# **PEDESTRIANS**

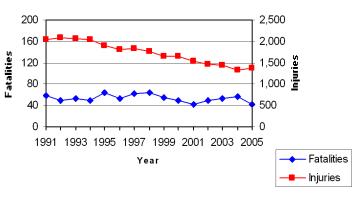


# Did You Know...

# In Wisconsin, in 2005, one pedestrian was injured or killed every 6.2 hours.

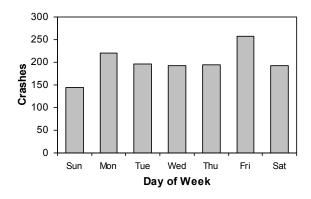
- 1,399 crashes involved pedestrians in Wisconsin in 2005.
- Of these crashes, 42 pedestrians were killed and 1,379 pedestrians were injured.
- Few pedestrian crashes result in property damage only; the pedestrian is almost always injured.

#### Pedestrian Fatalities and Injuries (1991-2005)



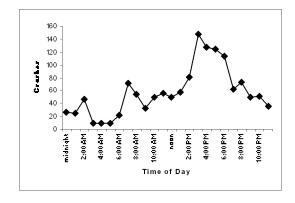
- Over the years, improvements to pedestrian safety have been made in areas such as engineering, education, enforcement, and emergency response.
- The number of pedestrians killed in 2005 has dropped compared to the 15 year average.
- The number of injuries has decreased by 33% since 1991.

### 2005 Pedestrian Crashes



 Pedestrian crashes most often occur on weekdays.

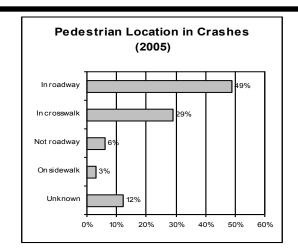
#### 2005 Pedestrian Crashes



 Most pedestrian crashes occur between 3 and 7 p.m., the hours after school and the prime time that adults commute from work.

# Types/Factors of Pedestrian Crashes

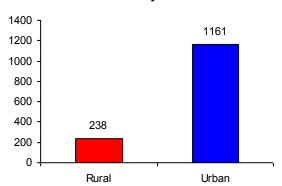
- Street or road crossings are, by far, the most common types of pedestrian crashes. Any street crossing can put a pedestrian in the path of a motor vehicle who may not be paying attention or may not have the time to avoid a pedestrian who suddenly steps into the path of the vehicle.
- Alcohol. Of the 42 pedestrians killed, 21 (50%) of the pedestrians or motorists were known to have a high alcohol concentration or other drug in their system.



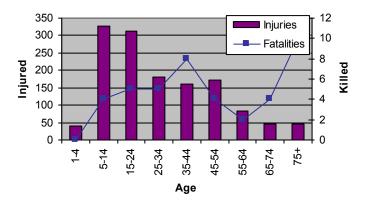
## Who is at Risk....



#### 2005 Crashes by Locations



## Pedestrians Killed or Injured in 2005 by Age



- Most pedestrian crashes occur on urban roads and streets.
- This is consistent with the fact that most pedestrian travel is in urban areas.

Children sustain between 1/3 and 1/2 of all pedestrian injuries each year. Contributing factors include: darting out into traffic, excessive vehicular speeds in neighborhoods and school zones. or driver inattention.

## **Current Pedestrian Laws**

Based on Wis. Stats. 346.23 (1)(2) and 346.24(1)

 At any crosswalk (marked or unmarked), the operator of a vehicle shall yield the right-of-way to a pedestrian, person riding a bicycle or electric personal assistive mobility device, in a manner which is consistent with the safe use of the crosswalk by a pedestrian who has started to cross the highway.



- In all other cases, pedestrians, bicyclists, and riders of electric personal assistive mobility devices shall yield the right-of-way to vehicles lawfully proceeding directly ahead on a green signal.
- No operator of a vehicle proceeding ahead on a green signal may begin a turn at a controlled intersection or crosswalk when a pedestrian or bicyclist or rider of an electric personal assistive mobility device crossing in the crosswalk on a green or walk signal would be endangered or interfered with in any way.

## What You Can Do

- As a motorist, look for pedestrians when turning left or right.
- Reduce travel speeds in school zones and neighborhoods.
- Yield to pedestrians already attempting to cross the roadway.
- As a pedestrian, always look left, right, and left again for traffic before stepping into the street.
- As a pedestrian, cross at crosswalk or where you can see and be seen by motorists.