

	Year 2007	Year 2030
County populations		
Dodge	89,225	98,215
Washington	129,316	150,485
Ozaukee	86,697	98,668
Population age 65 and older	35,555	74,937
Intercity passenger rail ridership West Bend station	NA	97,000
Average annual daily traffic along WIS 33	6,500 — 8,900	6,800 – 15,000
Truck volume along WIS 33	Low	Medium

Refer to the "Corridor Map - Data Definitions and Sources" for more information.

84th Division Railsplitters Corridor – Beaver Dam to Port Washington

Corridor Overview

This 50-mile corridor is part of a passenger and freight corridor linking Beaver Dam and Port Washington. It serves an important agricultural region of the state. The corridor is named for the 84th Division "Railsplitters" Memorial Highway (WIS 33 from La Crosse to Port Washington), which honors the men and women of the 84th Division of the U.S. Army. This division served in World Wars I and II and traces its lineage back to the service of Abraham Lincoln in Wisconsin during the Black Hawk War of 1832. The corridor includes the urban and urbanized areas of Beaver Dam, Hartford, Milwaukee, West Bend and Port Washington.

Current Corridor Characteristics

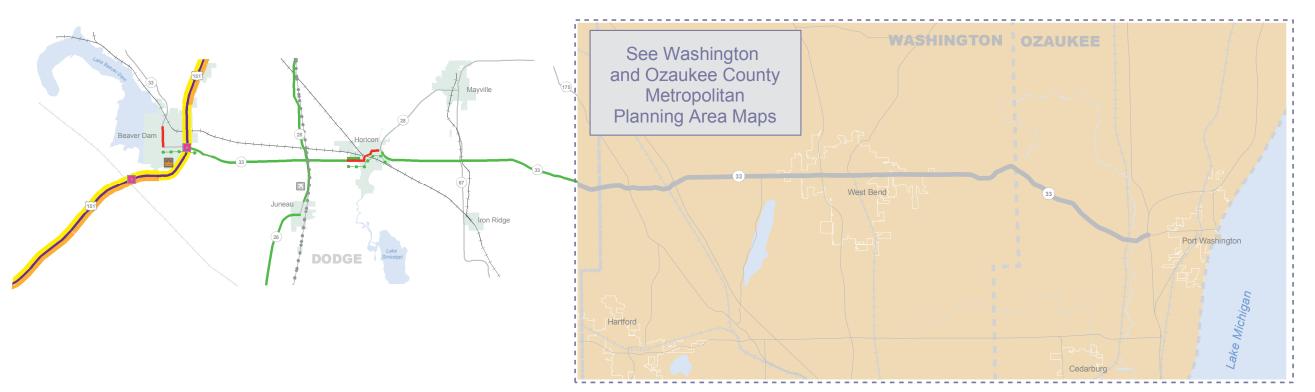
- Airports
- > Transport/corporate airport: Dodge County (Juneau), West Bend Municipal
- > General utility airport: Hartford Municipal
- Highways:
- > Primary state highway: WIS 33
- > Corridors 2030 Connector Route: WIS 33 (US 41 to I-43)
- > Completed passing lane corridors: WIS 33 (US 41 to West Bend)
- Public Transit:
- > Bus systems: Washington County, Ozaukee County
- > Shared-ride taxi: Beaver Dam, Port Washington, West Bend
- > Specialized transit: Available in all counties; level of service depends on location
- Fixed Guideway Transit: None along this corridor
- Rail Freight: Freight rail service exists
- Intercity Passenger Rail: None along this corridor
- Intercity Bus: No services along this corridor
- Ports and Harbors: Port Washington
- Ferry: None along this corridor
- Bicycle/Pedestrian:
- Major trails: Eisenbahn State Trail, Ozaukee Interurban Trail, Wild Goose State Trail, Ice Age Trail (pedestrian only)
- > Accommodations, linkages and accessibility along and across some facilities

Future Corridor Vision

- Airports: Continued service, increased direct air service and infrastructure projects to support business airplane-capable airports
- Highways: Maximized preservation and maintenance of infrastructure and continued user efficiency and mobility, including improved traffic movement, along WIS 33 by implementing:
- > New Corridors 2030 Connector Routes: WIS 33 (US 151 to US 41)
- > State Access Management Plan vision Tier 2B; WIS 33 (US 151 to I-43)
- > Candidate passing lane corridors (WIS 26, WIS 33)
- Candidate expressway upgrade of corridor and the potential conversion of expressway-tofreeway corridor (US 151)
- Public Transit: Increased regional coordination and continued service
- Fixed Guideway Transit: None along this corridor
- Rail Freight: Continued freight rail service and corridor preservation
- Intercity Passenger Rail:
- > New service:
- New Green Bay Milwaukee Chicago, IL intercity passenger rail service
- All new intercity passenger rail services will operate within existing corridors
- Intercity Bus: New Service:
- > Phase 1: Between Madison and Green Bay, with a stop in Beaver Dam
- > Phase 2: Between Madison and Sheboygan, with a stop in Beaver Dam; and between proposed Green Bay passenger rail station and Milwaukee passenger rail station, with a stop in Port Washington
- Ports and Harbors: Continued service, preservation, maintenance and infrastructure improvements (Port Washington)
- Ferry: None along this corridor
- Bicycle/Pedestrian: Continued and enhanced accommodations, linkages and accessibility along and across facilities



84th Division Railsplitters Corridor – Beaver Dam to Port Washington



For more information, refer to the

Corridor Map Legend Definitions

document at www.wiconnections2030.gov.

About Multimodal Corridors

The *Connections 2030* planning process identified statewide multimodal, intercity corridors as visual communication tools to view existing conditions, transportation features and future recommendations. These corridors collectively represent a starting point toward long-term implementation of *Connections 2030* and the corridor management process.

These multimodal corridors:

- Serve critical sectors of the economy or major population centers
- Carry significant travel activity for passenger and/or freight traffic
- Show significant growth in travel or economic development
- Serve an important role for other transportation modes

Corridor selection was also influenced by local land use and development plans. Each corridor is a broad geographical band that follows a general directional flow connecting trips that may include streets, highways, rail, pedestrian, bicycle facilities and routes and transit route alignments. A corridor generally follows the directional flow of a state highway alignment. It includes parallel state and local roads, service roads and facilities for other transportation modes, such as rail, pedestrian, and transit, which influence the mobility, capacity, safety and other functional elements of the corridor.

Existing Facilities

Airport

Park and ride

Intercity bus stop
Rail station

Fixed guideway (commuter rail station)

Port or harbor

Mississippi River lock and dam

Ferry
Bicycle/pedestrian trail

Rail-to-trail

Railroad – private ownership

Railroad – public ownership
State trunk network

State/county boundary

Waterway
City/village

Metropolitan Planning Area

Native American land

Priority Project Action Areas

Interchange

Study and/or preserve right of way

Study and construct new

Reconstruct existing

Bicycle and Pedestrian

Provide urban connection
Provide rural connection

Bridge

Reconstruct existing or construct new

Intercity Passenger Rail

Proposed station
Proposed station with intercity bus stop

Study future route
Priority route

Highways

Construct capacity project

Prepare corridor plan

Reconstruct existing

Construct passing lane

Convert to Interstate standards

Study bypass/new arterial

Priority Project Support Areas

Airport

Airport project

Intercity Bus

Intercity bus stop
Priority route

Park and Ride

Park and ride

Port, Channel or Waterway

Port, channel or waterway project

Ferry

Ferry project

Bicycle and Pedestrian

Trail connection or extension
Rail-to-trail

Fixed Guideway

Commuter, rapid or express bus route

Study future route
Commuter rail route

Commuter rail, proposed station



84th Division Railsplitters Corridor – Beaver Dam to Port Washington

Current and Proposed Future Activities These activities may not occur in the time frame identified due to budget constraints, changing conditions or shifting priorities. Refer to the "Important Notes about What is Depicted" for more information or contact the WisDOT Region Office.

Short-Term (2008 - 2013)

US 151	Prepare corridor plan from WIS 73 to WIS 49
WIS 33	Reconstruct from Columbia St to N Palmatory St (Horicon)
WIS 33	Reconstruct from Front St to Carroll St (Beaver Dam)
Intercity Bus	Support new intercity bus service between Madison and Green Bay with stops in Sun Prairie, Columbus, Beaver Dam, Waupun, Fond du Lac, Oshkosh, Neenah, Menasha and Appleton

Mid-Term (2014 - 2019)

US 151/WIS 33	Study and reconstruct existing interchange at US 151 and WIS 33 if supported by environmental document
Bicycle/Pedestrian	Provide urban accommodations along WIS 33 in Beaver Dam and Horicon
Intercity Bus	Support new intercity bus service between Madison and Sheboygan with stops in Sun Prairie, Columbus, Beaver Dam, Waupun, Fond du Lac and Plymouth

Long-Term (2020 - 2030)

• •	·
US 151	Study and reconstruct existing interchange at County Rd D (Dodge Co) and US 151 if supported by environmental document
US 151	Construct candidate expressway upgrades and/or convert to freeway from WIS 73 to County Rd G (Dodge Co) and from County Rd B (Dodge Co) to County Rd M (Dodge Co) if supported by environmental document

Entire Planning Period

WIS 26	Construct candidate passing lanes from WIS 60 to Main St (Juneau) and from Home Rd E (Juneau) to US 151 if supported by environmental document
WIS 33	Construct candidate passing lanes from US 151 to Grand St (Horicon) and from Birchcrest St (Horicon) to US 41 if supported by environmental document
Airports	Support continued preservation, maintenance and infrastructure projects at State Airport System Plan airports
Bicycle/Pedestrian	Support accommodations and linkages to create a connected network that provides accessibility along and across facilities
Local Roads	Support continued preservation, maintenance and infrastructure projects
Public Transit	Support continued shared-ride taxi service in Beaver Dam
Public Transit	Work with counties and transit service providers to coordinate and expand rural transit service
Rail Freight	Support the preservation of existing freight services and corridors
Specialized Transit	Support continued service and encourage improved service coordination
State Highways	Construct grade separations at rail crossings if supported by environmental document
State Highways	Preserve and maintain infrastructure
State Highways	Improve traffic movement with traffic operations infrastructure strategies

Important Notes about What is Depicted

The map shows currently programmed and proposed future activities (as of December 31, 2007) that have significant impacts on the corridor. Not all projects or initiatives are mapped, and additional analyses, including an environmental document, will be conducted before any of the projects or activities are completed. These analyses may include studying alternatives (including a no build/no change alternative) with public involvement opportunities as appropriate. Resources and shifting priorities may impact WisDOT's implementation of any proposed activity within the time frames identified. WisDOT will remain flexible in the implementation of Connections 2030 recommendations. The table and map activities (on the previous page) reflect actions identified in:

- *Connections 2030* policies
- WisDOT's Six-Year Highway Improvement Program (2008 2013)
- Other WisDOT program data
- Other WisDOT plans and studies
- Metropolitan planning organizations' (MPOs), regional planning commissions' (RPCs) and tribal long-range transportation plans

For information on funding and implementation priorities, see those *Connections 2030* chapters. For more information on transportation projects, contact the WisDOT Region Office (see Connections 2030 or www.dot.wisconsin.gov/projects/ for a map of region offices). MPO, RPC and tribal long-range transportation plans offer recommendations on all transportation modes within their boundaries.



Corridor Map – Data Definitions and Sources

Data Definitions

Corridors 2030

(See Connections 2030 Chapter 5, Preserve and Maintain Wisconsin's Transportation System, for more information.)

- Backbone system: Multilane, divided highways interconnecting all major population and economic centers of the state and linking them to the national transportation network
- Connector system: Two- and four-lane highways directly linking other significant economic and tourism centers to the Backbone system

State Access Management Plan vision

(See Connections 2030 Chapter 9, Promote Transportation Efficiencies, for more information.)

- Tier 1: By 2030, in rural areas (outside of city and village boundaries), access to the highway will primarily be at interchanges (with some existing safely spaced, locked and gated emergency vehicle driveways and a few isolated field entrances possible at select locations)
- Tier 2A: By 2030, in rural areas (outside of city and village boundaries), access to the highway will primarily be at at-grade public road intersections (with some existing safely spaced, locked and gated emergency vehicle driveways and few isolated field entrances)
- Tier 2B: By 2030, in rural areas (outside of city and village boundaries), access to the highway will primarily be at at-grade public road intersections with some existing safely spaced, lower volume private, residential, field or emergency service driveways
- Tier 3: By 2030, in rural areas (outside of city and village boundaries), access to the highway will primarily be at at-grade public road intersections with some existing safely spaced, higher volume private, residential and field or emergency service driveways
- Tier 4: By 2030, in rural areas (outside of city and village boundaries), access to the highway will be at safely spaced driveways and roads

State Airport System Plan classifications

- Air carrier (passenger)/air cargo: Designed to accommodate virtually all aircraft up to and, in some cases, including wide body jets and large military transports
- Transport/corporate: Intended to serve corporate, small passenger and cargo jet aircraft used in regional service, and small airplanes (piston or turboprop) used in commuter air service
- General utility: Intended to serve virtually all small aviation single and twin-engine aircraft (both piston and turboprop) with a maximum take-off weight of 12,500 pounds or less
- Basic utility: Intended to serve all small-engine piston aircraft and many of the smaller twin-engine piston aircraft with a gross takeoff weight of 12,500 pounds or less

Truck volume descriptions

- Low (0 501 trucks per day), Medium (501 2,500 trucks per day),
- High (2,501 8,000 trucks per day), Very High (more than 8,000 trucks per day)

Urban/urbanized areas

- Urban areas: Areas with populations between 5,000 and 49,999
- Urbanized areas: Areas with populations of 50,000 or more

Data Sources

Annual average daily traffic (AADT)

- Current data: WisDOT, 2005 Wisconsin Highway Traffic Volume Data, December 2006
- Forecast data: WisDOT, August 2007

Enplanements

- Current data: WisDOT, 2006 Wisconsin Aviation Activity, April 2007
- Forecast data: Flight Transportation Associates, Inc., Updated Wisconsin State Airport System Plan Aviation Activity Forecasts, September 2005; Southeast Wisconsin Regional Planning Commissions, Review and Update of Regional Airport System Plan Forecasts, 2005

National Highway System (NHS) intermodal terminals

• Federal Highway Administration, October 2007

Passenger rail ridership

- Current data: WisDOT, 2007
- · Forecast data:
- > Transportation Economics & Management Systems, Inc., Midwest Regional Rail Initiative Project Notebook, 2004
- > Forecast year 2020
- > Forecast Milwaukee station data includes all Milwaukee area stations (Milwaukee Intermodal Station, General Mitchell International Airport and Granville)

Population

- Current population: Wisconsin Department of Administration, *January 1, 2007 Preliminary Population Estimates for Wisconsin Counties*, August 10, 2007
- 2030 Population: Wisconsin Department of Administration, *Final Population Projections for Wisconsin Counties by Age and Sex: 2000 2030*, January 2004
- Current Age 65 and older population: 2000 US Census, Summary File 1, Variable P12: Sex by Age
- 2030 Age 65 and older population: Wisconsin Department of Administration, *Final Population Projections for Wisconsin Counties by Age and Sex: 2000 2030*, January 2004

Public and specialized transit

• WisDOT, January 2008

Truck volume

• WisDOT, August 2007

Wisconsin Metropolitan Planning Organizations (MPOs)

- Chippewa Eau Claire Metropolitan Planning Organization, *Long Range Transportation Plan 2005 2030*, October 2005
- Dubuque Metro Area Transportation Study, 2031 Long-Range Transportation Plan
- Duluth Superior Metropolitan Interstate Council, *Access and Mobility for People and Freight 2030*, September 2005

- Fond du Lac Metropolitan Planning Organization, Long Range Transportation/Land Use Plan for the Fond du Lac Urbanized Area, October 2005
- Fox Cities Metropolitan Planning Organization, *Long Range Transportation/Land Use Plan for the Fox Cities Urbanized Area*, October 2005
- Green Bay Metropolitan Planning Organization, Long Range Transportation Plan, November 2005
- Janesville Metropolitan Planning Organization, 2005 2035 Long Range Transportation Plan, December 2005
- La Crosse Area Planning Committee, 2030 La Crosse and La Crescent Metropolitan Area Transportation Plan, August 2005
- Madison Area Transportation Planning Board, Regional Transportation Plan 2030, November 2005
- Oshkosh Metropolitan Planning Organization, *Long Range Transportation/Land Use Plan for the Oshkosh Urbanized Area*, October 2005
- Sheboygan Metropolitan Planning Organization, *Year 2035 Sheboygan Area Transportation Plan*, January 2006
- Southeastern Wisconsin Regional Planning Commission, *Planning Report 49, A Regional Transportation System Plan for Southeastern Wisconsin 2035*, March 2006
- Stateline Area Transportation Study, 2006 2035 Long-Range Transportation Plan, December 2005
- Wausau Metropolitan Planning Commission, Wausau Area Metropolitan Area Long-Range Transportation Plan – 2035, December 2005

Wisconsin Tribal Transportation Plans

- Bad River Band of Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians, Long Range Tribal Transportation Plan, July 2006
- Forest County Potawatomi Community, Long Range Transportation Plan, March 2008
- Ho-Chunk Nation, *Ho-Chunk Nation Long Range Transportation Plan*, June 2005, amended March 2007
- Lac Courte Oreilles Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, 2006 Transportation Plan, March 2006
- Lac du Flambeau Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, *Long-Range Transportation Plan*, February 2007
- Menominee Nation, *Menominee Indian Reservation Long-Range Transportation Plan*, May 2007
- Oneida Tribe of Indians of Wisconsin, *Transportation Improvement Plan*, December 2003, amended March 2007
- Red Cliff Band of Lake Superior Tribe of Chippewa Indians, *Long Range Transportation Plan for the Red Cliff Reservation*, February 2006
- St. Croix Chippewa Indians of Wisconsin, St. Croix Tribal Council 2007 Long Range Transportation Plan, March 2007
- Sokaogon Chippewa Community, Long Range Transportation Plan, March 2007
- Stockbridge-Munsee Community Band of Mohican Indians, 2006 Tribal Long-Range Transportation Plan Update, May 2007

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