. 03-37-001256	toluene (0.08 mg/kg), total trimethylbenzenes (0.16 mg/kg), total xylenes (0.24 mg/kg), and total lead (53.7 mg/kg).

If contaminated soil, groundwater, or underground storage tanks are encountered elsewhere on the project, terminate excavation activities in the area and notify the engineer.

For further information regarding approval of the soil management method or to obtain a copy of the hazardous materials investigation report for this site contact:

Bree Richardson Regional Environmental Coordinator Wisconsin Department of Transportation – North Central Region 1681 Second Avenue South Wisconsin Rapids, WI 54494 Cell: (715) 315-8058 Email: <u>bree.richardson@dot.wi.gov</u>

A.3 Coordination

Coordinate work under this contract with the department's environmental consultant.

Kyle Wagoner AECOM Technical Services, Inc. 200 Indiana Avenue Stevens Point, WI 54481 Telephone: (715) 342-3038 Email: kyle.wagoner@aecom.com

The role of the environmental consultant will be limited to:

- 1. Identifying the location and limits of contaminated soil that may be encountered based on soil sample analytical results from previous investigations, visual observation, and field screening of excavated soil.
- 2. Assisting the department and contractor with segregating soil excavated from the contaminated soil management areas for off-site disposal.
- 3. Assisting the department and contractor with coordinating off-site disposal of the excavated, contaminated soil; and
- 4. Documenting that activities associated with management of contaminated soil are in conformance with the contaminated soil management method for this project as specified herein.

Provide at least a 14-calendar day notice of the preconstruction conference date to the environmental consultant. At the preconstruction conference, provide a schedule for all excavation activities in the contaminated area to the environmental consultant. Also notify the environmental consultant at least 5 calendar days prior to commencement of excavation activities in the contaminated area.

Coordinate with the environmental consultant to ensure that the environmental consultant is present during excavation activities in the contaminated area. Perform excavation work in the contaminated area on a continuous basis until excavation work is completed.

Identify the DNR approved solid waste facility that will be used for disposal of contaminated soil and provide this information to the environmental consultant no later than 30 calendar days before beginning excacvation actitiviries in the contaminated area or at the preconstruction conference, whichever comes first. The environmental consultant will be responsible for obtaining the necessary approvals from the solid waste facility. Do not transport contaminated soil offsite without prior approval from the environmental consultant or engineer.

A.4 Health and Safety Requirements

Add the following to standard spec 107.1:

During excavation activities, expect to encounter soil contaminated with gasoline, diesel fuel, fuel oil, or other petroleum related products. Site workers taking part in activities that will result in the reasonable probability of exposure to safety and health hazards associated with the hazardous materials shall have completed the Occupational Safety and Health Administration (OSHA) requirements for Hazardous Waste Operations and Emergency Response (HAZWOPER), as provided in 29 CFR 1910.12.

Prepare a site-specific Health and Safety Plan, and develop, delineate, and enforce the health and safety exclusion zones for the contaminated site location as required by 29 CFR 1910.120. Submit the site-specific health and safety plan and written documentation of up-to-date OSHA training to the engineer before the start of work.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 205.3:

Control operations in the contaminated area to minimize the quantity of contaminated soil excavated.

The environmental consultant will periodically evaluate soil excavated from the contaminated area to determine if the soil is contaminated. Excavated soil will be evaluated by the environmental consultant based on field screening results, visual observations, and soil analytical results from previous environmental investigations. Assist the environmental consultant in collecting soil samples for evaluation. The sampling frequency shall be a maximum of one sample for approximately every 15 cubic yards (truck load) excavated in the contaminated area.

Directly load and haul petroleum hydrocarbon contaminated soil designated by the environmental consultant for offsite treatment/disposal to the DNR-licensed solid waste disposal facility. Use loading and hauling practices that are appropriate to prevent any spills or releases of soil or residues. Before transport, sufficiently dewater soil designated for off-site disposal as not to contain free liquids.

If not hauled to the solid waste disposal facility during the same day on which it was excavated, temporarily stockpile the soil on an impervious surface within the project limits by covering the material with impervious plastic sheeting and anchoring the plastic sheeting in place to prevent the soil from being exposed until such time as the soil is hauled to the solid waste disposal facility.

D Measurement

The department will measure Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil in tons of contaminated soil, accepted by the solid waste disposal facility as documented by weight tickets generated by the solid waste disposal facility.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
205.0501.S	Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil	TON

Payment is full compensation for excavating, loading, hauling, treating, and all tipping fees paid for off-site treatment/disposal of the contaminated soils; temporary stockpiling of contaminated soil; covering, anchoring, and maintenance of the temporary stockpile; obtaining solid waste collection and transportation service operating licenses; dewatering of soils prior to transport; and for furnishing all labor, tools, equipment, and incidentals necessary to complete the work.

12. Public Convenience and Safety.

Replace standard spec 107.8 (4) with the following:

Notify the following organizations and departments at least two business days before road closures, lane closures, or detours are put into effect:

Marathon County Sheriff's Department Wisconsin State Patrol Marathon County Highway Department Town of Spencer Village of Spencer Spencer School District Spencer Post Office

The Marathon County Sheriff's Department 911 dispatches all area police, fire and ambulance services, and will relay any notification given by the contractor.

ncr-107-005 (20200729)

13. Other Projects.

1620-01-72, STH 13, STH 98 to South Junction CTH N, Marathon County

Work includes concrete pavement repair/replacement, replacement of curb and gutter and sidewalk, storm sewer repairs, and pavement markings from immediately north of STH 98 to the north project limits.

Contact Preston Bohn, P.E., WisDOT Project Manager at (715) 421-9736 or <u>Preston.Bohn@dot.wi.gov</u> for more information.

1620-01-63, STH 13, B-37-184 and B-37-185, Marathon County

Work includes concrete deck overlays on both structures.

Contact Preston Bohn, P.E., WisDOT Project Manager at (715) 421-9736 or <u>Preston.Bohn@dot.wi.gov</u> for more information.

14. Property Marks – Protecting and Restoring.

Replace standard spec107.11.3 (1) with the following:

Protect and carefully preserve all known property and survey marks, land monuments, and right-of-way monuments and marker posts. Notify the engineer of the nature and location of these monuments and markers. Do not disturb or destroy monuments or markers until the engineer has arranged for their referencing or perpetuation.

Reset or replace, to the required standard, any property and survey marks, land monuments, and right-of-way monuments and marker posts that fall outside the construction limits that are shifted, lost or damaged by the contractor during construction operations, as determined by the engineer. If the contractor fails to restore the disturbed monuments or markers within a reasonable time, the department may, upon 48 hours written notice, restore the disturbed monuments or markers. The department will deduct restoration costs from payments due the contractor under the contract.

ncr-107-010 (20110531)

15. Protecting Concrete.

Add the following to standard spec 415.3.14:

Provide a minimum of one concrete finisher to remain on the project site after final finishing of all concrete surfaces until such time as the concrete has hardened sufficiently to resist surface scarring caused by footprints, handprints, or any other type of imprint, malicious or otherwise. The finisher shall actively and continuously patrol the newly placed concrete and repair any damage to the surface that might be sustained as described above.

The cost for providing the finisher(s), necessary equipment, and materials shall be considered incidental to the contract unit price for each concrete item.

ncr-415-005 (20141015)

16. HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics, Item 460.0105.S; HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density, Item 460.0110.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) density and volumetric testing tolerances required for an HMA test strip. An HMA test strip is required for contracts constructed under HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP. A density test strip is required for each pavement layer placed over a specific, uniform underlying material, unless specified otherwise in the plans. Each contract is restricted to a single mix design per mix type per layer (e.g., upper layer and lower layer may have different mix type specified or may have the same mix type with different mix designs). Each mix design requires a separate test strip. Density and volumetrics testing will be conducted on the same test strip whenever possible.

Perform work according to standard spec 460 and as follows.

B Materials

Use materials conforming to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

C Construction

C.1 Test Strip

Submit the test strip start time and date to the department in writing at least 5 calendar days in advance of construction of the test strip. If the contractor fails to begin paving within 2 hours of the submitted start time, the test strip is delayed, and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance according to Section E of this document. Alterations to the start time and date must be submitted to the department in writing a minimum of 24 hours prior to the start time. The contractor will not be liable for changes in start time related to adverse weather days as defined by standard spec 101.3 or equipment breakdown verified by the department.

On the first day of production for a test strip, produce approximately 750 tons of HMA. (Note: adjust tonnage to accommodate natural break points in the project.) Locate test strips in a section of the roadway to allow a representative rolling pattern (i.e., not a ramp or shoulder, etc.).

C.1.1 Sampling and Testing Intervals

C.1.1.1 Volumetrics

Laboratory testing will be conducted from a split sample yielding three components, with portions designated for QC (quality control), QV (quality verification), and retained.

During production for the test strip, obtain sufficient HMA mixture for three-part split samples from trucks prior to departure from the plant. Collect three split samples during the production of test strip material. Perform sampling from the truck box and three-part splitting of HMA according to CMM 836. These three samples will be randomly selected by the engineer from each *third* of the test strip tonnage (T), excluding the first 50 tons:

Sample Number	Production Interval (tons)
1	50 to 1/3 T
2	1/3 T to 2/3 T
3	2/3 T to T

C.1.1.2 Density

Required field tests include contractor QC and department QV nuclear density gauge tests and pavement coring at ten individual locations (five in each half of the test strip length) according to Appendix A: *Test Methods and Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Both QV and QC teams shall have two nuclear density gauges present for correlation at the time the test strip is constructed. QC and QV teams may wish to scan with additional gauges at the locations detailed in Appendix A, as only gauges used during the test strip correlation phase will be allowed.

C.1.2 Field Tests

C.1.2.1 Density

For contracts that include STSP 460-020 QMP Density in addition to PWL, a gauge comparison according to CMM 815.7 shall be completed prior to the day of test strip construction. Daily standardization of gauges on reference blocks and a project reference site shall be performed according to CMM 815.8. A standard count shall be performed for each gauge on the material placed for the test strip, prior to any additional data collection. Nuclear gauge readings and pavement cores shall be used to determine nuclear gauge correlation according to Appendix A. The two to three readings for the five locations across the mat for each of two zones shall be provided to the engineer. The engineer will analyze the readings of each gauge relative to the densities of the cores taken at each location. The engineer will determine the average difference between the nuclear gauge density readings and the measured core densities to be used as a constant offset value. This offset will be used to adjust raw density readings of the specific gauge and shall appear on the density data sheet along with gauge and project identification. An offset is specific to the mix and layer; therefore, a separate value shall be determined for each layer of each mix placed over a differing underlying material for the contract.

This constitutes correlation of that individual gauge for the given layer. Two gauges per team are not required to be onsite daily after completion of the test strip. Any data collected without a correlated gauge will not be accepted.

The contractor is responsible for coring the pavement from the footprint of the density tests and filling core holes according to Appendix A. Coring and filling of pavement core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Testing of cores shall be conducted by the contractor and witnessed by department personnel. The contractor is responsible for drying the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following laboratory testing and will be responsible for any verification testing at the discretion of the engineer.

The target maximum density to be used in determining core density is the average of the three volumetric/mix Gmm values from the test strip multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. In the event mix and density portions of the test strip procedure are separated, or if an additional density test strip is required, the mix portion must be conducted prior to density determination. The target maximum density to determine core densities shall then be the Gmm four-test running average (or three-test average from a PWL volumetric-only test strip) from the end of the previous day's production multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. If no PWL production QV volumetric test is to be taken in a density-only test strip, a non-random QV test will be taken according to 460.2.8.3.1.4 as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP and if non-conforming to C.2.1 herein, follow corrective action outlined in 460.2.8.2.1.7(4) as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and reported according to CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3. No density incentive or disincentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. However, unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

C.1.3 Laboratory Tests

C.1.3.1 Volumetrics

Obtain random samples according to C.1.1.1 and Appendix A. Perform tests the same day as taking the sample.

Theoretical maximum specific gravities of each mixture sample will be obtained. Bulk specific gravities of both gyratory compacted samples and field cores shall be determined. The bulk specific gravity values determined from field cores shall be used to calculate a correction factor (i.e., offset) for each QC and QV nuclear density gauge. The correction factor will be used throughout the remainder of the layer.

C.2 Acceptance

C.2.1 Volumetrics

Produce mix conforming to the following limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances based on most recent JMF):

ITEM	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:	
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5
2.36-mm	+/- 7.0
75-µm	+/- 3.0
Asphaltic content in percent ^[1]	- 0.5
Air Voids	-1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent ^[2]	- 1.0
Maximum specific gravity	+/- 0.024

^[1] Asphalt content more than -0.5% below the JMF will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction.

^[2] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

Calculation of air voids shall use either the QC, QV, or retained split sample test results, as identified by conducting the paired t-test with the WisDOT PWL Test Strip Spreadsheet.

If QC and QV test results do not correlate as determined by the split sample comparison, the retained split sample will be tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel as a referee test. Additional investigation shall be conducted to identify the source of the difference between QC and QV data. Referee data will be used to determine material conformance and pay.

C.2.2 Density

Compact all layers of test strip HMA mixture according to Table 460-3.

Nuclear density gauges are acceptable for use on the project only if correlation is completed for that gauge during the time of the test strip and the department issues documentation of acceptance stating the correlation offset value specific to the gauge and mix design. The offset is not to be entered into any nuclear density gauge as it will be applied by the department-furnished Field Density Worksheet.

C.2.3 Test Strip Approval and Material Conformance

All applicable laboratory and field testing associated with a test strip shall be completed prior to any additional mainline placement of the mix. All test reports shall be submitted to the department upon completion and approved before paving resumes. The department will notify the contractor within 24 hours from start of test strip regarding approval to proceed with paving unless an alternate time frame is agreed upon in writing with the department. The 24-hour approval time includes only working days as defined in standard spec 101.3.

The department will evaluate material conformance and make pay adjustments based on the PWL value of air voids and density for the test strip. The QC core densities and QC and QV mix results will be used to determine the PWL values as calculated according to Appendix A.

The PWL values for air voids and density shall be calculated after determining core densities. An approved test strip is defined as the individual PWL values for air voids and density both being equal to or greater than 75, mixture volumetric properties conforming to the limits specified in C.2.1, and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation. Further clarification on PWL test strip approval and appropriate post-test strip actions are shown in the following table:

PWL VALUE FOR AIR VOIDS AND DENSITY	TEST STRIP APPROVAL	MATERIAL CONFORMANCE	POST-TEST STRIP ACTION
Both PWL ≥ 75	Approved ¹	Material paid for according to Section E	Proceed with Production
50 <u><</u> Either PWL < 75	Not Approved	Material paid for according to Section E	Consult BTS to determine need for additional test strip
Either PWL < 50	Not Approved	Unacceptable material removed and replaced or paid for at 50% of the contract unit price according to Section E	Construct additional Volumetrics or Density test strip as necessary

PWL TEST STRIP APPROVAL AND MATERIAL CONFORMANCE CRITERIA

¹ In addition to these PWL criteria, mixture volumetric properties must conform to the limits specified in C.2.1, split sample comparison must have a passing result and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation must be completed.

A maximum of two test strips will be allowed to remain in place per pavement layer per contract. If material is removed, a new test strip shall replace the previous one at no additional cost to the department. If the contractor changes the mix design for a given mix type during a contract, no additional compensation will be paid by the department for the required additional test strip and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the additional test strip according to Section E of this special provision.

For simultaneously conducted density and volumetric test strip components, the following must be achieved:

- i. Passing/Resolution of Split Sample Comparison
- ii. Volumetrics/mix PWL value \geq 75
- iii. Density PWL value \geq 75
- iv. Acceptable correlation

If not conducted simultaneously, the mix portion of a test strip must accomplish (i) and (ii), while density must accomplish (iii) and (iv). If any applicable criteria are not achieved for a given test strip, the engineer, with authorization from the department's Bureau of Technical Services, will direct an additional test strip (or alternate plan approved by the department) be conducted to prove the criteria can be met prior to additional paving of that mix. For a density-only test strip, determination of mix conformance will be according to main production, i.e., HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

D Measurement

The department will measure HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip as each unit of work, acceptably completed as passing the required air void, VMA, asphalt content, gradation, and density correlation for a Test Strip. Material quantities shall be determined according to standard spec 450.4 and detailed here within.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.0105.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	EACH
460.0110.S	HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	EACH

These items are intended to compensate the contractor for the construction of the test strip for contracts paved under the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP article.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics is full compensation for volumetric sampling, splitting, and testing, and for the proper labeling, handling, and retention of the split samples.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density is full compensation for collecting and measuring of pavement cores, acceptably filling core holes, providing of nuclear gauges and operator(s), and all other work associated with completion of a core-to-gauge correlation, as directed by the engineer.

Acceptable HMA mixture placed on the project as part of a volumetric or density test strip will be compensated by the appropriate HMA Pavement bid item with any applicable pay adjustments. If a test strip is delayed as defined in C.1 of this document, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance, under the HMA Delayed Test Strip administrative item. If an additional test strip is required because the initial test strip is not approved by the department or the mix design is changed by the contractor, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each additional test strip (i.e., \$2,000 for each individual volumetrics or density test strip) under the HMA Additional Test Strip administrative item.

Pay adjustment will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on \$65/ton multiplied by the following pay adjustment:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS	PAYMENT FACTOR, PF
(PWL)	(percent of \$65/ton)
≥ 90 to 100	PF = ((PWL – 90) * 0.4) + 100
<u>≥</u> 50 to < 90	(PWL * 0.5) + 55
<50	50%[1]

where, PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted PFair voids & PFdensity

^[1] Material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced, unless the engineer allows for such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density will be according to Table 460-3. Pay adjustment will be determined for an acceptably completed test strip and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

Pay Adjustment = (PF-100)/100 x (WP) x (tonnage) x (\$65/ton)*

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>WP</u>
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

Individual Pay Factors for each air voids ($PF_{air voids}$) and density ($PF_{density}$) will be determined. $PF_{air voids}$ will be multiplied by the total tonnage produced (i.e., from truck tickets), and $PF_{density}$ will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., traffic lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

The department will pay incentive for air voids under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

stp-460-040 (20230113)

17. HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

A Description

This special provision describes percent within limits (PWL) pay determination, providing and maintaining a contractor Quality Control (QC) Program, department Quality Verification (QV) Program, required sampling and testing, dispute resolution, corrective action, pavement density, and payment for HMA pavements. Pay is determined by statistical analysis performed on contractor and department test results conducted according to the Quality Management Program (QMP) as specified in standard spec 460, except as modified below.

B Materials

Conform to the requirements of standard spec 450, 455, and 460 except where superseded by this special provision. The department will allow only one mix design for each HMA mixture type per layer required for the contract, unless approved by the engineer. The use of more than one mix design for each HMA pavement layer will require the contractor to construct a new test strip according to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Volumetrics and HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test strip according to the department.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts under Percent within Limits

⁽¹⁾ Furnish and maintain a laboratory at the plant site fully equipped for performing contractor QC testing. Have the laboratory on-site and operational before beginning mixture production.

⁽²⁾ Obtain random samples and perform tests according to this special provision and further defined in Appendix A: *Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Obtain HMA mixture samples from trucks at the plant. For the sublot in which a QV sample is collected, discard the QC sample and test a split of the QV sample.

⁽³⁾ Perform sampling from the truck box and three-part splitting of HMA samples according to CMM 836. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield three splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QC samples shall provide the following: QC, QV, and Retained. The contractor shall take possession and test the QC portions. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the samples intended for QV testing (i.e., QV portion from each sample) and the Retained portions. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A. Label samples according to CMM 836. Additional handling instructions for retained samples are found in CMM 836.

⁽⁴⁾ Use the test methods identified below to perform the following tests at a frequency greater than or equal to that indicated:

- Blended aggregate gradations according to AASHTO T 30.
- Asphalt content (AC) in percent.

Determine AC using one of the following methods:

- AC by ignition oven according to AASHTO T 308 as modified in <u>CMM 836.6.3.6</u>. If the department is using an ignition oven to determine AC, conform to <u>CMM 836.6.3.7</u>. If the department is not using an ignition oven to determine AC, IOCFs must still be reverified for any of the reasons listed in <u>CMM 836.6.3.7.2 Table 836-2</u> and conform to <u>CMM 836.6.3.7.3</u>.
- AC by chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B.
- AC by automated extraction according to ASTM D8159 as modified in CMM 836.6.3.1.
- Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to AASHTO T 166 as modified in CMM 836.6.5.
- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to AASHTO T 209 as modified in CMM 836.6.6.
- Air voids (V_a) by calculation according to AASHTO T 269.
- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to AASHTO R35.

⁽⁵⁾ Lot size shall consist of 3750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Test each design mixture at a frequency of 1 test per 750 tons of mixture type produced and placed as part of the contract. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of production for a specific mixture design. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot for data analysis and pay adjustment. Volumetric lots will include all tonnage of mixture type under specified bid item unless otherwise specified in the plan.

⁽⁶⁾ Conduct field tensile strength ratio tests, without freeze-thaw conditioning cycles, on each qualifying mixture according to CMM 836.6.14. Test each full 50,000-ton production increment, or fraction of an increment, after the first 5,000 tons of production. Perform required increment testing in the first week of production of that increment. If field tensile strength ratio values are below the spec limit, notify the engineer. The engineer and contractor will jointly determine a corrective action.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.5 and 460.2.8.2.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action

⁽¹⁾ Material must conform to the following action and acceptance limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances relative to the JMF used on the PWL Test Strip):

ITEM	ACTION LIMITS	ACCEPTANCE LIMITS
Percent passing given sieve:		
37.5-mm	+/- 8.0	
25.0-mm	+/- 8.0	
19.0-mm	+/- 7.5	
12.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
9.5-mm	+/- 7.5	
2.36-mm	+/- 7.0	
75-µm	+/- 3.0	
AC in percent	-0.3	-0.5
Va		- 1.5 & +2.0
VMA in percent ^[1]	- 0.5	-1.0

^[1] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

⁽²⁾ QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

⁽³⁾ Notify the engineer if any individual test result falls outside the action limits, investigate the cause and take corrective action to return to within action limits. If two consecutive test results fall outside the action limits, stop production. Production may not resume until approved by the engineer. Additional QV samples may be collected upon resuming production, at the discretion of the engineer.

⁽⁴⁾ For any additional non-random tests outside the random number testing conducted for volumetrics, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. Additional QV tests must meet acceptance limits or be subject to production stop. If the department's non-random test does not conform to the acceptance limits, the retained sample will be tested by the BTS lab. If the BTS results also do not meet the acceptance limits, the material will be considered unacceptable as described in (5) below.

⁽⁵⁾ Remove and replace unacceptable material at no additional expense to the department. Unacceptable material is defined as any individual QC or QV tests results outside the acceptance limits or a PWL value < 50. For AC in percent, unacceptable material is defined as any individual QV test result outside of the acceptance limit. The engineer may allow such material to remain in place with a price reduction. The department will pay for such HMA Pavement allowed to remain in place at 50 percent of the contract unit price.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements

⁽¹⁾ The department will provide at least one HTCP-certified Transportation Materials Sampling (TMS) Technician, to observe QV sampling of HMA mixtures.

⁽²⁾ Under departmental observation, a contractor TMS technician shall collect and split samples.

⁽³⁾ A department HTCP-certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Technician I, Production Tester (HMA-IPT) technician will ensure that all sampling is performed correctly and conduct testing, analyze test results, and report resulting data.

⁽⁴⁾ The department will make an organizational chart available to the contractor before mixture production begins. The organizational chart will include names, telephone numbers, and current certifications of all QV testing personnel. The department will update the chart with appropriate changes, as they become effective.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements

⁽¹⁾ HTCP-certified department personnel will obtain QV random samples by directly supervising HTCPcertified contractor personnel sampling from trucks at the plant. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield three splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QV samples shall furnish the following: QC, QV, and Retained. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the samples intended for QV testing (i.e., QV portion from each sample) and the Retained portions. The department will take possession of retained samples accumulated to date each day QV samples are collected. The department will retain samples until surpassing the analysis window of up to 5 lots, as defined in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7(2) of this special provision. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A.

⁽²⁾ The department will verify product quality using the test methods specified here in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4(3). The department will identify test methods before construction starts and use only those methods during production of that material unless the engineer and contractor mutually agree otherwise.

⁽³⁾ The department will perform all testing conforming to the following standards:

- Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to AASHTO T 166 as modified in CMM 836.6.5.
- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to AASHTO T 209 as modified in CMM 836.6.6.
- Air voids (Va) by calculation according to AASHTO T 269.

- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to AASHTO R 35.
- Asphalt Content (AC) in percent determined by ignition oven method according to AASHTO T308 as modified in CMM 836.6.3.6 and conforming to CMM 836.6.3.7, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B, or automated extraction according to ASTM D8159 as modified in CMM 836.6.3.1.

⁽⁴⁾ The department will randomly test each design mixture at the minimum frequency of one test for each lot.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7 Dispute Resolution with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.7 Data Analysis for Volumetrics

⁽¹⁾ Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon QC and QV test results. Statistical analysis will be conducted on Gmm and Gmb test results for calculation of Va. If either Gmm or Gmb analysis results in non-comparable data as described in 460.2.8.3.1.7(2), subsequent testing will be performed for both parameters as detailed in the following paragraph.

⁽²⁾ The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. Additional comparisons incorporating the first 3 lots of data will be performed following completion of the 4th and 5th lots (i.e., lots 1-3, 1-4, and 1-5). A rolling window of 5 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-6, then lots 3-7, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025. If the F- and t-tests report comparable data, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used to calculate the Va used in PWL and pay adjustment calculations. If the F- and t-tests result in non-comparable data, proceed to the *dispute resolution* steps found below. Note: if both QC and QV Va PWL result in a pay adjustment of 102% or greater, dispute resolution testing will not be conducted. Dispute resolution via further investigation is as follows:

^[1] The Retained portion of the split from the lot in the analysis window with a QV test result furthest from the QV mean (not necessarily the sublot identifying that variances or means do not compare) will be referee tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. All previous lots within the analysis window are subject to referee testing and regional lab testing as deemed necessary. Referee test results will replace the QV data of the sublot(s).

^[2] Statistical analysis will be conducted with referee test results replacing QV results.

- i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, no further testing is required for the lot and QC data will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations.
- ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable variances or means, the Retained portion of the random QC sample will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the department's regional lab for the remaining 4 sublots of the lot which the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable datasets. The department's regional lab and the referee test results will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations. Upon the second instance of non-comparable variance or means and for every instance thereafter, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional testing of the remaining 4 sublots at \$2,000/lot under the HMA Regional Lab Testing administrative item.

^[3] The contractor may choose to dispute the regional test results on a lot basis within 7 days after receiving the results from the region. In this event, the retained portion of each sublot will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. The referee Gmm and Gmb test results will supersede the regional lab results for the disputed lot.

- i. If referee testing results in an increased calculated pay factor, the department will pay for the cost of the additional referee testing.
- ii. If referee testing of a disputed lot results in an equal or lower calculated pay factor, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional referee testing at \$2,000/lot under the Referee Testing administrative item.

⁽³⁾ The department will notify the contractor of the referee test results within 3 working days after receipt of the samples by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory. The intent is to provide referee test results within 7 calendar days from completion of the lot.

⁽⁴⁾ The department will determine mixture conformance and acceptability by analyzing referee test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to the standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.

⁽⁵⁾ Unacceptable material (i.e., resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or individual QC or QV test results not meeting the Acceptance Requirements of 460.2.8.2.1.7 as modified herein) will be referee tested by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel and those test results used for analysis. Such material may be subject to remove and replace, at the discretion of the engineer. If the engineer allows the material to remain in place, it will be paid at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. Replacement or pay adjustment will be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot. Any remove and replace shall be performed at no additional cost to the department. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test will be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet for data analysis and pay determination.] The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.8 Corrective Action.

C Construction

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination with the following:

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

⁽¹⁾ The engineer will determine the target maximum density using department procedures described in CMM 815. The engineer will determine density as soon as practicable after compaction and before placement of subsequent layers or before opening to traffic.

⁽²⁾ Do not re-roll compacted mixtures with deficient density test results. Do not operate continuously below the specified minimum density. Stop production, identify the source of the problem, and make corrections to produce work meeting the specification requirements.

⁽³⁾ A lot is defined as 7500 lane feet with sublots of 1500 lane feet (excluding shoulder, even if paved integrally) and placed within a single layer for each location and target maximum density category indicated in table 460-3. The contractor is required to complete three tests randomly per sublot and the department will randomly conduct one QV test per sublot. A partial quantity less than 750 lane feet will be included with the previous sublot. Partial lots with less than three sublots will be included in the previous lot for data analysis/acceptance and pay, by the engineer. If density lots/sublots are determined prior to construction of the test strip, any random locations within the test strip shall be omitted. Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and recorded according to CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3 or else be subject to disincentives according to 460.5.2.2(5) herein. No density incentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. Offsets will not be applied to nuclear density gauge readings for shoulders or appurtenances. Unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

⁽⁴⁾ The three QC locations per sublot represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane. The QC density testing procedures are detailed in Appendix A.

⁽⁵⁾ QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV density testing procedures will be the same as the QC procedure at each testing location and are also detailed in Appendix A.

⁽⁶⁾ An HTCP-certified nuclear density technician (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) shall identify random locations and perform the testing for both the contractor and department. The responsible certified technician shall ensure that sample location and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and provide density results to the contractor weekly, or at the completion of each lot.

⁽⁷⁾ For any additional tests outside the random number testing conducted for density, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. However, additional QV testing must meet the tolerances for material conformance as specified in the standard specification and this special provision. If additional density data identifies unacceptable material, proceed as specified in CMM 815.11.

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.3 Waiving Density Testing with Acceptance of Density Data with the following:

460.3.3.3 Analysis of Density Data

⁽¹⁾ Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon test results from both the contractor (QC) and the department (QV).

⁽²⁾ As random density locations are paved, the data will be recorded in the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet for analysis in chronological order. The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. A rolling window of 3 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-4, then lots 3-5, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025.

- i. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used for PWL and pay adjustment calculations.
- ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances or means do not compare, the QV data will be used for subsequent calculations.

⁽³⁾ The department will determine mixture density conformance and acceptability by analyzing test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.

⁽⁴⁾ Density resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or not meeting the requirements of 460.3.3.1 (any individual density test result falling more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density as specified in standard spec Table 460-3) is unacceptable and may be subject to remove and replace at no additional cost to the department, at the discretion of the engineer.

- i. Replacement may be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot.
- ii. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test must be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the data analysis and pay determination.]
- iii. If the engineer allows such material to remain in place, it will be paid for at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. The extent of unacceptable material will be addressed as specified in CMM 815.11. The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

D Measurement

The department will measure the HMA Pavement bid items acceptably completed by the ton, as specified in standard spec 450.4 and as follows in standard spec 460.5, as modified in this special provision.

E Payment

Replace standard spec 460.5.2 HMA Pavement with the following:

460.5.2 HMA Pavement

460.5.2.1 General

⁽¹⁾ Payment for HMA Pavement Type LT, MT, and HT mixes is full compensation for providing HMA mixture designs; for preparing foundation; for furnishing, preparing, hauling, mixing, placing, and compacting mixture; for HMA PWL QMP testing and aggregate source testing; for warm mix asphalt additives or processes; for stabilizer, hydrated lime and liquid antistripping agent, if required; and for all materials including asphaltic materials.

⁽²⁾ If provided for in the plan quantities, the department will pay for a leveling layer, placed to correct irregularities in an existing paved surface before overlaying, under the pertinent paving bid item. Absent a plan quantity, the department will pay for a leveling layer as extra work.

460.5.2.2 Calculation of Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement using PWL

⁽¹⁾ Pay adjustments will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet, including data, will be made available to the contractor by the department as soon as practicable upon completion of each lot. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on this price multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

PAY FACTOR FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS	PAYMENT FACTOR, PF
(PWL)	(percent of \$65/ton)
<u>≥</u> 90 to 100	PF = ((PWL – 90) * 0.4) + 100
<u>≥</u> 50 to < 90	(PWL * 0.5) + 55
<50	50%[1]

where PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted PF_{air voids} & PF_{density}.

^[1] Any material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

⁽²⁾ For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density shall be according to standard spec Table 460-3.

⁽³⁾ Pay adjustment will be determined on a lot basis and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

Pay Adjustment = (PF-100)/100 x (WP) x (tonnage) x (\$65/ton)*

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

<u>Parameter</u>	<u>WP</u>
Air Voids	0.5
Density	0.5

⁽⁴⁾ Individual Pay Factors for each air voids ($PF_{air voids}$) and density ($PF_{density}$) will be determined. $PF_{air voids}$ will be multiplied by the total tonnage placed (i.e., from truck tickets), and $PF_{density}$ will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., travel lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

⁽⁵⁾ Pay adjustment for shoulders and appurtenances accepted by department testing will be determined on a lot basis. If the lot density is less than the specified minimum in table 460-3, the department will reduce pay based on the contract unit price for the HMA pavement bid item for that lot as follows:

DISINCENTIVE PAY REDUCTION FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY

PERCENT LOT DENSITY	PAYMENT FACTOR
BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	(percent of contract price)
From 0.5 to 1.0 inclusive	98
From 1.1 to 1.5 inclusive	95
From 1.6 to 2.0 inclusive	91
From 2.1 to 2.5 inclusive	85
From 2.6 to 3.0 inclusive	70
More than 3.0 ^[1]	

^[1] Remove and replace the lot with a mixture at the specified density. When acceptably replaced, the department will pay for the replaced work at the contract unit price. Alternatively, the engineer may allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent payment factor.

⁽⁶⁾ The department will pay incentive for air voids and density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2005	Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	DOL
460.2010	Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	DOL

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

The department will administer a disincentive under the Disincentive HMA Binder Content administrative item for each individual QV test result indicating asphalt binder content below the Action Limit in 460.2.8.2.1.7 presented herein. The department will adjust pay per sublot of mix at 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

AC Binder Relative to JMF	<u>Pay Adjustment / Sublot</u>	
-0.4% to -0.5%	75%[1]	
More than -0.5%	50%[1] [2]	

^[1] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.3% below the JMF AC content will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction according to automated extraction according to ASTM D8159 as modified in CMM 836.6.3.1.

^[2] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.5% below the JMF AC content shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

Note: PWL value determination is further detailed in the PWL Production Spreadsheet Instructions located in the *Project Info & Instructions* tab of the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet.

stp-460-050 (20230113)

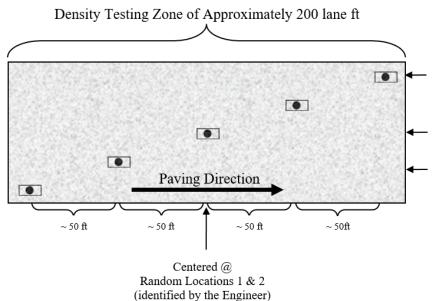
18. Appendix A.

Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects.

The following procedures are included with the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) Quality Management Program (QMP) special provision:

- WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation Test Strip
- WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production
- Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP
- Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation – Test Strip



Outermost locations to be kept approx. 1.5 ft from edge of lane to the center of gauge

Middle locations @ approx. Center of Lane (i.e., 6 feet to center of gauge for 12-ft lane)

Intermediate locations to be at approx. 3.5 & 8.5 feet from edge of lane to center of gauge

Figure 1: Nuclear/Core Correlation Location Layout

The engineer will identify two zones in which gauge/core correlation is to be performed. These two zones will be randomly selected within each *half* of the test strip length. (Note: Density zones shall not overlap and must have a minimum of 100 feet between the two zones; therefore, random numbers may be shifted (evenly) in order to meet these criteria.) Each zone shall consist of five locations across the mat as identified in Figure 1. The following shall be determined at each of the five locations within both zones:

- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QC team*
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QV team*
- pavement core sample

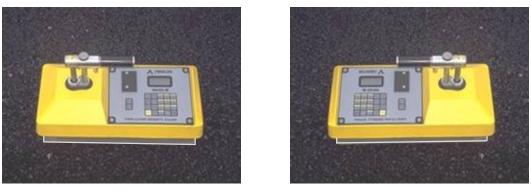
*If the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading is conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge.

The zones are supposed to be undisclosed to the contractor/roller operators. The engineer will not lay out density/core test sites until rolling is completed and the cold/finish roller is beyond the entirety of the zone. Sites are staggered across the 12-foot travel lane, and do not include shoulders. The outermost locations should be 1.5-feet from the center of the gauge to the edge of lane. [NOTE: This staggered layout is only applicable to the test strip. All mainline density locations after test strip should have a longitudinal- as well as transverse-random number to determine location as detailed in the *WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production* section of this document.]

Individual locations are represented by the symbol as seen in Figure 1 above. The symbol is two-part, comprised of the nuclear test locations and the location for coring the pavement, as distinguished here:



The nuclear site is the same for QC and QV readings for the test strip, i.e., the QC and QV teams are to take nuclear density gauge readings in the same footprint. Each of the QC and QV teams are to take a minimum of two one-minute readings per nuclear site, with the gauge rotated 180 degrees between readings, as seen here:



(a) (b)

Figure 2: Nuclear gauge orientation for (a) 1st one-minute reading and (b) 2nd one-minute reading

Photos should be taken of each of the 10 core/gauge locations of the test strip. This should include gauge readings (pcf) and a labelled core within the gauge footprint. If a third reading is needed, all three readings should be recorded and documented. Only raw readings in pcf should be written on the pavement during the test strip, with a corresponding gauge ID/SN (generalized as QC-1 through QV-2 in the following Figure) in the following format:



Figure 3: Layout of raw gauge readings as recorded on pavement

Each core will then be taken from the center of the gauge footprint and will be used to correlate each gauge with laboratory-measured bulk specific gravities of the pavement cores. One core in good condition must be obtained from each of the 10 locations. If a core is damaged at the time of extracting from the pavement, a replacement core should be taken immediately adjacent to the damaged core, i.e., from the same footprint. If a core is damaged during transport, it should be recorded as damaged and excluded from the correlation. Coring after traffic is on the pavement should be avoided. The contractor is responsible for coring of the pavement. Coring and filling of core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Core density testing will be conducted by the contractor and witnessed by department personnel. The contractor is responsible for drying the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following initial testing and is responsible for any verification testing.

Each core 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inches) in diameter will be taken at locations as identified in Figure 1. Each random core will be full thickness of the layer being placed. The contractor is responsible for thoroughly drying cores obtained from the mat according to AASHTO R79 as modified by CMM 836.6.10 prior to using specimens for in-place density determination according to AASHTO T 166 as modified by CMM 836.6.5.

Cores must be taken before the pavement is open to traffic. Cores are cut under department/project staff observation. Relabel each core immediately after extruding or ensure that labels applied to pavement prior to cutting remain legible. The layer interface should also be marked immediately following extrusion. Cores should be cut at this interface, using a wet saw, to allow for density measurement of only the most recently placed layer. Cores should be protected from excessive temperatures such as direct sunlight. Also, there should be department custody (both in transport and storage) for the cores until they are tested, whether that be immediately after the test strip or subsequent day if agreed upon between department and contractor. Use of concrete cylinder molds works well to transport cores. Cores should be placed upside down (flat surface to bottom of cylinder mold) in the molds, one core per mold, cylinder molds stored upright, and ideally transported in a cooler. Avoid any stacking of pavement cores.

Fill all core holes with non-shrink rapid-hardening grout, mortar, or concrete, or with HMA. When using grout, mortar, or concrete, remove all water from the core holes prior to filling. Mix the mortar or concrete in a separate container prior to placement in the hole. If HMA is used, fill all core holes with hot-mix matching the same day's production mix type at same day compaction temperature +/- 20 F. The core holes shall be dry and coated with tack before filling, filled with a top layer no thicker than 2.25 inches, lower layers not to exceed 4 inches, and compacted with a Marshall hammer or similar tamping device using approximately 50 blows per layer. The finished surface shall be flush with the pavement surface. Any deviation in the surface of the filled core holes greater than 1/4 inch at the time of final inspection will require removal of the fill material to the depth of the layer thickness and replacement.

WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production

For nuclear density testing of the pavement beyond the test strip, QC tests will be completed at three locations per sublot, with a sublot defined as 1500 lane feet. The three locations will represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane (i.e., the lane width will be divided into thirds as shown by the dashed longitudinal lines in Figure 3 and random numbers will be used to identify the specific transverse location within each third according to CMM 815). Longitudinal locations within each sublot shall be determined with 3 independent random numbers. The PWL Density measurements do not include the shoulder and other appurtenances. Such areas are tested by the department and are not eligible for density incentive but are subject to disincentive according to 460.5.2.2(5) of the HMA PWL QMP article. Each location will be measured with two one-minute gauge readings oriented 180 degrees from one another, in the same footprint as detailed in Figure 2 above. Each location requires a minimum of two readings per gauge. The density gauge orientation for the first test will be with the source rod towards the direction of paving. QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV is also comprised of two one-minute readings oriented 180 degrees from one another. For both QC and QV test locations, if the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading is conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge. The sublot density testing layout is depicted in Figure 4, with QC test locations shown as solid lines and QV as dashed.

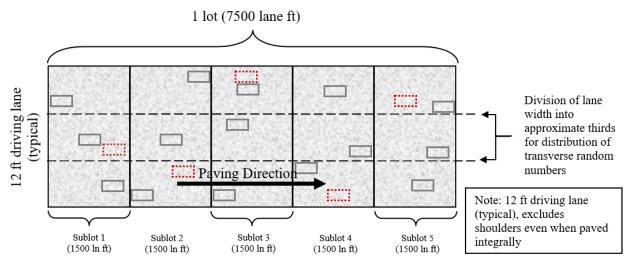


Figure 4: Locations of main lane HMA density testing (QC=solid lines, QV=dashed)

Raw nuclear density data must be shared by both parties at the end of each shift. Paving may be delayed if the raw data is not shared in a timely manner. QC and QV nuclear density gauge readings will be statistically analyzed according to Section 460.3.3.3 of the HMA PWL QMP article. (Note: For density data, if F- and t-tests compare, QC data will be used for the subsequent calculations of PWL value and pay determination. However, if an F- or t-test does not compare, the QV data will be used in subsequent calculations.)

Investigative cores will be allowed on the approaching side of traffic outside of the footprint locations. Results must be shared with the department.

The QV density technician is expected to be onsite within 1 hour of the start of paving operations and should remain on-site until all paving is completed. Perform footprint testing as soon as both the QC and QV nuclear density technician are onsite and a minimum of once per day to ensure the gauges are not drifting apart during a project. Footprint testing compares the density readings of two gauges at the same testing location and can be done at any randomly selected location on the project. Both teams are encouraged to conduct footprint testing as often as they feel necessary. Footprint testing does not need to be performed at the same time. At project start-up, the QV should footprint the first 10 QC locations. Individual density tests less than 0.5% above the lower limit should be communicated to the other party and be footprint tested. Each gauge conducts 2 to 3 1-minute tests according to CMM 815 and the final results from each gauge are compared for the location. If the difference between the QC and QV gauges exceeds 1.0 pcf (0.7 percent) for an average of 10 locations, investigate the cause, check gauge moisture and density standards and perform additional footprint testing. If the cause of the difference between gauge readings cannot be identified, the regional HMA Coordinator will consult the RSO, the regional PWL representative and the BTS HMA unit to determine necessary actions. If it is agreed that there is a gauge comparison issue, perform one of the following 2 options:

New Gauge Combination

- All 4 gauges used on the test strip must footprint 10 locations on the pavement. Pavement placed on a previous day may be used.
- The results of the footprint testing will be analyzed to see if a better combination of acceptable gauges is available.
- If a better combination is found, those gauges should be used moving forward.
- If a better combination cannot be found, a new gauge correlation must be performed. (see below)

Re-correlation of Gauges

- Follow all test strip procedures regarding correlating gauges except the following:
 - The 10 locations can be QC or QV random locations.
 - The locations used may have been paved on a previous day.
- Retesting with gauges must be done immediately prior to coring.
- New gauge offsets will be used for that day's paving and subsequent paving days. New gauge offsets will not be used to recalculate density results from prior days.

Density Dispute Resolution Procedure

Density results may be disputed by the contractor on a lot by lot basis if one of the following criteria is met:

- The lot average for either QC or QV is below the lower specification limit.
- The lot average for QC is different from the lot average for QV by more than 0.5%.

In lieu of using density gauges for acceptance of the lot, the lot will be cored in the QV locations. The results of the cores from the entire lot will be entered in the spreadsheet and used for payment. If the pay factor increases, the contractor will only receive the additional difference in payment for the disputed lot. If the pay factor does not increase, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the costs of additional testing.

Notify the engineer in writing before dispute resolution coring. Immediately prior to coring, QC and QV will test the locations with nuclear density gauges.

Under the direct observation of the engineer, cut 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inch) diameter cores. Cores will be cut by the next day after completion of the lot, except if the next day is not a working day, then they shall be cut within 48 hours of placement. Prepare cores and determine density according to AASHTO T166 as modified in CMM 836.6.5. Dry cores after testing. Fill core holes according to Appendix A and obtain engineer approval before opening to traffic. The department will maintain custody of cores throughout the entire sampling and testing process. The department will label cores, transport cores to testing facilities, witness testing, store dried cores, and provide subsequent verification testing. If a core is damaged at the time of coring, immediately take a replacement core 1 foot ahead of the existing testing

location in the direction of traffic at the same offset as the damaged core. If a core is damaged during transport, record it as damaged and notify the engineer immediately.

Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP Production

Sampling of HMA mix for QC, QV and Retained samples shall conform to CMM 836 except as modified here.

Delete CMM 836.4 Sampling Hot Mix Asphalt and replace with the following to update sublot tonnages:

Sampling Hot Mix Asphalt

At the beginning of the contract, the contractor determines the anticipated tonnage to be produced. The frequency of sampling is 1 per 750 tons (sublot) for QC and Retained Samples and 1 per 3750 tons (lot or 5 sublots) for QV as defined by the HMA PWL QMP article. A test sample is obtained randomly from each sublot. Each random sample shall be collected at the plant according to CMM 836.4.1 and 836.4.2. The contractor must submit the random numbers for all mix sampling to the department before production begins.

Example 1

Expected production for a contract is 12,400 tons. The number of required samples is determined based on this expected production (per HMA PWL QMP SPV) and is determined by the random sample calculation.

Sample 1 – from 50 to 750 tons Sample 2 – from 751 to 1500 tons Sample 3 – from 1501 to 2250 tons Sample 4 – from 2251 to 3000 tons Sample X – Sample 16 – from 11,251 to 12,000 tons Sample 17 – from 12,001 to 12,400 tons

The approximate location of each sample within the prescribed sublots is determined by selecting random numbers using ASTM Method D-3665 or by using a calculator or computerized spreadsheet that has a random number generator. The random numbers selected are used in determining when a sample is to be taken and will be multiplied by the sublot tonnage. This number will then be added to the final tonnage of the previous sublot to yield the approximate cumulative tonnage of when each sample is to be taken.

To allow for plant start-up variability, the procedure calls for the first random sample to be taken at 50 tons or greater per production day (not intended to be taken in the first two truckloads). Random samples calculated for 0-50 ton should be taken in the next truck (51-75 ton).

This procedure is to be used for any number of samples per contract.

If the production is less than the final randomly generated sample tonnage, then the random sample is to be collected from the remaining portion of that sublot of production. If the randomly generated sample is calculated to be within the first 0-50 tons of the subsequent day of production, it should be taken in the next truck. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of the contract. Lot size will consist of 3750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot, by the engineer.

It is intended that the plant operator not be advised ahead of time when samples are to be taken.

If belt samples are used during troubleshooting, the blended aggregate will be obtained when the mixture production tonnage reaches approximately the sample tonnage. For plants with storage silos, this could be up to 60 minutes in advance of the mixture sample that's taken when the required tonnage is shipped from the plant.

QC, QV, and retained samples shall be collected for all test strip and production mixture testing using a three-part splitting procedure according to CMM 836.5.2.

Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

A mill and overlay project in being constructed with a 12-foot travel lane and an integrally paved 3-foot shoulder. The layer thickness is 2 inches for the full width of paving. Calculate the tonnage in each sublot eligible for density incentive or disincentive.

Solution:

$$\frac{1500 ft \times 12 ft}{9 sf/sy} \times \frac{2 in \times 112 lb/sy/in}{2000 lb/ton} = 224 tons$$

stp-460-055 (20230113)

19. HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density.

A Description

This special provision incorporates longitudinal joint density requirements into the contract and describes the data collection, acceptance, and procedure used for determination of pay adjustments for HMA pavement longitudinal joint density. Pay adjustments will be made on a linear foot basis, as applicable per pavement layer and paving lane. Applicable longitudinal joints are defined as those between any two or more traffic lanes including full-width passing lanes, turn lanes, or auxiliary lanes more than 1,500 lane feet, and those lanes must also include the 460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement bid item. This excludes any joint with one side defined as a shoulder and ramp lanes of any length. If echelon paving is required in the contract, the longitudinal joint density specification shall not apply for those joints. Longitudinal joints placed during a test strip will be tested for information only to help ensure the roller pattern will provide adequate longitudinal joint density during production. Longitudinal joint density test results collected during a test strip are not eligible for pay adjustment.

Pay is determined according to standard spec 460, HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP special provisions, and as modified within.

B Materials

Compact all applicable HMA longitudinal joints to the appropriate density based on the layer, confinement, and mixture type shown in Table B-1.

	Percent of Target Maximum Density			
Layer	Unconfined Confined		ined	
	LT and MT	НТ	LT and MT	HT
Lower (on crushed/recycled base)	88	89	89.5	90.5
Lower (on Concrete/HMA)	90 ^[1]	90 ^[1]	91.5 ^[1]	91.5 ^[1]
Upper	90	90	91.5	91.5

TABLE B-1 MINIMUM REQUIRED LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

^[1] Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a 1.25-inch-thick No. 5 mix lower layer constructed on a paved or milled surface.

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 460.3.3.2:

- ⁽⁵⁾ Establish companion density locations at each applicable joint. Each companion location shares longitudinal stationing with a QC or QV density location within each sublot and is located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area. Sublot and lot numbering remains the same as mainline densities, however, in addition to conventional naming, joint identification must clearly indicate "M" for inside/median side of lane or "O" for outside shoulder side of lane, as well as "U" for an unconfined joint or "C" for a confined joint (e.g., XXXXX-MC or XXXXX-OU).
- ⁽⁶⁾ Each joint will be measured, reported, and accepted under methods, testing times, and procedures consistent with the program employed for mainline density, i.e., PWL.
- (7) For single nuclear density test results greater than 3.0% below specified minimums per Table B-1 herein, perform the following:
 - a) Testing at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the unacceptable site
 - b) Continued 50-foot incremental testing until test values indicate higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.
 - c) Materials within the incremental testing indicating lower than -3.0 percent from target joint density are defined as unacceptable and will be handled with remedial action as defined in the payment section of this document.
 - d) The remaining sublot average (exclusive of unacceptable material) will be determined by the first forward and backward 50-foot incremental tests that reach the criteria of higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.

Note: If the 50-foot testing extends into a previously accepted sublot, remedial action is required up to and inclusive of such material; however, the results of remedial action must not be used to recalculate the previously accepted sublot density. When this occurs, the lane feet of any unacceptable material will be deducted from the sublot in which it is located, and the previously accepted sublot density will be used to calculate pay for the remainder of the sublot.

- (8) Joint density measurements will be kept separate from all other density measurements and entered as an individual data set into Atwood Systems.
- (9) Placement and removal of excess material outside of the final joint edge, to increase joint density at the longitudinal joint nuclear testing location, will be done at the contractor's discretion and cost. This excess material and related labor will be considered waste and will not be paid for by the department. Joints with excess material placed outside of the final joint edge to increase joint density or where a notched wedge is used will be considered unconfined joints.
- (10) When not required by the contract, echelon paving may be performed at the contractor's discretion to increase longitudinal joint density and still remain eligible to earn incentive. The additional costs incurred related to echelon paving will not be paid for by the department. If lanes are paved in echelon, the contractor may choose to use a longitudinal vertical joint or notched wedge longitudinal joint as described in <u>SDD 13c19</u>. Lanes paved in echelon shall be considered confined on both sides of the joint regardless of the selected joint design. The joint between echelon paved lanes shall be placed at the centerline or along lane lines.
- (11) When performing inlay paving below the elevation of the adjacent lane, the longitudinal joint along the adjacent lane to be paved shall be considered unconfined.

D Measurement

(1) The department will measure each side of applicable longitudinal joints, as defined in Section A of this special provision, by the linear foot of pavement, acceptably placed. Measurement will be conducted independently for the inside or median side and for the outside or shoulder side of paving lanes with two applicable longitudinal joints. Each paving layer will be measured independently at the time the mat is placed.

E Payment

Add the following as 460.5.2.4 Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density:

⁽¹⁾ The department will administer longitudinal joint density adjustments under the Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints and Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints items. The department will adjust pay based on density relative to the specified targets in Section B of this special provision, and linear foot of the HMA Pavement bid item for that sublot as follows:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

PERCENT SUBLOT DENSITY	PAY ADJUSTMENT PER LINEAR FOOT
ABOVE/BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM	
Equal to or greater than +1.0 confined, +2.0 unconfined	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9 confined, 0.0 to +1.9 unconfined	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	\$(0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	\$(0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	\$(0.80)
More than -3.0	REMEDIAL ACTION ^[1]

^[1] Remedial action must be approved by the engineer and agreed upon at the time of the pre-pave meeting and may include partial sublots as determined and defined in 460.3.3.2(7) of this document. If unacceptable material is removed and replaced per guidance by the engineer, the removal and replacement will be for the full lane width of the side of which the joint was constructed with unacceptable material.

- ⁽²⁾ The department will not assess joint density disincentives for pavement placed in cold weather because of a department-caused delay as specified in <u>standard spec 450.5.2(3)</u>.
- (3) The department will not pay incentive on the longitudinal joint density if the traffic lane is in disincentive A disincentive may be applied for each mainline lane and all joint densities if both qualify for a pay reduction.
- (4) Inlay paving operations will limit payment for additional material to 2 inches wider than the final paving lane width at the centerline.

The department will pay incentive for longitudinal joint density under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
460.2007	Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	DOL

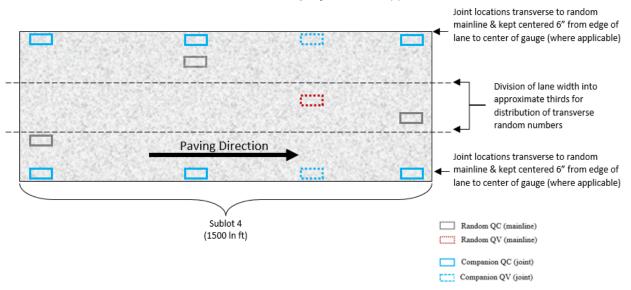
The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints administrative item.

Appendix

WisDOT Longitudinal Joint - Nuclear Gauge Density Layout

Each QC and QV density location must have a companion density location at any applicable joint. This companion location must share longitudinal stationing with each QC or QV density location and be located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the edge of the paving area.

For HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP projects, this appears as follows:



Further Explanation of PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY Table

		Confined			
	Lower Laye	r (On Base)	Upper	Layer	
	LT/MT	НТ	LT/MT	НТ	Pay Adjust
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Confined Target (mainline - 1.5)	89.5	90.5	91.5	91.5	-
Equal to or greater than +1.0	<u>></u> 90.5	<u>></u> 91.5	<u>></u> 92.5	<u>></u> 92.5	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +0.9	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	92.4 - 91.5	92.4 - 91.5	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	91.4 - 90.5	91.4 - 90.5	(\$0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	90.4 - 89.5	90.4 - 89.5	(\$0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	87.4 - 86.5	88.4 - 87.5	89.4 - 88.5	89.4 - 88.5	(\$0.80)
More than -3.0	< 86.5	< 87.5	< 88.5	< 88.5	REMEDIAL ACTION

	Unconfined				
	Lower Layer (On Base)		Upper	Layer	
	LT/MT	НТ	LT/MT	НТ	Pay Adjust
Mainline Target (SS 460-3)	91.0	92.0	93.0	93.0	-
Unconfined Target (Mainline -3.0)	88.0	89.0	90.0	90.0	-
Equal to or greater than +2.0	<u>></u> 90.0	<u>></u> 91.0	<u>></u> 92.0	<u>></u> 92.0	\$0.20
From 0.0 to +1.9	89.9 - 88.0	90.9 - 89.0	91.9 - 90.0	91.9 - 90.0	\$0
From -0.1 to -1.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	89.9 - 89.0	89.9 - 89.0	(\$0.20)
From -1.1 to -2.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	88.9 - 88.0	88.9 - 88.0	(\$0.40)
From -2.1 to -3.0	85.9 - 85.0	86.9 - 86.0	87.9 - 87.0	87.9 - 87.0	(\$0.80)
More than -3.0	< 85.0	< 86.0	< 87.0	< 87.0	REMEDIAL ACTION

20. Asphaltic Surface.

Replace standard spec 465.2 (1) with the following:

Under the Asphaltic Surface bid item submit a mix design. Furnish asphaltic mixture meeting the requirements specified for HMA Pavement Type HMA MT under standard spec 460.2 in locations where the material is designated to be placed within the limits of a roadway; except the engineer will not require the contractor to conform to the quality management program specified under standard spec 460.2.8.

21. Seeding.

Replace standard spec 630.3.3(1) with the following:

Sow seeds by method A only.

ncr-630-005 (20141015)

22. Field Facilities.

Add the following to standard spec 642.3:

Set up the field office within seven days after notice from the engineer.

Provide a parking area large enough to park a minimum of six cars directly adjacent to the field office. The parking area and approach to the field office shall be well drained and consist of a crushed base aggregate or an existing paved surface and shall be ready for use within seven days after the field office is set up.

ncr-642-005 (20160406)

23. Traffic Control.

Add the following to standard spec 643.3.1:

Lighting devices shall be covered or rendered inoperative when not in use.

Provide the engineer and law enforcement (police, sheriff and State Patrol) the current telephone number(s) that the contractor, or their representative, can be contacted at, at all times, in the event a safety hazard develops. Repair, replace, or restore the damaged or disturbed traffic control devices within two hours from the time notified or made aware of the damaged or disturbed traffic control devices.

Promptly replace all state-owned signs that are removed by the contractor due to interference with construction operations. At no time may stop signs be removed or moved without flag persons present.

Add the following to standard spec 104.6.1.2.2:

Provide a dedicated person or alternate method to guide traffic travelling alongside or near moving operations such as milling, paving, and shouldering.

ncr-643-005 (20190703)

24. Temporary Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch.

Mark center line dashes as directed for permanent markings according to the appropriate standard detail drawing using 12.5-foot dash lengths in passing zones.

25. Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf, Item SPV.0030.01.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing and incorporating fertilizing material in the soil on areas of seeding or sod.

B Materials

Use fertilizers that are standard, commercial, packaged, or bulk products, in granular or liquid form conforming to Wisconsin Statutes and the Wisconsin Administrative Code Chapter ATCP 40. Ensure that each container of packaged fertilizer is plainly marked with the analysis of the contents showing minimum percentages of total nitrogen, available phosphoric acid, and soluble potash. If furnishing the fertilizer in bulk, include an invoice with each shipment indicating the minimum percentages of total nitrogen, available potash in the contents.

The total of nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash shall equal at least 41 percent. At least 80% of the nitrogen shall be water insoluble.

If using fertilizer with a nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash total greater than 41 percent, maintain a ratio of 4-1-2 (N-P-K) and apply at a rate that provides the equivalent amount of nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash that is provided by a fertilizer with a 41 percent total.

Provide a slow release type fertilizer with a 14-week residual effect after activation into the soil conforming to the following minimum requirements:

Nitrogen,	not less than 22%
Phosphoric Acid,	not less than 5%
Potash,	not less than 10%

C Construction

Uniformly apply the fertilizer to the seeding areas, and incorporate it into the soil by light discing or harrowing. If applying granular fertilizer, ensure it is well pulverized and free from lumps.

If incorporating fertilizer into topsoiled areas, apply it just before, and in conjunction with, final discing or harrowing, or if hand manipulating the topsoil, apply it just before final raking and leveling.

If fertilizing areas to receive sod, spread the fertilizer at the rate specified below uniformly over the soil before placing sod, and then work the fertilizer into the soil while preparing the earth bed as specified in standard spec 631.3.1.

Apply fertilizer containing 41 percent total of nitrogen, phosphoric acid, and potash at 7 pounds per 1000 square feet of area, unless the contract specifies otherwise. For Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf that contains a different percentage of components, determine the application rate by multiplying the specified rate by a dimensionless factor determined as follows:

Conversion Factor = 41 / New Percentage of Components

D Measurement

The department will measure Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf by the hundred pounds (CWT), acceptably completed, and it will be measured based on an application rate of 7 pounds per 1000 square feet. The department will not measure fertilizer used for the bid items under standard spec 632. The measured quantity equals the number of hundred-weight (CWT) of material determined by multiplying the actual number of CWT. of material incorporated by the ratio of the actual percentage of fertilizer components used to 41 percent for Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:			
ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	
SPV.0030.01	Fertilizer for Lawn Type Turf	CWT	

Payment is full compensation for providing, hauling, placing, and incorporating the fertilizer into the soil. ncr-629-005 (20141015)

26. Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments, Item SPV.0060.01.

A Description

This special provision describes researching and locating existing land parcel or boundary monuments located in permanent easements, temporary easements, or construction permit areas, which may be lost or disturbed by construction operations.

This provision does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility of standard spec 107.11.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Perform work by, or under the direction of, a professional land surveyor licensed in the State of Wisconsin.

Prior to construction, research, locate and document monuments located in permanent easements, temporary easements and construction permit areas. Establish coordinate ties to the monuments accurate to current minimum state survey standards.

Prepare a monument location map showing the type of monuments found and their coordinates. The transportation project plat (TPP) is acceptable as a base map for the monument location map. Provide a copy of the monument location map to the engineer and region right-of-way plat coordinator.

Verify and reset monument locations after construction is complete under the item titled Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monuments.

D Measurement

The department will measure Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments as each individual monument, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNIT

SPV.0060.01	Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments	EACH

Payment is full compensation for all research, field survey, locating, and data recording necessary to locate and establish coordinates for existing monuments within the construction limits prior to construction; furnishing a professional land surveyor; preparing, annotating and delivering the monument location map.

ncr-621-015 (20170404)

27. Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monuments, Item SPV.0060.02.

A Description

This special provision describes verifying the final location of, and replacing existing land parcel or boundary monuments, previously located under the item Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments, that are lost or disturbed by construction operations.

This provision does not relinquish the contractor's responsibility of standard spec 107.11.

B Materials

Provide minimum sized replacement monuments as follows:

- Locations outside of pavement areas:
 - 1-inch inside diameter by 24 inch long iron pipe
 - 3/4-inch diameter by 24 inch long rod or rebar
- Locations in asphalt pavement areas:
 - Survey spike
 - Mag nail
- Locations in concrete pavement areas:
 - Drilled hole
 - Chiseled mark

C Construction

Perform work by, or under the direction of, a professional land surveyor licensed in the State of Wisconsin.

After construction is completed, verify the location of all monuments previously located with the item Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments. Replace any monuments that were disturbed or destroyed to current minimum state survey standards.

Prepare a monument location map showing the type of monuments originally found, the type of replacement monuments used to replace the disturbed or destroyed monuments, and monument coordinates. The transportation project plat (TPP) is acceptable as a base map for the monument location map. Create the location map with a PDF editing tool such as Adobe or Bluebeam. The monument location map shall explicitly state that the replaced monuments are not being certified as actual land parcel or boundary monuments, only that evidence of monuments were found and replaced. Attach a cover letter to the location map that contains a brief synopsis of the work completed. The cover letter shall be signed, stamped, and dated by a professional land surveyor. Provide a copy of the monument location map and cover letter to the engineer, the county surveyor, and the region plat coordinator.

D Measurement

The department will measure Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monuments as each individual monument, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:			
ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT	
SPV.0060.02	Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monuments	EACH	

Payment is full compensation for all survey work necessary to verify the location of all monuments previously located under the item Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments; replacing monuments that were disturbed or destroyed from their original location; furnishing monuments or other necessary tools; furnishing a professional land surveyor; preparing, annotating and delivering the monument location map and cover letter.

ncr-621-020 (20170404)

28. Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.01; Temporary Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.02.

A Description

This special provision describes providing 6-inch pavement marking in accordance to standard spec 643 and as shown on the plans and hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Furnish materials in accordance with standard spec 646.2 Materials.

C Construction

Perform work in accordance with standard spec 643 and as shown in the plans.

D Measurement

The department will measure Temporary Marking Line (material) 6-Inch as each linear foot, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.01	Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch	LF
SPV.0090.02	Temporary Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch	LF

Payment for Temporary Marking Bid items under this section is full compensation for providing the marking; for maintaining, and for removing the marking. Placing and removing temporary markings applied under the 646 contractor option for same-day marking are incidental to the associated permanent pavement marking bid item.

29. Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.03; Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.04; Marking Line Epoxy 10-Inch, SPV.0090.05; Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch, Item SPV.0090.06; Marking Line Same Day Epoxy 6-Inch, Item SPV.0090.07.

A Description

This special provision describes providing 6-inch and 10-inch-wide pavement marking in according to standard spec 646 and as shown on the plans and hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Furnish materials in accordance with standard spec 646.2 Materials.

C Construction

Preform work in accordance with standard spec 646 and as shown in the plans.

D Measurement

The department will measure Marking Line (material) (width) as each linear foot, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0090.03	Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch	LF
SPV.0090.04	Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6-Inch	LF
SPV.0090.05	Marking Line Epoxy 10-Inch	LF
SPV.0090.06	Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch	LF
SPV.0090.07	Marking Line Same Day Epoxy 6-Inch	LF

Payment for Marking Bid items under this section is full compensation for providing the marking and resealing areas of clear protective surface treatments on structures.

30. Preparing Topsoil for Lawn Type Turf, Item SPV.0180.01.

A Description

This special provision describes preparing the bed of topsoil or salvaged topsoil, for seeding or placing sod.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Prepare and finish the subgrade so that rocks, concrete debris, or wood larger than three inches in diameter are not present within 1 foot of the finished surface of the topsoil.

Remove or break down all clods and lumps in the topsoil by using harrows or discs, screening, or other appropriate methods to provide a uniformly textured soil, in which 100 percent of the topsoil passes a one-inch sieve and at least 90 percent passes a No. 10 sieve.

Remove rocks, twigs, clods, and other foreign material that will not break down, and dress the entire surface to present a uniform appearance.

Shape the topsoil so that the horizontal or sloped surface between any two points 10 feet apart does not vary by more than 1 inch. Roll with a turf type roller to a uniform minimum compacted depth of 6 inches.

Shape and compact the topsoil adjacent to pavements, sidewalks, and curbs to 1 inch below the top of the abutting surface. Before seeding, correct locations that vary by more than $\frac{1}{4}$ -inch.

D Measurement

The department will measure Preparing Topsoil for Lawn Type Turf, acceptably completed in area by the square yard.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONSPV.0180.01Preparing Topsoil for Lawn Type TurfSY

Payment is full compensation for preparing the subgrade and topsoil bed for sod or seed as described above.

ncr-625-005 (20150430)

31. Removing Distressed Asphaltic Surface Milling, Item SPV.0180.02.

A Description

This special provision describes removing distressed asphaltic surface by milling at spot locations throughout the project as directed by the engineer.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Remove the existing distressed asphaltic pavement without incorporating or damaging underlying material or adjacent pavement that will remain in place. Provide a uniform milled surface that is reasonably plane, free of large scarification marks, and has the grade and transverse slope the plans show, or the engineer directs.

Use a self-propelled milling machine with depth, grade, and slope controls. Shroud the drum to prevent discharging loosened material into adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Provide an engineer-approved dust control system.

Unless using a continuous removal and pick-up operation, do not windrow or store material on the roadway. Clear the roadway of materials and equipment during non-working hours. Clean milled surfaces of material that may adversely affect bond before surfacing. Compact base course at full-depth patch locations. Apply tack coat to horizontal and vertical patch areas.

Install asphaltic surface patching in distressed pavement milling areas prior to opening to traffic. The engineer may waive one or more of these requirements if the highway is closed to traffic or if a particular operation does not endanger traffic.

The contractor may incorporate suitable material into the work or dispose of it outside the project limits.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Distressed Asphaltic Surface Milling by the square yard, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	UNIT
SPV.0180.02	Removing Distressed Asphaltic Surface Milling	SY

Payment is full compensation for removing the distressed asphaltic surface; cleaning the milled surface; compacting base course; preparing the foundation; and disposing of removed materials.

Tack Coat and Asphaltic Surface Patching will be paid for separately.

ncr-204-015 (20220820)

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor is not allowed to withhold retainage from payments due subcontractors.

Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

Acceptance and Final Payment

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work.

Additional Special Provision 6

ASP 6 - Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications:

416.2.4 Concrete Pavement Repair and Replacement

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

- (1) Except as specified in 416.3.6 for inlaid rumble strips, use grade C concrete as specified in 501.
- (2) The engineer will allow the contractor to open to construction and public traffic when the concrete reaches 2000 psi.

416.2.5 Special High Early Strength Concrete Pavement Repair and Replacement

416.2.5.1 Composition and Proportioning of Concrete

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

⁽¹⁾ For the concrete mixture, use a minimum of 846 pounds of cementitious material per cubic yard of concrete. The engineer will allow the contractor to open to construction and public traffic when the concrete reaches 2000 psi. The contractor may add one or a combination of admixtures to the ingredients or to the mixture in order to obtain the required minimum strength and required air content. Do not retemper the concrete mixture.

455.2.4.3 Emulsified Asphalts

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

(1) Furnish material conforming, before dilution, to the following:

Anionic emulsified asphalts ^[1]	AASHTO M140
Cationic emulsified asphalts ^[1]	AASHTO M208
Polymer-modified cationic emulsified asphalts	AASHTO M316

^[1] Non-tracking emulsified asphalts shall conform to TABLE 455-1 for the type and grade specified.

TABLE 455-1 Requirements for Non-Tracking Emulsified Asphalt			
PRODUCT	ANTT	CNTT	
Saybolt Viscosity at 77°F (25°C), (AASHTO T 59), SFS	15-100	15-100	
Paddle Viscosity at 77°F (25°C), (AASHTO T 382), cPs ^[1]	30-200	30-200	
Storage Stability Test, 24 hr, (AASHTO T 59), %	1 max	1 max	
Residue by Distillation, 500 \pm 10 °F (260 \pm 5 °C), or Residue by Evaporation, 325 \pm 5 °F (163 \pm 3 °C), (AASHTO T 59), %	50 min	50 min	
Sieve Test, No. 20 (850 µm), (AASHTO T 59), %	0.3	0.3	
Penetration at 77°F (25°C), 100 g, 5 sec, (AASHTO T 49), dmm	10-40	10-40	
Ash Content, (AASHTO T 111), %	1 max	1 max	
Solubility in Trichlorethylene Test, (AASHTO T $44)^{[2]}$	97.5% min	97.5% min	

^[1] Paddle Viscosity (AASHTO T 382) may be run in lieu of Saybolt Viscosity (AASHTO T 59).

^[2] The solubility in Trichlorethylene test (AASHTO T 44) may be run in lieu of Ash Content (AASHTO T 111).

455.2.5 Tack Coat

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

(1) Under the Tack Coat bid item, furnish type SS-1h, CSS-1h, QS-1h, CQS-1h, ANTT, CNTT, or modified emulsified asphalt with an "h" suffix, unless the contract specifies otherwise.

710.5.7.1 Optimized Aggregate Gradations

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

- (1) If the contractor's 4-point running average or a department test result of the volumetric percent retained exceeds the tarantula curve limits by less than or equal to 1.0 percent on a single sieve size, notify the other party immediately and do one of the following:
 - Perform corrective action documented in the QC plan or as the engineer approves. Continue with the following:
 - 1. Document and provide corrective action results to the engineer as soon as they are available.
 - 2. Department will conduct two tests within the next business day after corrective action is complete.

If blended aggregate gradations are within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test:

- Continue with concrete production.
- Include a break in the 4-point running average.
- For Class I Pavements: The department will discontinue reduced frequency testing and will test at a frequency of 1 test per placement day. Once 5 consecutive samples are passing at the 1 test per placement day frequency, the reduced frequency testing will be reapplied.
- If blended aggregate gradations are not within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test and the contract requires an optimized aggregate gradation mix under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design.
- If blended aggregate gradations are not within the tarantula curve limits by the second department test and the contract does not require an optimized aggregate gradation mix under 501.2.7.4.2.1(2), stop concrete production and submit either a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design or a combined aggregate gradation mix design.
- Submit a new optimized aggregate gradation mix design and perform the following:
 - 1. Restart control charts for the new mix design.
 - 2. Amend contractor Quality Control Plan

715.5 Payment

Replace the entire text with the following effective with the November 2022 letting:

715.5.1 General

(1) The department will pay incentive for concrete strength under the following bid items:

ITEM NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	<u>UNIT</u>
715.0502	Incentive Strength Concrete Structures	DOL
715.0603	Incentive Strength Concrete Barrier	DOL
715.0715	Incentive Flexural Strength Concrete Pavement	DOL
715.0720	Incentive Compressive Strength Concrete Pavement	DOL

(2) Incentive payment may be more or less than the amount the schedule of items shows.

- (3) The department will administer disincentives for strength under the Disincentive Strength Concrete Structures, Disincentive Strength Concrete Barrier, Disincentive Flexural Strength Concrete Pavement, and Disincentive Compressive Strength Concrete Pavement, administrative items.
- (4) The department will adjust pay for each lot using PWL of the 28-day sublot average strengths for that lot. The department will measure PWL relative to strength lower specification limits as follows:
 - Compressive strength of 3700 psi for pavements.
 - Flexural strength of 650 psi for pavements.
 - Compressive strength of 4000 psi for structures and barrier.
- ⁽⁵⁾ The department will not pay a strength incentive for concrete that is nonconforming in another specified property, for ancillary concrete accepted based on tests of class I concrete, or for high early strength concrete unless placed in pavement gaps as allowed under 715.3.1.2.2.
- (6) Submit test results to the department electronically using MRS software. The department will verify contractor data before determining pay adjustments.
- (7) All coring and testing costs under 715.3.2.2 including filling core holes and providing traffic control during coring are incidental to the contract.

715.5.2 Pavements

715.5.2.1 Compressive

(1) The department will adjust pay for each lot using equation "QMP 3.01" as follows:

- Percent within Limits (PWL)
 Pay Adjustment (dollars per square yard)

 >= 95 to 100
 (0.1 x PWL) 9.5

 >= 85 to < 95</td>
 0

 >= 30 to < 85</td>
 (1.5/55 x PWL) 127.5/55

 < 30</td>
 -1.50
- (2) The department will not pay incentive if the lot standard deviation is greater than 400 psi compressive.
- ⁽³⁾ For lots with a full battery of QC tests at less than 4 locations, there is no incentive, but the department will assess a disincentive based on the individual sublot average strengths. The department will reduce pay for sublots with an average strength below 3700 psi compressive by \$1.50 per square yard.
- (4) For integral shoulder pavement and pavement gaps accepted using tests from the adjacent travel lane, the department will adjust pay using strength results of the travel lane for integrally placed concrete shoulders and pavement gaps regardless of mix design and placement method, included in a lane-foot lot.

715.5.2.2 Flexural

(1) The department will adjust pay for each lot using equation "QMP 6.02" as follows:

Percent within Limits (PWL)	Pay Adjustment (dollars per square yard)
>= 95 to 100	(0.2 x PWL) – 19
>= 85 to < 95	0
>= 50 to < 85	(2.0/35 x PWL) – 170/35
< 50	-2.00

- (2) The department will not pay incentive if the lot standard deviation is greater than 60 psi flexural.
- ⁽³⁾ For lots with a full battery of QC tests at less than 4 locations, there is no incentive, but the department will assess a disincentive based on the individual sublot average strengths. The department will reduce pay for sublots with an average strength below 650 psi flexural by \$2.00 per square yard.
- ⁽⁴⁾ For integral shoulder pavement and pavement gaps accepted using tests from the adjacent travel lane, the department will adjust pay using strength results of the travel lane for integrally placed concrete shoulders and pavement gaps regardless of mix design and placement method, included in a lane-foot lot.

715.5.3 Structures and Cast-in-Place Barrier

(1) The department will adjust pay for each lot using equation "QMP 2.01" as follows:

Percent within Limits (PWL)	Pay Adjustment (dollars per square yard)
>= 99 to 100	10
>= 90 to < 99	0
>= 50 to < 90	(7/8 x PWL) – 78.75
< 50	-35

- (2) The department will not pay incentive if the lot standard deviation is greater than 350 psi.
- ⁽³⁾ For lots with less than 4 sublots, there is no incentive, but the department will assess a disincentive based on the individual sublot average strengths. The department will reduce pay for sublots with an average strength below 4000 psi by \$35 per cubic yard.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7

- A. Reporting 1st Tier and DBE Payments During Construction
 - 1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
 - 2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
 - Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
 - 4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
 - 5. DBE firms must enter all payments to DBE and non-DBE firms regardless of tier.
 - 6. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
 - All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships, all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project, and all payments from DBE firms.
- B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

NOTE: CRCS Prime Contractor payment is currently not automated and will need to be manually loaded into the Civil Rights Compliance System. Copies of prime contractor payments received (check or ACH) will have to be forwarded to paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov within 5 days of payment receipt to be logged manually.

***Additionally, for information on Subcontractor Sublet assignments, Subcontractor Payments and Payment Tracking, please refer to the CRCS Payment and Sublets manual at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payments-sublets-manual.pdf

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9

Electronic Certified Payroll or Labor Data Submittal

(1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) to electronically submit certified payroll reports for contracts with federal funds and labor data for contracts with state funds only. Details are available online through the department's highway construction contractor information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx

- (2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, including all trucking firms, either submit their weekly certified payroll reports (contracts with federal funds) or labor data (contracts with state funds only) electronically through CRCS. These payrolls or labor data are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.
- (3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS training as they are about to begin their submittals. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices or by telephone. Contact Paul Ndon at (414) 438-4584 to schedule the training.
- (4) The department will reject all paper submittals for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.
- (5) Firms wishing to export payroll/labor data from their computer system into CRCS should have their payroll coordinator contact Paul Ndon at <u>paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov</u>. Not every contractor's payroll system is capable of producing export files. For details, see Section 4.8 CPR Auto Submit (Data Mapping) on pages 49-50; 66-71 of the CRCS Payroll Manual at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf

NON-DISCRIMINATION PROVISIONS

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

1. Compliance with Regulations: The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.

2. Non-discrimination: The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.

3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment: In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.

4. Information and Reports: The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.

5. Sanctions for Noncompliance: In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Nondiscrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:

- a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
- b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.

6. Incorporation of Provisions: The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, sub-recipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed. Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

BUY AMERICA PROVISION

Buy America (as documented in M-22-11 from the Office of Management and Budget: <u>https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-content/uploads/2022/04/M-22-11.pdf</u>) shall be domestic products and permanently incorporated in this project as classified in the following three categories, and as noted in the Construction and Materials Manual (CMM):

1. Iron and Steel

All iron and steel manufacturing and coating processes (from smelting forward in the manufacturing process) must have occurred within the United States. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of a material subject to the requirements of Buy America.

The exemption of the iron and steel manufacturing and coating processes Buy America requirement is the minimal use of foreign materials if the total cost of such material permanently incorporated in the product does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (1/10 of 1%) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. For purposes of this paragraph, the cost is that shown to be the value of the subject products as they are delivered to the project.

2. Manufactured Product

All manufactured products (as defined in CMM 228.5) are covered under a previous waiver from 1983, and are currently exempt from Buy America.

3. Construction Material

All construction materials (as defined in OMB M-22-11 and as referenced in CMM 228.5) must comply with Buy America. No exemptions (0.0%) are allowed.

The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 228.5 to ensure compliance with this Buy America provision.

https://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf

Upon completion of the project, certify to the engineer, in writing using department form DT4567 that all iron and steel, manufactured products, and construction materials conform to this Buy America provision.

Form DT4567 is available at: <u>https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/formdocs/dt4567.docx</u>

Attach a list of iron or steel exemptions and their associated costs to the certification form.



Page 1 of 7

Proposal ID: 2023080)8009 F	Project(s):	1620-03-72
	Fed	eral ID(s):	N/A
SECTION: 0001	Cor	ntract Items	
Alt Set ID:		Alt Mbr	r ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0002	204.0100 Removing Concrete Pavement	12.000 SY		
0004	204.0110 Removing Asphaltic Surface	175.000 SY		
0006	204.0115 Removing Asphaltic Surface Butt Joints	885.000 SY		
0008	204.0120 Removing Asphaltic Surface Milling	129,625.000 SY		
0010	204.0150 Removing Curb & Gutter	675.000 LF	<u>_</u>	
0012	204.0155 Removing Concrete Sidewalk	390.000 SY	<u></u>	
0014	205.0501.S Excavation, Hauling, and Disposal of Petroleum Contaminated Soil	28.000 TON		
0016	211.0101 Prepare Foundation for Asphaltic Paving (project) 01. 1620-03-72	1.000 EACH		
0018	213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 1620- 03-72	1.000 EACH		
0020	305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch	2,000.000 TON	·	·
0022	305.0120 Base Aggregate Dense 1 1/4-Inch	190.000 TON		
0024	416.0160 Concrete Driveway 6-Inch	12.000 SY		
0026	416.0610 Drilled Tie Bars	44.000 EACH		
0028	455.0605 Tack Coat	9,375.000 GAL		
0030	460.0105.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics	1.000 EACH		

Page 2 of 7

Proposal ID: 20230808009	Project(s):	1620-03-72
	Federal ID(s):	N/A
SECTION: 0001	Contract Items	
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mbr	ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0032	460.0110.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density	1.000 EACH		
0034	460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement	7,430.000 DOL	1.00000	7,430.00
0036	460.2007 Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints	28,910.000 DOL	1.00000	28,910.00
0038	460.2010 Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement	11,095.000 DOL	1.00000	11,095.00
0040	460.6425 HMA Pavement 5 MT 58-28 H	11,095.000 TON		
0042	465.0105 Asphaltic Surface	65.000 TON		
0044	465.0110 Asphaltic Surface Patching	225.000 TON		
0046	465.0425 Asphaltic Shoulder Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	1,975.000 LF	·	·
0048	465.0475 Asphalt Centerline Rumble Strips 2-Lane Rural	10,005.000 LF	·	
0050	601.0407 Concrete Curb & Gutter 18-Inch Type D	52.000 LF		
0052	601.0411 Concrete Curb & Gutter 30-Inch Type D	389.000 LF		
0054	601.0555 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type A	81.000 LF	·	
0056	601.0557 Concrete Curb & Gutter 6-Inch Sloped 36-Inch Type D	153.000 LF	·	
0058	602.0405 Concrete Sidewalk 4-Inch	3,200.000 SF	·	



Page 3 of 7

Proposal ID: 2023080800	9 Project(s): 1620-	03-72	
	Federal ID(s): N/A		
SECTION: 0001	Contract Items		
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mbr ID:		

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0060	602.0505 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Yellow	150.000 SF		
0062	602.0605 Curb Ramp Detectable Warning Field Radial Yellow	236.000 SF		
0064	618.0100 Maintenance And Repair of Haul Roads (project) 01. 1620-03-72	1.000 EACH	·	·
0066	619.1000 Mobilization	1.000 EACH		·
0068	624.0100 Water	40.000 MGAL		
0070	625.0100 Topsoil	575.000 SY		
0072	628.1504 Silt Fence	200.000 LF		
0074	628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance	200.000 LF		
0076	628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control	5.000 EACH		
0078	628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control	2.000 EACH		
0080	628.2006 Erosion Mat Urban Class I Type A	575.000 SY		
0082	628.7010 Inlet Protection Type B	2.000 EACH		
0084	628.7015 Inlet Protection Type C	98.000 EACH		
0086	630.0140 Seeding Mixture No. 40	10.000 LB		
0088	630.0500 Seed Water	12.000 MGAL	·	



Page 4 of 7

Proposal ID: 2023080	08009 Project(s): 1620-03-72	
	Federal ID(s): N/A	
SECTION: 0001	Contract Items	
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mbr ID:	

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0090	634.0614 Posts Wood 4x6-Inch X 14-FT	2.000 EACH	·	
0092	638.2102 Moving Signs Type II	3.000 EACH	<u>.</u>	
0094	638.4000 Moving Small Sign Supports	3.000 EACH		
0096	642.5001 Field Office Type B	1.000 EACH		
0098	643.0300 Traffic Control Drums	20,125.000 DAY		
0100	643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III	948.000 DAY		
0102	643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A	1,896.000 DAY		
0104	643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C	2,115.000 DAY		
0106	643.0800 Traffic Control Arrow Boards	132.000 DAY	<u> </u>	
0108	643.0900 Traffic Control Signs	5,618.000 DAY		
0110	643.1000 Traffic Control Signs Fixed Message	36.000 SF		
0112	643.3150 Temporary Marking Line Removable Tape 4-Inch	555.000 LF		·
0114	643.3850 Temporary Marking Stop Line Removable Tape 18-Inch	110.000 LF		·
0116	643.5000 Traffic Control	1.000 EACH		
0118	644.1430 Temporary Pedestrian Surface Plate	15.000 SF		



Page 5 of 7

Proposal ID: 2	0230808009 Project(s):	1620-03-72
	Federal ID(s):	N/A
SECTION: 000	01 Contract Items	
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mb	r ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0120	644.1440 Temporary Pedestrian Surface Matting	2,045.000 SF		
0122	644.1601 Temporary Pedestrian Curb Ramp	200.000 DAY	·	·
0124	644.1605 Temporary Pedestrian Detectable Warning Field	112.000 SF		·
0126	644.1810 Temporary Pedestrian Barricade	1,160.000 LF	<u>.</u>	·
0128	646.1020 Marking Line Epoxy 4-Inch	355.000 LF		
0130	646.5020 Marking Arrow Epoxy	7.000 EACH		
0132	646.5120 Marking Word Epoxy	5.000 EACH	<u>.</u>	·
0134	646.5320 Marking Railroad Crossings Epoxy	8.000 EACH	<u>.</u>	·
0136	646.6120 Marking Stop Line Epoxy 18-Inch	620.000 LF	·	
0138	646.7120 Marking Diagonal Epoxy 12-Inch	2,685.000 LF		
0140	646.7420 Marking Crosswalk Epoxy Transverse Line 6-Inch	1,060.000 LF		
0142	646.8120 Marking Curb Epoxy	685.000 LF		
0144	646.8220 Marking Island Nose Epoxy	30.000 EACH	·	
0146	650.5500 Construction Staking Curb Gutter and Curb & Gutter	675.000 LF		
0148	650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference	23,767.000 LF	·	



Page 6 of 7

Proposal ID: 202308080	09 Project(s): 1620-03	-72
	Federal ID(s): N/A	
SECTION: 0001	Contract Items	
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mbr ID:	

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0150	650.9000 Construction Staking Curb Ramps	24.000 EACH		
0152	650.9500 Construction Staking Sidewalk (project) 01. 1620-03-72	1.000 EACH	·	·
0154	650.9911 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01. 1620-03-72	1.000 EACH	·	·
0156	653.0900 Adjusting Pull Boxes	3.000 EACH	·	
0158	690.0150 Sawing Asphalt	1,045.000 LF	·	<u>.</u>
0160	690.0250 Sawing Concrete	345.000 LF		
0162	740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride	24,830.000 DOL	1.00000	24,830.00
0164	SPV.0030 Special 01. Fertilizer For Lawn Type Turf	2.000 CWT		
0166	SPV.0060 Special 01. Research and Locate Existing Land Parcel Monuments	4.000 EACH	·	. <u></u>
0168	SPV.0060 Special 02. Verify and Replace Existing Land Parcel Monuments	4.000 EACH	·	;;
0170	SPV.0090 Special 01. Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch	2,410.000 LF	·	. <u></u>
0172	SPV.0090 Special 02. Temporary Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch	9,900.000 LF	·	
0174	SPV.0090 Special 03. Marking Line Epoxy 6-Inch	38,550.000 LF		
0176	SPV.0090 Special 04. Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6-Inch	30,890.000 LF	·	·



Page 7 of 7

Proposal ID: 20230808009	Project(s):	1620-03-72
I	Federal ID(s):	N/A
SECTION: 0001	Contract Items	
Alt Set ID:	Alt Mb	r ID:

Proposal Line Number	Item ID Description	Approximate Quantity and Units	Unit Price	Bid Amount
0178	SPV.0090	3,055.000		
	Special 05. Marking Line Epoxy 10-Inch	LF	·	
0180	SPV.0090	925.000		
	Special 06. Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch	LF	·	
0182	SPV.0090	19,350.000		
	Special 07. Marking Line Same Day Epoxy 6-Inch	LF	·	
0184	SPV.0180	575.000		
	Special 01. Preparing Topsoil For Lawn Type Turf	SY	·	
0186	SPV.0180	2,000.000		
	Special 02. Removing Distressed Asphaltic Surface Milling	SY	·	
	Section: 000	1	Total:	
			Total Bid:	·

PLEASE ATTACH ADDENDA HERE