HIGHWAY WORK PROPOSAL

Wisconsin Department of Transportation DT1502 01/2020 s.66.0901(7) Wis. Stats

Proposal Number: UU

COUNTY STATE PROJECT FEDERAL PROJECT DESCRIPTION HIGHWAY

Columbia 1011-00-82 N/A Madison - Portage; South County Line IH 039

to STH 60

ADDENDUM REQUIRED

ATTACHED AT BACK

This proposal, submitted by the undersigned bidder to the Wisconsin Department of Transportation, is in accordance with the advertised request for proposals. The bidder is to furnish and deliver all materials, and to perform all work for the improvement of the designated project in the time specified, in accordance with the appended Proposal Requirements and Conditions.

| Proposal Guaranty Required: \$100,000.00 Payable to: Wisconsin Department of Transportation | Attach Proposal Guaranty on back of this PAGE. | | | | |
|--|---|--|--|--|--|
| Bid Submittal Date: May 14, 2024 Time (Local Time): 11:00 am | Firm Name, Address, City, State, Zip Code SAMPLE | | | | |
| Contract Completion Time October 10, 2024 | NOT FOR BIDDING PURPOSES | | | | |
| Assigned Disadvantaged Business Enterprise Goal 0% | This contract is exempt from federal oversight. | | | | |

This certifies that the undersigned bidder, duly sworn, is an authorized representative of the firm named above; that the bidder has examined and carefully prepared the bid from the plans, Highway Work Proposal, and all addenda, and has checked the same in detail before submitting this proposal or bid; and that the bidder or agents, officer, or employees have not, either directly or indirectly, entered into any agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

agreement, participated in any collusion, or otherwise taken any action in restraint of free competitive bidding in connection with this proposal bid.

Do not sign, notarize, or submit this Highway Work Proposal when submitting an electronic bid on the Internet.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this date ______

| Subscribed and sworn to before me this date | |
|--|-----------------------------|
| (Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin) | (Bidder Signature) |
| (Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State Wisconsin) | (Print or Type Bidder Name) |
| (Date Commission Expires) | (Bidder Title) |
| Notary Seal | |

| Type of Work: | For Department Use Only | | |
|--|-------------------------|--|--|
| Base, HMA Pavement, Guardrail, Pavement Marking. | | | |
| | | | |
| | | | |
| Notice of Award Dated | Date Guaranty Returned | | |

PLEASE ATTACH PROPOSAL GUARANTY HERE

PROPOSAL REQUIREMENTS AND CONDITIONS

The bidder, signing and submitting this proposal, agrees and declares as a condition thereof, to be bound by the following conditions and requirements.

If the bidder has a corporate relationship with the proposal design engineering company, the bidder declares that it did not obtain any facts, data, or other information related to this proposal from the design engineering company that was not available to all bidders.

The bidder declares that they have carefully examined the site of, and the proposal, plans, specifications and contract forms for the work contemplated, and it is assumed that the bidder has investigated and is satisfied as to the conditions to be encountered, as to the character, quality, and quantities of work to be performed and materials to be furnished, and as to the requirements of the specifications, special provisions and contract. It is mutually agreed that submission of a proposal shall be considered conclusive evidence that the bidder has made such examination.

The bidder submits herewith a proposal guaranty in proper form and amount payable to the party as designated in the advertisement inviting proposals, to be retained by and become the property of the owner of the work in the event the undersigned shall fail to execute the contract and contract bond and return the same to the office of the engineer within fourteen (14) days after having been notified in writing to do so; otherwise to be returned.

The bidder declares that they understand that the estimate of quantities in the attached schedule is approximate only and that the attached quantities may be greater or less in accordance with the specifications.

The bidder agrees to perform the said work, for and in consideration of the payment of the amount becoming due on account of work performed, according to the unit prices bid in the following schedule, and to accept such amounts in full payment of said work.

The bidder declares that all of the said work will be performed at their own proper cost and expense, that they will furnish all necessary materials, labor, tools, machinery, apparatus, and other means of construction in the manner provided in the applicable specifications and the approved plans for the work together with all standard and special designs that may be designed on such plans, and the special provisions in the contract of which this proposal will become a part, if and when accepted. The bidder further agrees that the applicable specifications and all plans and working drawings are made a part hereof, as fully and completely as if attached hereto.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, agrees to begin the work not later than ten (10) days after the date of written notification from the engineer to do so, unless otherwise stipulated in the special provisions.

The bidder declares that if they are awarded the contract, they will execute the contract agreement and begin and complete the work within the time named herein, and they will file a good and sufficient surety bond for the amount of the contract for performance and also for the full amount of the contract for payment.

The bidder, if awarded the contract, shall pay all claims as required by Section 779.14, Statutes of Wisconsin, and shall be subject to and discharge all liabilities for injuries pursuant to Chapter 102 of the Statutes of Wisconsin, and all acts amendatory thereto. They shall further be responsible for any damages to property or injury to persons occurring through their own negligence or that of their employees or agents, incident to the performance of work under this contract, pursuant to the Standard Specifications for Road and Bridge Construction applicable to this contract.

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees to comply with all applicable state and federal statutes relating to non-discrimination in employment. No otherwise qualified person shall be excluded from employment or otherwise be subject to discrimination in employment in any manner on the basis of age, race, religion, color, gender, national origin or ancestry, disability, arrest or conviction record (in keeping with s.111.32), sexual orientation, marital status, membership in the military reserve, honesty testing, genetic testing, and outside use of lawful products. This provision shall include, but not be limited to the following: employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer; recruitment or recruitment advertising; layoff or termination; rates of pay or other forms of compensation, and selection for training, including apprenticeship. The contractor further agrees to ensure equal opportunity in employment to all applicants and employees and to take affirmative action to attain a representative workforce.

The contractor agrees to post notices and posters setting forth the provisions of the nondiscrimination clause, in a conspicuous and easily accessible place, available for employees and applicants for employment.

If a state public official (section 19.42, Stats.) or an organization in which a state public official holds at least a 10% interest is a party to this agreement, this contract is voidable by the state unless appropriate disclosure is made to the State of Wisconsin Ethics Board.

BID PREPARATION

Preparing the Proposal Schedule of Items

A. General

- (1) Obtain bidding proposals as specified in section 102 of the standard specifications prior to 11:45 AM of the last business day preceding the letting. Submit bidding proposals using one of the following methods:
 - 1. Electronic bid on the internet.
 - 2. Electronic bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. Paper bid under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
- (2) Bids submitted on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or paper bids submitted under a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements govern over bids submitted on the internet.
- (3) The department will provide bidding information through the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

The contractor is responsible for reviewing this web site for general notices as well as information regarding proposals in each letting. The department will also post special notices of all addenda to each proposal through this web site no later than 4:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting. Check the department's web site after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure all addenda have been accounted for before preparing the bid. When bidding using methods 1 and 2 above, check the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange at http://www.bidx.com/ after 5:00 PM local time on the Thursday before the letting to ensure that the latest schedule of items Expedite file (*.ebs or *.00x) is used to submit the final bid.

(4) Interested parties can subscribe to the Bid ExpressTM on-line bidding exchange by following the instructions provided at the www.bidx.com web site or by contacting:

Info Tech Inc.
5700 SW 34th Street, Suite 1235
Gainesville, FL 32608-5371
email: mailto:customer.support@bidx.com

- (5) The department will address equipment and process failures, if the bidder can demonstrate that those failures were beyond their control.
- (6) Contractors are responsible for checking on the issuance of addenda and for obtaining the addenda. Notice of issuance of addenda is posted on the department's web site at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx

- or by calling the department at (608) 266-1631. Addenda can ONLY be obtained from the department's web site listed above or by picking up the addenda at the Bureau of Highway Construction, 4th floor, 4822 Madison Yards Way, Madison, WI, during regular business hours.
- (7) Addenda posted after 5:00 PM on the Thursday before the letting will be emailed to the eligible bidders for that proposal. All eligible bidders shall acknowledge receipt of the addenda whether they are bidding on the proposal or not. Not acknowledging receipt may jeopardize the awarding of the project.

B. Submitting Electronic Bids

B.1 On the Internet

- (1) Do the following before submitting the bid:
 - 4. Have a properly executed annual bid bond on file with the department.
 - 5. Have a digital ID on file with and enabled by Info Tech Inc. Using this digital ID will constitute the bidder's signature for proper execution of the bidding proposal.
- (2) In lieu of preparing, delivering, and submitting the proposal as specified in 102.6 and 102.9 of the standard specifications, submit the proposal on the internet as follows:
 - 1. Download the latest schedule of items reflecting all addenda from the Bid Express TM web site.
 - 2. Use ExpediteTM software to enter a unit price for every item in the schedule of items.
 - 3. Submit the bid according to the requirements of ExpediteTM software and the Bid ExpressTM web site. Do not submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM or a paper bid. If the bidder does submit a bid on a printout with accompanying diskette or a paper bid in addition to the internet submittal, the department will disregard the internet bid
 - 4. Submit the bid before the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates
 - 5. Do not sign, notarize, and return the bidding proposal described in 102.2 of the standard specifications.
- (3) The department will not consider the bid accepted until the hour and date the Notice to Contractors designates.

B.2 On a Printout with Accompanying Diskette or CD ROM

- (1) Download the latest schedule of items from the Wisconsin pages of the Bid Express web site reflecting the latest addenda posted on the department's web site at:
 - https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/contractors/hcci/bid-let.aspx
 - Use ExpediteTM software to prepare and print the schedule of items. Provide a valid amount for all price fields. Follow instructions and review the help screens provided on the Bid ExpressTM web site to assure that the schedule of items is prepared properly.
- (2) Staple an 8 1/2 by 11 inch printout of the Expedite □ □ generated schedule of items to the other proposal documents submitted to the department as a part of the bidder's sealed bid. As a separate submittal, not in the sealed bid envelop but due at the same time and place as the sealed bid, also provide the Expedite TM generated schedule of items on a 3 1/2 inch computer diskette or CD ROM. Label each diskette or CD ROM with the bidder's name, the 4 character department-assigned bidder identification code from the top of the bidding proposal, and a list of the proposal numbers included on that diskette or CD ROM as indicated in the following example:

Bidder Name BN00

Proposals: 1, 12, 14, & 22

- (3) If bidding on more than one proposal in the letting, the bidder may include all proposals for that letting on one diskette or CD ROM. Include only submitted proposals with no incomplete or other files on the diskette or CD ROM.
- (4) The bidder-submitted printout of the Expedite □ □ generated schedule of items is the governing contract document and must conform to the requirements of section 102 of the standard specifications. If a printout needs to be altered, cross out the printed information with ink or typewriter and enter the new information and initial it in ink. If there is a discrepancy between the printout and the diskette or CD ROM, the department will analyze the bid using the printout information.

- (5) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The check code printed on the bottom of the printout of the Expedite TM generated schedule of items is not the same on each page.
 - 2. The check code printed on the printout of the Expedite TM generated schedule of items is not the same as the check code for that proposal provided on the diskette or CD ROM.
 - 3. The diskette or CD ROM is not submitted at the time and place the department designates.

B Waiver of Electronic Submittal

- (1) The bidder may request a waiver of the electronic submittal requirements. Submit a written request for a waiver in lieu of bids submitted on the internet or on a printout with accompanying diskette or CD ROM. Use the waiver that was included with the paper bid document sent to the bidder or type up a waiver on the bidder's letterhead. The department will waive the electronic submittal requirements for a bidding entity (individual, partnership, joint venture, corporation, or limited liability company) for up to 4 individual proposals in a calendar year. The department may allow additional waivers for equipment malfunctions.
- (2) Submit a schedule of items on paper conforming to section 102 of the standard specifications. The department charges the bidder a \$75 administrative fee per proposal, payable at the time and place the department designates for receiving bids, to cover the costs of data entry. The department will accept a check or money order payable to: "Wisconsin, Dept. of Transportation."
- (3) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, proposals are irregular and the department may reject them for one or more of the following:
 - 1. The bidder fails to provide the written request for waiver of the electronic submittal requirements.
 - 2. The bidder fails to pay the \$75 administrative fee before the time the department designates for the opening of bids unless the bidder requests on the waiver that they be billed for the \$75.
 - 3. The bidder exceeds 4 waivers of electronic submittal requirements within a calendar year.
- (4) In addition to the reasons specified in section 102 of the standard specifications, the department may refuse to issue bidding proposals for future contracts to a bidding entity that owes the department administrative fees for a waiver of electronic submittal requirements.

DT1303 1/2006

| Proposal Number | Project Number | | Letting Date |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------------------|--------------|
| Name of Principal | | | |
| Name of Surety | | State in Which Surety is | Organized |

We, the above-named Principal and the above-named Surety, are held and firmly bound unto the State of Wisconsin in the sum equal to the Proposal Guaranty for the total bid submitted for the payment to be made; we jointly and severally bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, successors and assigns. The condition of this obligation is that the Principal has submitted a bid proposal to the State of Wisconsin acting through the Department of Transportation for the improvement designated by the Proposal Number and Letting Date indicated above.

If the Principal is awarded the contract and, within the time and manner required by law after the prescribed forms are presented for signature, enters into a written contract in accordance with the bid, and files the bond with the Department of Transportation to guarantee faithful performance and payment for labor and materials, as required by law, or if the Department of Transportation shall reject all bids for the work described, then this obligation shall be null and void; otherwise, it shall be and remain in full force and effect. In the event of failure of the Principal to enter into the contract or give the specified bond, the Principal shall pay to the Department of Transportation within 10 business days of demand a total equal to the Proposal Guaranty as liquidated damages; the liability of the Surety continues for the full amount of the obligation as stated until the obligation is paid in full.

The Surety, for value received, agrees that the obligations of it and its bond shall not be impaired or affected by any extension of time within which the Department of Transportation may accept the bid; and the Surety does waive notice of any such extension.

IN WITNESS, the Principal and Surety have agreed and have signed by their proper officers and have caused their corporate seals to be affixed this date: **(DATE MUST BE ENTERED)**

PRINCIPAL

| (Company Name) (Affix Corporate Seal) | | | | | |
|--|--------------------|---|----------------------------------|--|--|
| (Signature and Title) | | | | | |
| (Company Name) | | | | | |
| (Signature and Title) | | | | | |
| (Company Name) | | | | | |
| (Signature and Title) | | (Name of Surety) (Affix Seal) | | | |
| (Company Name) | | (Signature of Attorney-in-Fact) | | | |
| (Signature and Title) | | | | | |
| NOTARY FOR PRINCIPAL | | NOTARY FO | R SURETY | | |
| (Date) | | (Dat | te) | | |
| State of Wisconsin) | | State of Wisconsin |) | | |
| County) | SS. | |) ss. _County) | | |
| On the above date, this instrument was acknowledged named person(s). | d before me by the | On the above date, this instrument w named person(s). | as acknowledged before me by the | | |
| (Signature, Notary Public, State of Wisco | onsin) | (Signature, Notary Publ | ic, State of Wisconsin) | | |
| (Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of V | Visconsin) | (Print or Type Name, Notary Public, State of Wisconsin) | | | |
| (Date Commission Expires) | | (Date Commis | sion Expires) | | |

Notary Seal Notary Seal

IMPORTANT: A certified copy of Power of Attorney of the signatory agent must be attached to the bid bond.

CERTIFICATE OF ANNUAL BID BOND

DT1305 8/2003

Wisconsin Department of Transportation

(Date)

| Time Period Valid (| From/To) |
|---------------------|--|
| Name of Surety | |
| Name of Contractor | |
| Certificate Holder | Wisconsin Department of Transportation |
| • | y that an annual bid bond issued by the above-named Surety is currently on file with the artment of Transportation. |
| | is issued as a matter of information and conveys no rights upon the certificate holder mend, extend or alter the coverage of the annual bid bond. |
| Cancellation: | Should the above policy be cancelled before the expiration date, the issuing surety will give thirty (30) days written notice to the certificate holder indicated above. |
| | |
| | |

(Signature of Authorized Contractor Representative)

LIST OF SUBCONTRACTORS

Section 66.0901(7), Wisconsin Statutes, provides that as a part of the proposal, the bidder also shall submit a list of the subcontractors the bidder proposes to contract with and the class of work to be performed by each. In order to qualify for inclusion in the bidder's list a subcontractor shall first submit a bid in writing, to the general contractor at least 48 hours prior to the time of the bid closing. The list may not be added to or altered without the written consent of the municipality. A proposal of a bidder is not invalid if any subcontractor and the class of work to be performed by the subcontractor has been omitted from a proposal; the omission shall be considered inadvertent or the bidder will perform the work personally.

No subcontract, whether listed herein or later proposed, may be entered into without the written consent of the Engineer as provided in Subsection 108.1 of the Standard Specifications.

| Name of Subcontractor | Class of Work | Estimated Value |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------------|
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CERTIFICATION REGARDING DEBARMENT, SUSPENSION, AND OTHER RESPONSIBILITY MATTERS - PRIMARY COVERED TRANSACTIONS

Instructions for Certification

- By signing and submitting this proposal, the prospective contractor is providing the certification set out below.
- 2. The inability of a person to provide the certification required below will not necessarily result in denial of participation in this covered transaction. The prospective contractor shall submit an explanation of why it cannot provide the certification set out below. The certification or explanation will be considered in connection with the department or agency's determination whether to enter into this transaction. However, failure of the prospective contractor to furnish a certification or an explanation shall disqualify such person from participation in this transaction.
- 3. The certification in this clause is a material representation of fact upon which reliance was placed when the department determined to enter into this transaction. If it is later determined that the contractor knowingly rendered an erroneous certification in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.
- 4. The prospective contractor shall provide immediate written notice to the department to whom this proposal is submitted if at any time the prospective contractor learns that its certification was erroneous when submitted or has become erroneous by reason of changed circumstances.
- 5. The terms "covered transaction," "debarred," "suspended," "ineligible," "lower tier covered transaction," "participant," "person," "primary covered transaction," "principal," "proposal," and "voluntarily excluded," as used in this clause, have the meanings set out in the Definitions and Coverage sections of the rules implementing Executive Order 12549. You may contact the department to which this proposal is being submitted for assistance in obtaining a copy of those regulations.
- 6. The prospective contractor agrees by submitting this proposal that, should this contract be entered into, it shall not knowingly enter into any lower tier covered transaction with a person who is debarred, suspended, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from participation in this covered transaction, unless authorized by the department entering into this transaction.
- 7. The prospective contractor further agrees by submitting this proposal that it will include the clause titled "Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, Ineligibility and Voluntary Exclusion-Lower Tier Covered Transaction," which is included as an addendum to PR- 1273 "Required Contract Provisions Federal Aid Construction Contracts," without modification, in all lower tier covered transactions and in all solicitations for lower tier covered transactions.
- 8. The contractor may rely upon a certification of a prospective subcontractor/materials supplier that it is not debarred, suspended, ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from the covered transaction, unless it knows that the certification is erroneous. A contractor may decide the method and frequency by which it determines the eligibility of its principals. Each contractor may, but is not required to, check the Disapproval List (telephone # 608/266/1631).

- 9. Nothing contained in the foregoing shall be construed to require establishment of a system of records in order to render in good faith the certification required by this clause. The knowledge and information of a contractor is not required to exceed that which is normally possessed by a prudent person in the ordinary course of business dealings.
- 10. Except for transactions authorized under paragraph 6 of these instructions, if a contractor in a covered transaction knowingly enters into a lower tier covered transaction with a person who is suspended, debarred, ineligible or voluntarily excluded from participation in this transaction, in addition to other remedies available to the Federal Government, the department may terminate this transaction for cause or default.

<u>Certification Regarding Debarment, Suspension, and Other Responsibility Matters - Primary Covered Transactions</u>

- 1. The prospective contractor certifies to the best of its knowledge and belief, that it and its principals:
 - (a) Are not presently debarred, suspended, proposed for debarment, declared ineligible, or voluntarily excluded from covered transactions by any Federal department or agency;
 - (b) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal been convicted of or had a civil judgment rendered against them for commission of fraud or a criminal offense in connection with obtaining, attempting to obtain, or performing a public (Federal, State or local) transaction or contract under a public transaction; violation of Federal or State antitrust statutes or commission of embezzlement, theft, forgery, bribery, falsification or destruction of records, making false statements or receiving stolen property;
 - (c) Are not presently indicted for or otherwise criminally or civilly charged by a governmental entity (Federal, State or local) with commission of any of the offense enumerated in paragraph (1)(b) of this certification; and
 - (d) Have not within a three-year period preceding this proposal had one or more public transactions (Federal, State or local) terminated for cause or default.
- 2. Where the prospective contractor is unable to certify to any of the statements in this certification, such prospective contractor shall attach an explanation to this proposal.

Special Provisions

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STSP'S Revised January 5, 2024 SPECIAL PROVISIONS

1. General.

Perform the work under this construction contract for Project 1011-00-82, Madison – Portage, South County Line to STH 60, IH 39, Columbia County, Wisconsin as the plans show and execute the work as specified in the State of Wisconsin, Department of Transportation, Standard Specifications for Highway and Structure Construction, 2024 Edition, as published by the department, and these special provisions.

If all or a portion of the plans and special provisions are developed in the SI metric system and the schedule of prices is developed in the US standard measure system, the department will pay for the work as bid in the US standard system.

100-005 (20240105)

2. Scope of Work.

The work under this contract shall consist of HMA overlay, base aggregate dense, traffic control, pavement markings, guardrail replacements, and all incidental items necessary to complete the work as shown on the plans and included in the proposal and contract.

104-005 (20090901)

3. Prosecution and Progress.

Begin work within 10 calendar days after the engineer issues a written notice to do so.

Provide the start date to the engineer in writing within a month after executing the contract but at least 14 calendar days before the preconstruction conference. Upon approval, the engineer will issue the notice to proceed within 10 calendar days before the approved start date.

To revise the start date, submit a written request to the engineer at least two weeks before the intended start date. The engineer will approve or deny that request based on the conditions cited in the request and its effect on the department's scheduled resources.

The contract time for completion is based on an expedited work schedule and may require extraordinary forces and equipment.

Enhanced Final Liquidated Damages

Replace standard spec 108.11 paragraph (3) as follows:

The department will assess \$5,000 in daily liquidated damages. These liquidated damages reflect the cost of engineering, supervision, and a portion of road user costs.

Northern Long-eared Bat (Myotis septentrionalis)

Northern long-eared bats (NLEB) have the potential to inhabit the project limits because they roost in trees, bridges, and culverts. Roosts may not have been observed on this project, but conditions to support the species exist. The species and all active roosts are protected by the federal Endangered Species Act. If an individual bat or active roost is encountered during construction operations, stop work, and notify the engineer and the WisDOT Regional Environmental Coordinator (REC).

Ensure all operators, employees, and subcontractors working in areas of known or presumed bat habitat are aware of environmental commitments and avoidance and minimization measures (AMMs) to protect both bats and their habitat.

Direct temporary lighting, if used, away from wooded areas during the bat active season April 1 to October 31, both dates inclusive.

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Contractor means and methods to remove trees will not be allowed. If it is determined that trees with a 3-inch or greater diameter at breast height (dbh) need to be removed beyond contractor means and methods, notify the engineer to coordinate with the WisDOT REC to determine if consultation with United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS) is required. The contractor must be aware that the WisDOT REC and/or USFWS may not permit modifications.

Schedule of Operations and Construction Staging

Conform to the schedule of operations described below and as described under the Traffic article, unless modifications are approved in writing by the engineer.

Project 1011-00-82:

Stage 1A

Complete northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 median lane and inside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 1B

Complete northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 2A

Complete northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 median inlet adjustments, median lane and inside shoulder paving (second lift) and inside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 2B

Complete northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (second lift) and outside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 3A

Complete southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 median lane and inside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 3B

Complete southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 4A

Complete southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 median inlet adjustments, median lane and inside shoulder paving (second lift), crash cushions, and inside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 4B

Complete southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (second lift), outside shoulder rumble strips, and guardrail replacements.

Work Restrictions

Do not close traffic lanes or shoulders on IH 39/90/94 outside the allowed time periods specified in the Traffic article of these special provisions. Assessments per the Lane Rental Fee Assessment article will be charged for lane closures outside the allowed time periods.

Do not remove guardrail without a lane closure. Do not reopen lane closure until guardrail installation is complete. Guardrail installation must be completed within 72 hours from when the existing guardrail is initially removed.

Do not remove median crash cushions without a lane closure. Do not reopen lane closure until blunt ends are protected.

A maximum of 20 days of single lane closures will be allowed to complete non HMA paving work. Assessments per the Lane Rental Fee Assessment article will be charged for lane closures outside the allowed time periods, or for additional days.

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4. Lane Rental Fee Assessment.

A General

The contract designates some lane closures to perform the work. The contractor will not incur a Lane Rental Fee Assessment for closing lanes during the allowable lane closure times. The contractor will incur a Lane Rental Fee Assessment for each lane closure outside of the allowable lane closure times. If a lane is obstructed at any time due to contractor operations, it is considered a closure. The purpose of lane rental is to enforce compliance of lane restrictions and discourage unnecessary closures.

The allowable lane closure times are shown in the Traffic article.

Submit the dates of the proposed lane, ramp, and roadway restrictions to the engineer as part of the progress schedule.

B Lane Rental Fee Assessment

The Lane Rental Fee Assessment incurred for each lane closure, each ramp closure, and each full closure of a roadway, per direction of travel, is as follows:

- \$10,000 per lane, per direction of travel, per hour broken into 15-minute increments

The Lane Rental Fee Assessment represents a portion of the cost of the interference and inconvenience to the road users for each closure. All lane, roadway, or ramp closure event increments 15 minutes and less will be assessed as a 15-minute increment.

The engineer, or designated representative, will be the sole authority in determining time period length for the Lane Rental Fee Assessment.

Lane Rental Fee Assessments will not be assessed for closures due to crashes, accidents or emergencies not initiated by the contractor.

The department will assess Lane Rental Fee Assessment by the dollar under the administrative item Failing to Open Road to Traffic. The total dollar amount of Lane Rental Fee Assessment will be computed by multiplying the Lane Rental Assessment Rate by the number of 15-minute increments of each lane closure event as described above.

Lane Rental Fee Assessment will be in effect from the time of the Notice to Proceed until the department issues final acceptance. If interim completion time or contract time expires before the completion of specified work in the contract, additional liquidated damages will be assessed as specified in standard spec 108.11 or as specified within this contract.

stp-108-070 (20161130)

5. Traffic.

Work Zone Speed Limits

Reduce the speed limit within the work zone to 55 MPH when lanes are closed and/or workers are within 12 feet of live traffic. Return the speed limit to 70 MPH when all lanes are open to traffic.

The following is a general overview of the traffic control and staging required throughout all stages of the project. The staging requirements are described further in the Prosecution and Progress article of these special provisions.

Traffic Operations

Stage 1A

Close northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 median shoulder, inside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in outside lane. Complete median lane and inside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 1B

Close northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 outside shoulder, outside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in inside lane. Complete center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (first lift).

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Stage 2A

Close northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 median shoulder, inside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in outside lane. Complete median lane and inside shoulder paving (second lift) and inside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 2B

Close northbound IH 39 and westbound IH 90/94 outside shoulder, outside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in inside lane. Complete center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (second lift) and outside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 3A

Close southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 median shoulder, inside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in outside lane. Complete median lane and inside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 3B

Close southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 outside shoulder, outside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in inside lane. Complete center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (first lift).

Stage 4A

Close southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 median shoulder, inside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in outside lane. Complete median lane and inside shoulder paving (second lift) and inside shoulder rumble strips.

Stage 4B

Close southbound IH 39 and eastbound IH 90/94 outside shoulder, outside lane, and center lane during nighttime lane closures. Maintain traffic in inside lane. Complete center lane, outside lane, and outside shoulder paving (second lift), outside shoulder rumble strips, and guardrail replacements.

Lane and Shoulder Closures

Single and double lane closures on northbound IH 39 / westbound IH 90/94 and southbound IH 39 / eastbound IH 90/94 will be allowed during permitted lane closure times defined below in this article. During the times when one or two lanes are allowed to be closed, a minimum clear width of 16 feet, including the adjacent shoulder, shall be maintained at all times. When outside the permitted lane closure times or when there is no work being performed, all three lanes must remain open to traffic. Times listed for lane and shoulder closures include setup and breakdown of any equipment and traffic control devices.

| IH 39/90/94 | ID 1011-00-82, Lane Closures | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| NB / WB (July, August) | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| Single Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 10AM & Sun 4PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 7AM & Mon 5PM – Tue 12AM | All times of the day | Wed 12AM – Wed 2PM & Wed 7PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 11AM & Thur 7PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 6AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 9AM & Sat 4PM – Sun 12AM |
| Double Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 7AM & Sun 8PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 7AM & Mon 9PM – Tue 12AM | Tue 12AM – Tue 7AM & Tue 9PM – Wed 12AM | Wed 12AM – Wed 6AM & Wed 9PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 6AM & Thur 10PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 6AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 7AM & Sat 8PM – Sun 12AM |

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| IH 39/90/94 | ID 1011-00-82, Lane Closures | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|--|
| NB / WB (Sept, Oct) | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| Single Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 10AM & Sun 4PM – Mon 12AM | All times of the day | All times of the day | All times of the day | Thur 12AM – Thur 2PM & Thur 7PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 7AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 9AM & Sat 4PM – Sun 12AM |
| Double Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 7AM & Sun 9PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 7AM & Mon 9PM – Tue 12AM | Tue 12AM – Tue 7AM & Tue 9PM – Wed 12AM | Wed 12AM – Wed 7AM & Wed 9PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 7AM & Thur 10PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 7AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 7AM & Sat 9PM – Sun 12AM |

| IH 39/90/94 | ID 1011-00-82, Lane Closures | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|---|---|--|--|---|---|
| SB / EB (July, August) | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| Single Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 6AM & Sun 10PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 11AM & Mon 6PM – Tue 12AM | Tue 12AM – Tue 11AM & Tue 6PM – Wed 12AM | Wed 12AM – Wed 11AM & Wed 6PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 11AM & Thur 6PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 11AM & Fri 6PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 10AM & Sat 4PM – Sun 12AM |
| Double Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 6AM & Sun 10PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 5AM & Mon 9PM – Tue 12AM | Tue 12AM – Tue 5AM & Tue 9PM – Wed 12AM | Wed 12AM – Wed 5AM & Wed 9PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 5AM & Thur 10PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 6AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 6AM & Sat 10PM – Sun 12AM |

| IH 39/90/94 | 1D 1011-00-82, Lane Closures | | | | | | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|--|---|--|---|---|
| SB / EB (Sept, Oct) | Sunday | Monday | Tuesday | Wednesday | Thursday | Friday | Saturday |
| Single Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 10AM & Sun 6PM – Mon 12AM | All times of the day | All times of the day | All times of the day | Thur 12AM – Thur 2PM & Thur 6PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 6AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 10AM & Sat 4PM – Sun 12AM |
| Double Lane Closure Allowed | Sun 12AM – Sun 6AM & Sun 8PM – Mon 12AM | Mon 12AM – Mon 6AM & Mon 8PM – Tue 12AM | Tue 12AM – Tue 6AM & Tue 8PM – Wed 12AM | Wed 12AM – Wed 6AM & Wed 8PM – Thur 12AM | Thur 12AM – Thur 6AM & Thur 10PM – Fri 12AM | Fri 12AM – Fri 6AM & Fri 10PM – Sat 12AM | Sat 12AM – Sat 6AM & Sat 8PM – Sun 12AM |

Ramp Closures

Ramp closures are to only be allowed overnight, from 10:00 PM to 11:59 PM and 12:00 AM to 6:00 AM.

Traffic Control

Use drums or other traffic control devices to direct vehicular traffic in the work zone and to protect and delineate hazards such as abrupt drop-offs.

Place roadway signing and roadway temporary pavement marking as directed by the engineer and in conformance to the Wisconsin Manual on Uniform Traffic Control Devices (WMUTCD), latest edition. Traffic control shall be completely in place before traffic is switched, or as directed by the engineer.

Do not deliver or store materials and equipment within open travel lanes or open side roads during any stage of construction. Conduct operations in a manner that will cause the least interference to traffic.

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Advance Notification

Notify the organizations below 48 hours in advance of the start of work, closures of existing roads, and prior to traffic control changes. Notifications must be given by 4:00 PM on Thursday for such work to be done on the following Monday.

State Patrol/County Sheriff/Local Police

Wisconsin State Patrol – De Forest Office (608) 846-8500

Columbia County Sheriff (608) 742-4166

Lodi Police Department (608) 592-5401

Fire Departments/EMS/Ambulance

Lodi Area Fire Department (608) 592-3221

Lodi Area EMS (608) 592-7123

School Districts

Lodi School District (608) 592-3851

Wisconsin Lane Closure System Advance Notification

Provide the following advance notification to the engineer for incorporation into the Wisconsin Lane Closure System (LCS).

TABLE 108-1 CLOSURE TYPE AND REQUIRED MINIMUM ADVANCE NOTIFICATION

| Closure type with height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction < 16 feet) | MINIMUM NOTIFICATION |
|--|---------------------------------|
| Lane and shoulder closures | 7 calendar days |
| Full roadway closures | 7 calendar days |
| Ramp closures | 7 calendar days |
| Detours | 7 calendar days |
| Closure type without height, weight, or width restrictions (available width, all lanes in one direction ≥ 16 feet) | MINIMUM NOTIFICATION |
| | |
| Shoulder Closures | 3 calendar days |
| Shoulder Closures Lane closures | 3 calendar days 3 business days |
| | , |

Discuss LCS completion dates and provide changes in the schedule to the engineer at weekly project meetings in order to manage closures nearing their completion date.

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Construction Access

All construction access is subject to approval of the engineer.

Construction traffic cannot travel counter-directional adjacent to IH 39/90/94 traffic.

Construction operations affecting the traveling public's safety on IH 39/90/94 will not be allowed during snow and ice conditions, or any other adverse weather conditions, unless approved by the engineer.

Construction vehicle access to and from live lanes of traffic shall only occur during those hours identified as IH 39/90/94 lane closure times.

Construction vehicle access to and from live lanes while completing HMA paving shall only occur during those hours identified as IH 39/90/94 Permitted Double Lane Closure Times.

Construction vehicles shall only access the work zones using ingress and egress at the beginning and ending of the work zone. Access to or from live traffic lanes adjacent the work zone is not permitted.

6. Holiday and Special Event Work Restrictions.

Do not perform work on, nor haul materials of any kind along or across any portion of the highway carrying IH 39/90/94 traffic, and entirely clear the traveled way and shoulders of such portions of the highway of equipment, barricades, signs, lights, and any other material that might impede the free flow of traffic during the following holiday and special event periods:

- From noon Wednesday, July 3, 2024 to 6:00 AM Monday, July 8, 2024 for Independence Day;
- From noon Friday, August 30, 2024 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, September 3, 2024 for Labor Day;
- From noon Friday, October 11, 2024 to 6:00 AM Tuesday, October 15, 2024 for Columbus Day.

stp-107-005 (20210113)

7. Utilities.

This contract comes under the provision of Administrative Rule Trans 220.

stp-107-065 (20080501)

The utility work plan includes additional detailed information regarding the location of known discontinued, relocated, or removed utility facilities. These can be requested during the bid preparation process or from the project engineer after the contract has been awarded and executed.

ATC Management Inc - Electricity - Transmission

ATC has 345 kV transmission facilities within the project limits. There are no anticipated conflicts.

The following utility owners have facilities within the project area; however, no adjustments are anticipated:

AT&T Legacy – Communication
Alliant Energy – Electricity
Everstream – Communication Line

8. Removing Asphaltic Longitudinal Notched Wedge Joint Milling, Item 204.0126.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the milling and removing of the upper layer HMA longitudinal notched wedge joint, including sweeping and cleaning of the affected area prior to paving the adjacent lane. Follow drop-off and hazard protection in standard spec 104.6.1.2.3.

B (Vacant)

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C Construction

Prior to paving the adjacent upper layer HMA lane, mill longitudinal notched wedge joint to a true line with a face perpendicular to the surface of the existing asphaltic surface pavement as the plans show or the engineer directs. Provide a uniform milled surface that is reasonably plane, free of excessively large scarification marks, and has the grade and transverse slope the plans show, or the engineer directs. Do not damage the remaining pavement.

Use a self-propelled milling machine with depth, grade, and slope controls. Shroud the drum to prevent discharging loosened material onto the adjacent work areas or live traffic lanes. Provide an engineer-approved dust control system.

Thoroughly clean the milled surface and completely remove all millings from the project site. Unless using a continuous removal and pick-up operation, do not windrow or store material on the roadway. Clear the roadway of all material and equipment during non-working hours. The contractor becomes the owner of the removed asphaltic pavement and is responsible for the disposal as specified in standard spec 204.3.1.3.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Asphaltic Longitudinal Notched Wedge Joint Milling by the linear foot unit for all wedge joints, acceptably removed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

UNIT

204.0126.S

Removing Asphaltic Longitudinal Notched Wedge Joint Milling

LF

Payment is full compensation for milling, removing, sweeping, cleaning, and disposing of materials. stp-204-045 (20191121)

9. Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch, Item 305.0110.

Add the following to standard spec 301.2.4.3:

Furnish only aggregate classified as crushed stone for Dense 3/4-Inch when used in the top 3 inches of the unpaved portion of the shoulder or for unpaved driveways and field entrances.

swr-305-001 (20170711)

10. QMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density.

A Description

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 (1) and standard spec 460.3.3.2 (4) with the following:

- (1) This special provision describes density testing of in-place HMA pavement with the use of nuclear density gauges. Conform to standard spec 460 except as modified in this special provision.
- (2) Provide and maintain a quality control program defined as all activities and documentation of the following:
 - 1. Selection of test sites.
 - 2. Testing.
 - 3. Necessary adjustments in the process.
 - 4. Process control inspection.
- (3) Chapter 8 of the department's construction and materials manual (CMM) provides additional detailed guidance for QMP work and describes required procedures.

https://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-08-00.pdf

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(4) The department's Materials Reporting System (MRS) software allows contractors to submit data to the department electronically, estimate pay adjustments, and print selected reports. Qualified personnel may obtain MRS software from the department's web site at:

http://www.atwoodsystems.com/

B Materials

B.1 Personnel

(1) Nuclear gauge owners and personnel using nuclear gauges shall comply with WisDOT requirements according to 460.3.3 and CMM 815.

B.2 Testing

(1) Conform to WTM T355 and CMM 815 for density testing and gauge monitoring methods. Conform to CMM 815.10.4 for test duration and gauge placement.

B.3 Equipment

B.3.1 General

- (1) Furnish nuclear gauges according to CMM 815.2.
- (2) Furnish nuclear gauges from the department's approved product list at

https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/eng-consultants/cnslt-rsrces/tools/appr-prod/default.aspx

B.3.2 Comparison of Nuclear Gauges

B.3.2.1 Comparison of QC and QV Nuclear Gauges

(1) Compare QC and QV nuclear gauges according to WTM T355.

B.3.2.2 Reference Site Monitoring

(1) Conduct reference site monitoring for both QC and QV gauges according to WTM T355.

B.4 Quality Control Testing and Documentation

B.4.1 Lot and Sublot Requirements

B.4.1.1 Mainline Traffic Lanes, Shoulders, and Appurtenances

- (1) Divide the pavement into lots and sublots for nuclear density testing according to CMM 815.10.2.
- (2) Determine required number of tests according to CMM 815.10.2.1.
- (3) Determine random testing locations according to CMM 815.10.3.

B.4.1.2 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

- (1) Divide the pavement into lots and sublots for nuclear density testing according to CMM 815.10.2.
- (2) Determine required number of tests according to CMM 815.10.2.2.
- (3) Determine random testing locations according to CMM 815.10.3.

B.4.2 Pavement Density Determination

B.4.2.1 Mainline Traffic Lanes and Appurtenances

- (1) Calculate the average sublot densities using the individual test results in each sublot.
- (2) If all sublot averages are no more than one percent below the target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging the results of each random QC test taken on that day's material.
- (3) If any sublot average is more than one percent below the target density, do not include the individual test results from that sublot when computing the lot average density and remove that sublot's tonnage from the daily quantity for incentive. The tonnage from any such sublot is subject to disincentive pay as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.2.

B.4.2.2 Mainline Shoulders

B.4.2.2.1 Width Greater Than 5 Feet

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

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B.4.2.2.2 Width of 5 Feet or Less

- (1) If all sublot test results are no more than 3.0 percent below the minimum target density, calculate the daily lot density by averaging all individual test results for the day.
- (2) If a sublot test result is more than 3.0 percent below the target density, the engineer may require the unacceptable material to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine the limits of the unacceptable material according to B.4.3.

B.4.2.3 Side Roads, Crossovers, Turn Lanes, Ramps, and Roundabouts

(1) Determine the pavement density as specified in B.4.2.1.

B.4.2.4 Documentation

(1) Document QC density test data as specified in CMM 815. Provide the engineer with the data for each lot within 24 hours of completing the QC testing for the lot.

B.4.3 Corrective Action

- (1) Notify the engineer immediately when an individual test is more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum in standard spec 460.3.3.1. Investigate and determine the cause of the unacceptable test result.
- (2) The engineer may require unacceptable material specified in B.4.3(1) to be removed and replaced with acceptable material or allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent pay reduction. Determine limits of the unacceptable area by measuring density of the layer at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the point of unacceptable density and at the same offset as the original test site. Continue testing at 50-foot increments until a point of acceptable density is found as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.2(1). Removal and replacement of material may be required if extended testing is in a previously accepted sublot. Testing in a previously accepted sublot will not be used to recalculate a new lot density.
- (3) Compute unacceptable pavement area using the product of the longitudinal limits of the unacceptable density and the full sublot width within the traffic lanes or shoulders.
- (4) Retesting and acceptance of replaced pavement will be as specified in standard spec 105.3.
- (5) Tests indicating density more than 3.0 percent below the specified minimum, and further tests taken to determine the limits of unacceptable area, are excluded from the computations of the sublot and lot densities.
- (6) If two consecutive sublot averages within the same paving pass and same target density are more than one percent below the specified target density, notify the engineer and take necessary corrective action. Document the locations of such sublots and the corrective action that was taken.

B.5 Department Testing

B.5.1 Verification Testing

- (1) The department will have a HTCP certified technician, or ACT working under a certified technician, perform verification testing. The department will test randomly at locations independent of the contractor's QC work. The department will perform verification testing at a minimum frequency of 10 percent of the sublots and a minimum of one sublot per mix design. The sublots selected will be within the active work zone. The contractor will supply the necessary traffic control for the department's testing activities.
- (2) The QV tester will test each selected sublot using the same testing requirements and frequencies as the QC tester.
- (3) If the verification sublot average is not more than one percent below the specified minimum target density, use the QC tests for acceptance.
- (4) If the verification sublot average is more than one percent below the specified target density, compare the QC and QV sublot averages. If the QV sublot average is within 1.0 lb/ft³ of the QC sublot average, use the QC tests for acceptance.
- (5) If the first QV/QC sublot average comparison shows a difference of more than 1.0 lb/ft³ each tester will perform an additional set of tests within that sublot. Combine the additional tests with the original set of tests to compute a new sublot average for each tester. If the new QV and QC sublot averages compare to within 1.0 lb/ft³, use the original QC tests for acceptance.

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(6) If the QV and QC sublot averages differ by more than 1.0 lb/ft³ after a second set of tests, resolve the difference with dispute resolution specified in B.6. The engineer will notify the contractor immediately when density deficiencies or testing precision exceeding the allowable differences are observed.

B.5.2 Independent Assurance Testing

(1) Independent assurance is unbiased testing the department performs to evaluate the department's verification and the contractor's QC sampling and testing including personnel qualifications, procedures, and equipment. The department will perform the independent assurance review according to the department's independent assurance program.

B.6 Dispute Resolution

- (1) The testers may perform investigation in the work zone by analyzing the testing, calculation, and documentation procedures. The testers may perform gauge comparison according to B.3.2.1.
- (2) The testers may use comparison monitoring according to B.3.2.2 to determine if one of the gauges is out of tolerance. If a gauge is found to be out of tolerance with its reference value, remove the gauge from the project and use the other gauge's test results for acceptance.
- (3) If the testing discrepancy cannot be identified, the contractor may elect to accept the QV sublot density test results or retesting of the sublot in dispute within 48 hours of paving. Traffic control costs will be split between the department and the contractor.
- (4) If investigation finds that both gauges are in error, the contractor and engineer will reach a decision on resolution through mutual agreement.

B.7 Acceptance

- (1) The department will not accept QMP HMA Pavement Nuclear Density if a non-compared gauge is used for contractor QC tests.
 - C (Vacant)
 - D (Vacant)
 - **E** Payment

E.1 QMP Testing

(1) Costs for all sampling, testing, and documentation required under this special provision are incidental to the work. If the contractor fails to perform the work required under this special provision, the department may reduce the contractor's pay. The department will administer pay reduction under the Non-performance of QMP administrative item.

E.2 Disincentive for HMA Pavement Density

(1) The department will administer density disincentives as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.2.

E.3 Incentive for HMA Pavement Density

(1) The department will administer density incentives as specified in standard spec 460.5.2.3. stp-460-020 (20230629)

11. HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics, Item 460.0105.S; HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density, Item 460.0110.S.

A Description

This special provision describes the Hot Mix Asphalt (HMA) density and volumetric testing tolerances required for an HMA test strip. An HMA test strip is required for contracts constructed under HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP. A density test strip is required for each pavement layer placed over a specific, uniform underlying material, unless specified otherwise in the plans. Each contract is restricted to a single mix design per mix type per layer (e.g., upper layer and lower layer may have different mix type specified or may have the same mix type with different mix designs). Each mix design requires a separate test strip. Density and volumetrics testing will be conducted on the same test strip whenever possible.

Perform work according to standard spec 460 and as follows.

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B Materials

Use materials conforming to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

C Construction

C.1 Test Strip

Submit the test strip start time and date to the department in writing at least 5 calendar days in advance of construction of the test strip. If the contractor fails to begin paving within 2 hours of the submitted start time, the test strip is delayed, and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance according to Section E of this document. Alterations to the start time and date must be submitted to the department in writing a minimum of 24 hours prior to the start time. The contractor will not be liable for changes in start time related to adverse weather days as defined by standard spec 101.3 or equipment breakdown verified by the department.

On the first day of production for a test strip, produce approximately 750 tons of HMA. (Note: adjust tonnage to accommodate natural break points in the project.) Locate test strips in a section of the roadway to allow a representative rolling pattern (i.e. not a ramp or shoulder, etc.).

C.1.1 Sampling and Testing Intervals

C.1.1.1 Volumetrics

Laboratory testing will be conducted from a split sample yielding three components, with portions designated for QC (quality control), QV (quality verification), and retained.

During production for the test strip, obtain sufficient HMA mixture for three-part split samples from trucks prior to departure from the plant. Collect three split samples during the production of test strip material. Perform sampling from the truck box and three-part splitting of HMA according to WTM R47. These three samples will be randomly selected by the engineer from each *third* of the test strip tonnage (T), excluding the first 50 tons:

| Sample Number | <u>Production Interval (tons)</u> |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1 | 50 to 1/3 T |
| 2 | 1/3 T to 2/3 T |
| 3 | 2/3 T to T |

C.1.1.2 Density

Required field tests include contractor QC and department QV nuclear density gauge tests and pavement coring at ten individual locations (five in each half of the test strip length) according to Appendix A: *Test Methods and Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Both QV and QC teams shall have two nuclear density gauges present for correlation at the time the test strip is constructed. QC and QV teams may wish to scan with additional gauges at the locations detailed in Appendix A, as only gauges used during the test strip correlation phase will be allowed.

C.1.2 Field Tests

C.1.2.1 Density

For contracts that include STSP 460-020 QMP Density in addition to PWL, a gauge comparison according to WTM T355 shall be completed prior to the day of test strip construction. Daily standardization of gauges on reference blocks and a project reference site shall be performed according to WTM T355. A standard count shall be performed for each gauge on the material placed for the test strip, prior to any additional data collection. Nuclear gauge readings and pavement cores shall be used to determine nuclear gauge correlation according to Appendix A. The two to three readings for the five locations across the mat for each of two zones shall be provided to the engineer. The engineer will analyze the readings of each gauge relative to the densities of the cores taken at each location. The engineer will determine the average difference between the nuclear gauge density readings and the measured core densities to be used as a constant offset value. This offset will be used to adjust raw density readings of the specific gauge and shall appear on the density data sheet along with gauge and project identification. An offset is specific to the mix and layer; therefore, a separate value shall be determined for each layer of each mix placed over a differing underlying material for the contract. This constitutes correlation of that individual gauge for the given layer. Two gauges per team are not required to be onsite daily after completion of the test strip. Any data collected without a correlated gauge will not be accepted.

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The contractor is responsible for coring the pavement from the footprint of the density tests and filling core holes according to Appendix A. Coring and filling of pavement core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Testing of cores shall be conducted by the contractor and witnessed by department personnel. The contractor is responsible for drying the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following laboratory testing and will be responsible for any verification testing at the discretion of the engineer.

The target maximum density to be used in determining core density is the average of the three volumetric/mix Gmm values from the test strip multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. In the event mix and density portions of the test strip procedure are separated, or if an additional density test strip is required, the mix portion must be conducted prior to density determination. The target maximum density to determine core densities shall then be the Gmm four-test running average (or three-test average from a PWL volumetric-only test strip) from the end of the previous day's production multiplied by 62.24 lb/ft³. If no PWL production QV volumetric test is to be taken in a density-only test strip, a non-random QV test will be taken according to 460.2.8.3.1.4 as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP and if non-conforming to C.2.1 herein, follow corrective action outlined in 460.2.8.2.1.7(4) as modified in HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and reported according to CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3. No density incentive or disincentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. However, unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.

C.1.3 Laboratory Tests

C.1.3.1 Volumetrics

Obtain random samples according to C.1.1.1 and Appendix A. Perform tests the same day as taking the sample.

Theoretical maximum specific gravities of each mixture sample will be obtained. Bulk specific gravities of both gyratory compacted samples and field cores shall be determined. The bulk specific gravity values determined from field cores shall be used to calculate a correction factor (i.e., offset) for each QC and QV nuclear density gauge. The correction factor will be used throughout the remainder of the layer.

C.2 Acceptance

C.2.1 Volumetrics

Produce mix conforming to the following limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances based on most recent JMF):

| ITEM | ACCEPTANCE LIMITS |
|---|-------------------|
| Percent passing given sieve: | |
| 37.5-mm | +/- 8.0 |
| 25.0-mm | +/- 8.0 |
| 19.0-mm | +/- 7.5 |
| 12.5-mm | +/- 7.5 |
| 9.5-mm | +/- 7.5 |
| 2.36-mm | +/- 7.0 |
| 75-µm | +/- 3.0 |
| Asphaltic content in percent ^[1] | - 0.5 |
| Air Voids | -1.5 & +2.0 |
| VMA in percent ^[2] | - 1.0 |
| Maximum specific gravity | +/- 0.024 |

^[1] Asphalt content more than -0.5% below the JMF will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction.

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^[2] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.

QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.

Calculation of air voids shall use either the QC, QV, or retained split sample test results, as identified by conducting the paired t-test with the WisDOT PWL Test Strip Spreadsheet.

If QC and QV test results do not correlate as determined by the split sample comparison, the retained split sample will be tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel as a referee test. Additional investigation shall be conducted to identify the source of the difference between QC and QV data. Referee data will be used to determine material conformance and pay.

C.2.2 Density

Compact all layers of test strip HMA mixture according to Table 460-3.

Nuclear density gauges are acceptable for use on the project only if correlation is completed for that gauge during the time of the test strip and the department issues documentation of acceptance stating the correlation offset value specific to the gauge and mix design. The offset is not to be entered into any nuclear density gauge as it will be applied by the department-furnished Field Density Worksheet.

C.2.3 Test Strip Approval and Material Conformance

All applicable laboratory and field testing associated with a test strip shall be completed prior to any additional mainline placement of the mix. All test reports shall be submitted to the department upon completion and approved before paving resumes. The department will notify the contractor within 24 hours from start of test strip regarding approval to proceed with paving unless an alternate time frame is agreed upon in writing with the department. The 24-hour approval time includes only working days as defined in standard spec 101.3.

The department will evaluate material conformance and make pay adjustments based on the PWL value of air voids and density for the test strip. The QC core densities and QC and QV mix results will be used to determine the PWL values as calculated according to Appendix A.

The PWL values for air voids and density shall be calculated after determining core densities. An approved test strip is defined as the individual PWL values for air voids and density both being equal to or greater than 75, mixture volumetric properties conforming to the limits specified in C.2.1, and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation. Further clarification on PWL test strip approval and appropriate post-test strip actions are shown in the following table:

PWL TEST STRIP APPROVAL AND MATERIAL CONFORMANCE CRITERIA

| PWL VALUE FOR AIR VOIDS AND DENSITY | TEST STRIP APPROVAL | MATERIAL CONFORMANCE | POST-TEST STRIP ACTION |
|--|------------------------|---|---|
| Both PWL ≥ 75 | Approved ¹ | Material paid for according to Section E | Proceed with Production |
| 50 ≤ Either PWL < 75 | Not Approved | Material paid for according to Section E | Consult BTS to determine need for additional test strip |
| Either PWL < 50 | Not Approved | Unacceptable material removed and replaced or paid for at 50% of the contract unit price according to Section E | Construct additional Volumetrics or Density test strip as necessary |

¹ In addition to these PWL criteria, mixture volumetric properties must conform to the limits specified in C.2.1, split sample comparison must have a passing result and an acceptable gauge-to-core correlation must be completed.

A maximum of two test strips will be allowed to remain in place per pavement layer per contract. If material is removed, a new test strip shall replace the previous one at no additional cost to the department. If the contractor changes the mix design for a given mix type during a contract, no additional compensation will be paid by the department for the required additional test strip and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the additional test strip according to Section E of this special provision. For simultaneously conducted density and volumetric test strip components, the following must be achieved:

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- i. Passing/Resolution of Split Sample Comparison
- ii. Volumetrics/mix PWL value > 75
- iii. Density PWL value > 75
- iv. Acceptable correlation

If not conducted simultaneously, the mix portion of a test strip must accomplish (i) and (ii), while density must accomplish (iii) and (iv). If any applicable criteria are not achieved for a given test strip, the engineer, with authorization from the department's Bureau of Technical Services, will direct an additional test strip (or alternate plan approved by the department) be conducted to prove the criteria can be met prior to additional paving of that mix. For a density-only test strip, determination of mix conformance will be according to main production, i.e., HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP special provision.

D Measurement

The department will measure HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip as each unit of work, acceptably completed as passing the required air void, VMA, asphalt content, gradation, and density correlation for a Test Strip. Material quantities shall be determined according to standard spec 450.4 and detailed here within.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

| ITEM NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | UNIT |
|-------------|--|------|
| 460.0105.S | HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics | EACH |
| 460.0110.S | HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density | EACH |

These items are intended to compensate the contractor for the construction of the test strip for contracts paved under the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP article.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics is full compensation for volumetric sampling, splitting, and testing, and for the proper labeling, handling, and retention of the split samples.

Payment for HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density is full compensation for collecting and measuring of pavement cores, acceptably filling core holes, providing of nuclear gauges and operator(s), and all other work associated with completion of a core-to-gauge correlation, as directed by the engineer.

Acceptable HMA mixture placed on the project as part of a volumetric or density test strip will be compensated by the appropriate HMA Pavement bid item with any applicable pay adjustments. If a test strip is delayed as defined in C.1 of this document, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance, under the HMA Delayed Test Strip administrative item. If an additional test strip is required because the initial test strip is not approved by the department or the mix design is changed by the contractor, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each additional test strip (i.e., \$2,000 for each individual volumetrics or density test strip) under the HMA Additional Test Strip administrative item.

Pay adjustment will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on \$65/ton multiplied by the following pay adjustment:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

| PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS | PAYMENT FACTOR, PF |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| (PWL) | (percent of \$65/ton) |
| ≥ 90 to 100 | PF = ((PWL - 90) * 0.4) + 100 |
| ≥ 50 to < 90 | (PWL * 0.5) + 55 |
| <50 | 50% ^[1] |

where, PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted PFair voids and PFdensity

[1] Material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced, unless the engineer allows for such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

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For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density will be according to Table 460-3. Pay adjustment will be determined for an acceptably completed test strip and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

Pay Adjustment = $(PF-100)/100 \times (WP) \times (tonnage) \times (\$65/ton)^*$

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

| <u>Parameter</u> | <u>WP</u> |
|------------------|-----------|
| Air Voids | 0.5 |
| Density | 0.5 |

Individual Pay Factors for each air voids (PF_{air voids}) and density (PF_{density}) will be determined. PF_{air voids} will be multiplied by the total tonnage produced (i.e., from truck tickets), and PF_{density} will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., traffic lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.

The department will pay incentive for air voids under the following bid item:

| ITEM NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | UNIT |
|-------------|------------------------------------|------|
| 460.2005 | Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement | DOL |
| 460.2010 | Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement | DOL |

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

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12. HMA Pavement 4 SMA 58-28 V, Item 460.8624; HMA Pavement Test Strip Volumetrics, Item 460.0115.S;

HMA Pavement Test Strip Density, Item 460.0120.S.

A Description

Conform to standard spec 450 and 460 except as modified in this special provision.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 450.3.1.3 to require transfer vehicle for SMA:

(2) Use a Material Transfer Vehicle when constructing SMA pavement.

Add the following to standard spec 450.3.1.5 to prohibit rubber-tire roller on SMA:

(3) Do not use a rubber-tired roller for compaction of SMA pavement.

Add the following to standard spec 460.3.3.2 to require and define approval criteria for SMA test strips:

(5) Construct a test strip according to CMM 815.13 to correlate nuclear gauges to pavement cores according to WTM T 355, confirm SMA in-place density using cores and determine mixture air voids. Submit the test strip start time and date to the department in writing at least 5 calendar days in advance of construction of the test strip. The department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance according to Section E of this special provision if paving does not begin within 2 hours of the submitted start time, delaying the test strip. Alterations to the start time and date must be submitted to the department in writing a minimum of 24 hours prior to the start time. The contractor will not be liable for changes in start time related to adverse weather days as defined by standard spec 101.3 or equipment breakdown verified by the department.

Construct the test strip at the beginning of work for each SMA mixture, for each layer and for each thickness. All SMA test strip material produced shall meet the requirements in Tables 460-1 and 460-2 and conform to the JMF limits presented herein except as follows:

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ITEM JMF Limits

Asphaltic content in percent [1] - 0.5

VMA in percent[2] - 1.0

Air Voids in percent According to the SMA Test Strip Approval Criteria Below

- Asphalt content more than -0.5% below the JMF will be referee tested by BTS using automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1 as modified herein.

The test strip shall remain in place and become part of the completed pavement when acceptably produced, acceptably compacted, and meets finish and smoothness requirements. CMM 815 describes the SMA density and volumetric testing tolerances required for the test strip.

(6) The test strip is to be treated as a single/separate lot and will have densities and pay adjustments calculated accordingly. The department will test one of the two split samples for volumetrics to determine test strip approval. If the QV air void sample is outside of the limits for 100% pay (i.e., $3.2 \le Va \le 5.8$), send both QV-retained split samples to BTS for dispute resolution testing. The results from the BTS dispute resolution testing will determine material conformance and payment for the test strip according to the SMA Prorated Pay Factors Table in CMM 836.9.3.3. If QV and QC test results exceed testing tolerances (0.015 for Gmm or Gmb), both retained split samples will be tested by BTS. In this case, additional investigation shall be conducted to identify the source of the difference between QV and QC data and BTS referee test data will be used to determine material conformance and pay.

Pay adjustments made as part of dispute resolution on test strip material will be limited to the test strip and will not extend to material placed during main production nor will pay adjustments made on main production extend into the test strip. The department will notify the contractor within 24 hours of the start of test strip construction regarding approval to proceed with paving beyond the test strip. The department will evaluate mixture air voids, test strip density, and nuclear gauge to core correlation in determining test strip approval and material conformance according to the following:

SMA Test Strip Approval Criteria

| Approval / Material Conformance [1] | QV Air Voids | Average Density of All Cores [2] | Outcome of Test Strip for Contractor |
|---|-------------------------------------|--|---|
| Approved / Material Conforming | 3.2 <u>≤</u> Va <u>≤</u> 5.8 | ≥ 93.0 % | Proceed with production |
| Test Strip Approved / Material Nonconforming | 2.8 ≤ Va ≤ 3.2 or 5.8 < Va ≤ 6.2 | <u>≥</u> 91.0 % | Propose solution and proceed with production. Payment for material will be based on BTS referee tests. |
| Test Strip Not Approved / Material Nonconforming | 2.5 ≤ Va < 2.8 or 6.2 < Va ≤ 6.5 | < 91.0 % | Stop production, submit cause and solution, make additional 500-ton test strip. Payment for material will be based on BTS referee tests. |
| Test Strip and Material are Unacceptable ^[3] | Va < 2.5 or Va > 6.5 | < 90.0 % | Stop production, submit cause and solution, make additional 500-ton test strip, and complete new core to nuclear density gauge correlation. |

The overall result of each test strip will coincide with the more restrictive result from air voids or density.

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Individual nuclear density test results more than 3.0% below the minimum density requirement must be addressed according to CMM 815.11.

Unacceptable material will be removed and replaced at no additional cost to the department. Alternatively, the engineer may allow the material to remain in place with a 50 percent payment factor. Material allowed to remain in place requires another test strip prior to additional paying.

⁽⁷⁾ An acceptable core to nuclear density gauge correlation must be completed by both the contractor and department according to CMM 815 as part of the test strip.

(8) A maximum of two test strips will be allowed to remain in place per layer per contract. If the contractor changes the mix design for a given mix type during a contract, no additional compensation will be paid by the department for the required additional test strip and the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each additional test strip according to Section E of this special provision.

D Measurement

Add the following to standard spec 460.4:

(2) The department will measure HMA Pavement Test Strip Volumetrics and HMA Pavement Test Strip Density as each unit of work, acceptably completed, as described in CMM 815. Material quantities will be determined according to standard spec 450.4.

E Payment

Replace standard spec 460.5.1 with the following:

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

| ITEM NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | UNIT |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|------|
| 460.8624 | HMA Pavement 4 SMA 58-28 V | TON |
| 460.0115.S | HMA Pavement Test Strip Volumetrics | EACH |
| 460.0120.S | HMA Pavement Test Strip Density | EACH |

Payment for SMA is full compensation for providing SMA mixture designs; for preparing foundation; for volumetric and density testing and aggregate source testing; for asphalt binder from recycled sources; for asphalt binder modification or processes; and addition of fibers, fines, or filler.

Payment for HMA Pavement Test Strip Volumetrics is full compensation for volumetric sampling, splitting, and testing; and for proper labeling, handling; and retention of split samples.

Payment for HMA Pavement Test Strip Density is full compensation for collecting and measuring of pavement cores, acceptably filling core holes, providing of nuclear gauges and operator(s), and all other work associated with completion of a core-to-gauge correlation, as directed by the engineer.

The department will pay separately for a material transfer vehicle.

Acceptable HMA mixture placed on the project as part of a volumetric or density test strip will be compensated by the appropriate HMA Pavement bid item with any applicable pay adjustments. If a test strip is delayed as defined in standard spec 460.3.3.2(5) as modified herein, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each instance, under the HMA Delayed Test Strip administrative item. If an additional test strip is required because the initial test strip is not approved by the department, or the mix design is changed by the contractor, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for each additional test strip (i.e., \$2,000 for each individual volumetrics or density test strip) under the HMA Additional Test Strip administrative item.

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13. HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP.

A Description

This special provision describes percent within limits (PWL) pay determination, providing and maintaining a contractor Quality Control (QC) Program, department Quality Verification (QV) Program, required sampling and testing, dispute resolution, corrective action, pavement density, and payment for HMA pavements. Pay is determined by statistical analysis performed on contractor and department test results conducted according to the Quality Management Program (QMP) as specified in standard spec 460, except as modified below.

B Materials

Conform to the requirements of standard spec 450, 455, and 460 except where superseded by this special provision. The department will allow only one mix design for each HMA mixture type per layer required for the contract, unless approved by the engineer. The use of more than one mix design for each HMA pavement layer will require the contractor to construct a new test strip according to HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Volumetrics and HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) QMP Test Strip Density articles at no additional cost to the department.

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Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts under Percent within Limits

- (1) Furnish and maintain a laboratory at the plant site fully equipped for performing contractor QC testing. Have the laboratory on-site and operational before beginning mixture production.
- (2) Obtain random samples and perform tests according to this special provision and further defined in Appendix A: *Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects*. Obtain HMA mixture samples from trucks at the plant. For the sublot in which a QV sample is collected, discard the QC sample and test a split of the QV sample.
- (3) Perform sampling from the truck box according to WTM R97 and four-part splitting of HMA samples according to WTM R47. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QC samples shall provide the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. Take possession of the QC and Extra split samples intended for QC testing. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV and Retained split samples intended for QV testing. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A. Label samples according to WTM R97.
- (4) Test the QC split sample using the test methods identified below at a frequency greater than or equal to that indicated. The Extra split sample shall be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded may replace the results from the QC split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies.
 - Blended aggregate gradations according to WTM T30.
 - Asphalt content (AC) in percent.

Determine AC using one of the following methods:

- AC by ignition oven according to WTM T308. If the department is using an ignition oven
 to determine AC, conform to WTP <u>H-003</u>. If the department is not using an ignition oven
 to determine AC, IOCFs must still be reverified for any of the reasons listed in <u>WTP</u>
 <u>H-003 Table 2</u> and conform to WTP H-003 section 3.
- AC by chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B.
- AC by automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.
- Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
- Air voids (V_a) by calculation according to WTM T269.
- Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.
- (5) Lot size shall consist of 3,750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Test each design mixture at a frequency of 1 test per 750 tons of mixture type produced and placed as part of the contract. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of production for a specific mixture design. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot for data analysis and pay adjustment. Volumetric lots will include all tonnage of mixture type under specified bid item unless otherwise specified in the plan.
- (6) Conduct field tensile strength ratio tests according to WTM T283 on each qualifying mixture according to CMM 836.6.14. Test each full 50,000-ton production increment, or fraction of an increment, after the first 5,000 tons of production. Perform required increment testing in the first week of production of that increment. If field tensile strength ratio values are below the spec limit, notify the engineer. The engineer and contractor will jointly determine a corrective action.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.5 and 460.2.8.2.1.6.

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Replace standard spec 460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action with the following:

460.2.8.2.1.7 Corrective Action

(1) Material must conform to the following action and acceptance limits based on individual QC and QV test results (tolerances relative to the JMF used on the PWL Test Strip):

| ITEM | ACTION LIMITS | ACCEPTANCE LIMITS |
|-------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| Percent passing given sieve: | | |
| 37.5-mm | +/- 8.0 | |
| 25.0-mm | +/- 8.0 | |
| 19.0-mm | +/- 7.5 | |
| 12.5-mm | +/- 7.5 | |
| 9.5-mm | +/- 7.5 | |
| 2.36-mm | +/- 7.0 | |
| 75-μm | +/- 3.0 | |
| AC in percent | -0.3 | -0.5 |
| Va | | - 1.5 & +2.0 |
| VMA in percent ^[1] | - 0.5 | -1.0 |
| | | |

- [1] VMA limits based on minimum requirement for mix design nominal maximum aggregate size in table 460-1.
- QV samples will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and AC. Air voids and VMA will then be calculated using these test results.
- (3) Notify the engineer if any individual test result falls outside the action limits, investigate the cause and take corrective action to return to within action limits. If two consecutive test results fall outside the action limits, stop production. Production may not resume until approved by the engineer. Additional QV samples may be collected upon resuming production, at the discretion of the engineer.
- (4) For any additional non-random tests outside the random number testing conducted for volumetrics, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. Additional QV tests must meet acceptance limits or be subject to production stop. If the department's non-random test does not conform to the acceptance limits, the retained sample will be tested by the BTS lab. If the BTS results also do not meet the acceptance limits, the material will be considered unacceptable as described in (5) below.
- (5) Remove and replace unacceptable material at no additional expense to the department. Unacceptable material is defined as any individual QC or QV tests results outside the acceptance limits or a PWL value < 50. For AC in percent, unacceptable material is defined as any individual QV test result outside of the acceptance limit. The engineer may allow such material to remain in place with a price reduction. The department will pay for such HMA Pavement allowed to remain in place at 50 percent of the contract unit price.</p>

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.2 Personnel Requirements

- (1) The department will provide at least one HTCP-certified Transportation Materials Sampling (TMS) Technician, to observe QV sampling of HMA mixtures.
- (2) Under departmental observation, a contractor TMS technician shall collect and split samples.
- (3) A department HTCP-certified Hot Mix Asphalt, Technician I, Production Tester (HMA-IPT) technician will ensure that all sampling is performed correctly and conduct testing, analyze test results, and report resulting data.
- (4) The department will make an organizational chart available to the contractor before mixture production begins. The organizational chart will include names, telephone numbers, and current certifications of all QV testing personnel. The department will update the chart with appropriate changes, as they become effective.

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Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements

- HTCP-certified department personnel will obtain QV random samples by directly supervising HTCP-certified contractor personnel sampling from trucks at the plant. Sample size must be adequate to run the appropriate required tests in addition to one set of duplicate tests that may be required for dispute resolution (i.e., retained). This requires sample sizes which yield four splits for all random sampling per sublot. All QV samples shall furnish the following: QC, QV, Retained, and Extra. The department will observe the splitting and take possession of the QV, Retained, and Extra split samples intended for QV testing. The department will take possession of retained samples accumulated to date each day QV samples are collected. The department will retain samples until surpassing the analysis window of up to 5 lots, as defined in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7(2) of this special provision. Additional sampling details are found in Appendix A.
- (2) The department will verify product quality using the test methods specified here in standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.4(3). The department will identify test methods before construction starts and use only those methods during production of that material unless the engineer and contractor mutually agree otherwise.
- (3) The department will test the QV split sample using the test methods identified below at the frequency indicated. The Extra split sample will be tested only when the Gmm and/or Gmb replicate tolerances are exceeded according to WTM T166 section 13.1.4 and WTM T209 section 14.1.1. When testing the Extra split sample, only the results from the test from which the tolerances were exceeded may replace the results from the QV split sample. The Rule of Retained according to CMM 836.1.2 applies. In the event that both the department and contractor's replicate tolerances are exceeded, perform dispute resolution according to 460.2.8.3.1.7(2).
 - Bulk specific gravity (Gmb) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.
 - Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.
 - Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.
 - Voids in Mineral Aggregate (VMA) by calculation according to WTM R35 section 9.2.
 - Asphalt Content (AC) in percent determined by ignition oven method according to WTM T308 and conforming to WTP H-003, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T 164 Method A or B, or automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- (4) The department will randomly test each design mixture at the minimum frequency of one test for each lot.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.6.

Replace standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.7 Dispute Resolution with the following:

460.2.8.3.1.7 Data Analysis for Volumetrics

- (1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon QC and QV test results. Statistical analysis will be conducted on Gmm and Gmb test results for calculation of Va. If either Gmm or Gmb analysis results in non-comparable data as described in 460.2.8.3.1.7(2), subsequent testing will be performed for both parameters as detailed in the following paragraph.
- (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. Additional comparisons incorporating the first 3 lots of data will be performed following completion of the 4th and 5th lots (i.e., lots 1-3, 1-4, and 1-5). A rolling window of 5 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-6, then lots 3-7, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025. If the F- and t-tests report comparable data, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used to calculate the Va used in PWL and pay adjustment calculations. If the F- and t-tests result in non-comparable data, proceed to the *dispute resolution* steps found below. Note: if both QC and QV Va PWL result in a pay adjustment of 102% or greater, dispute resolution testing will not be conducted. Dispute resolution via further investigation is as follows:

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- The Retained portion of the split from the lot in the analysis window with a QV test result furthest from the QV mean (not necessarily the sublot identifying that variances or means do not compare) will be referee tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. All previous lots within the analysis window are subject to referee testing and regional lab testing as deemed necessary. Referee test results will replace the QV data of the sublot(s).
- [2] Statistical analysis will be conducted with referee test results replacing QV results.
 - If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, no further testing is required for the lot and QC data will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations.
 - ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable variances or means, the Retained portion of the random QC sample will be tested for Gmm, Gmb, and Asphalt Content by the department's regional lab for the remaining 4 sublots of the lot which the F- and t-tests indicate non-comparable datasets. The department's regional lab and the referee test results will be used for PWL and pay factor/adjustment calculations. Upon the second instance of non-comparable variance or means and for every instance thereafter, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional testing of the remaining 4 sublots at \$2,000/lot under the HMA Regional Lab Testing administrative item.
- The contractor may choose to dispute the regional test results on a lot basis within 7 days after receiving the results from the region. In this event, the retained portion of each sublot will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel. The referee Gmm and Gmb test results will supersede the regional lab results for the disputed lot.
 - If referee testing results in an increased calculated pay factor, the department will pay for the cost of the additional referee testing.
 - ii. If referee testing of a disputed lot results in an equal or lower calculated pay factor, the department will assess a pay reduction for the additional referee testing at \$2,000/lot under the Referee Testing administrative item.
- (3) The department will notify the contractor of the referee test results within 3 working days after receipt of the samples by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory. The intent is to provide referee test results within 7 calendar days from completion of the lot.
- (4) The department will determine mixture conformance and acceptability by analyzing referee test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to the standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.
- (i.e., resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or individual QC or QV test results not meeting the Acceptance Requirements of 460.2.8.2.1.7 as modified herein) will be referee tested by the bureau's AASHTO accredited laboratory and certified personnel and those test results used for analysis. Such material may be subject to remove and replace, at the discretion of the engineer. If the engineer allows the material to remain in place, it will be paid at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. Replacement or pay adjustment will be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot. Any remove and replace shall be performed at no additional cost to the department. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test will be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet for data analysis and pay determination.] The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

Delete standard spec 460.2.8.3.1.8 Corrective Action.

C Construction

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination with the following:

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determination

(1) The engineer will determine the target maximum density using department procedures described in WTM T355 and CMM 815. The engineer will determine density as soon as practicable after compaction and before placement of subsequent layers or before opening to traffic.

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- Do not re-roll compacted mixtures with deficient density test results. Do not operate continuously below the specified minimum density. Stop production, identify the source of the problem, and make corrections to produce work meeting the specification requirements.
- (3) A lot is defined as 7,500 lane feet with sublots of 1,500 lane feet (excluding shoulder, even if paved integrally) and placed within a single layer for each location and target maximum density category indicated in table 460-3. Complete three tests randomly per sublot and the department will randomly conduct one QV test per sublot. A partial quantity less than 750 lane feet will be included with the previous sublot. Partial lots with less than three sublots will be included in the previous lot for data analysis/acceptance and pay, by the engineer. If density lots/sublots are determined prior to construction of the test strip, any random locations within the test strip shall be omitted. Exclusions such as shoulders and appurtenances shall be tested and recorded according to WTM T355 and CMM 815. However, all acceptance testing of shoulders and appurtenances will be conducted by the department, and average lot (daily) densities must conform to standard spec Table 460-3 or else be subject to disincentives according to 460.5.2.2(5) herein. No density incentive will be applied to shoulders or appurtenances. Offsets will not be applied to nuclear density gauge readings for shoulders or appurtenances. Unacceptable shoulder material will be handled according to standard spec 460.3.3.1 and CMM 815.11.
- (4) The three QC locations per sublot represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane. The QC density testing procedures are detailed in Appendix A.
- (5) QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV density testing procedures will be the same as the QC procedure at each testing location and are also detailed in Appendix A.
- (6) An HTCP-certified nuclear density technician (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) shall identify random locations and perform the testing for both the contractor and department. The responsible certified technician shall ensure that sample location and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and provide density results to the contractor weekly, or at the completion of each lot.
- (7) For any additional tests outside the random number testing conducted for density, the data collected will not be entered into PWL calculations. However, additional QV testing must meet the tolerances for material conformance as specified in the standard specification and this special provision. If additional density data identifies unacceptable material, proceed as specified in CMM 815.11.

Replace standard spec 460.3.3.3 Waiving Density Testing with Acceptance of Density Data with the following:

460.3.3.3 Analysis of Density Data

- (1) Analysis of test data for pay determination will be contingent upon test results from both the contractor (QC) and the department (QV).
- (2) As random density locations are paved, the data will be recorded in the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet for analysis in chronological order. The engineer, upon completion of the first 3 lots, will compare the variances (F-test) and the means (t-test) of the QV test results with the QC test results. A rolling window of 3 lots will be used to conduct F & t comparison for the remainder of the contract (i.e., lots 2-4, then lots 3-5, etc.), reporting comparison results for each individual lot. Analysis will use a set alpha value of 0.025.
 - If the F- and t-tests indicate variances and means compare, the QC and QV data sets are determined to be statistically similar and QC data will be used for PWL and pay adjustment calculations.
 - ii. If the F- and t-tests indicate variances or means do not compare, the QV data will be used for subsequent calculations.
- (3) The department will determine mixture density conformance and acceptability by analyzing test results, reviewing mixture data, and inspecting the completed pavement according to standard spec, this special provision, and accompanying Appendix A.
- (4) Density resulting in a PWL value less than 50 or not meeting the requirements of 460.3.3.1 (any individual density test result falling more than 3.0 percent below the minimum required target maximum density as specified in standard spec Table 460-3) is unacceptable and may be subject to remove and replace at no additional cost to the department, at the discretion of the engineer.

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- Replacement may be conducted on a sublot basis. If an entire PWL sublot is removed and replaced, the test results of the newly placed material will replace the original data for the sublot.
- ii. Testing of replaced material must include a minimum of one QV result. [Note: If the removed and replaced material does not result in replacement of original QV data, an additional QV test must be conducted and under such circumstances will be entered into the data analysis and pay determination.]
- iii. If the engineer allows such material to remain in place, it will be paid for at 50% of the HMA Pavement contract unit price. The extent of unacceptable material will be addressed as specified in CMM 815.11. The quantity of material paid at 50% the contract unit price will be deducted from PWL pay adjustments, along with accompanying data of this material.

D Measurement

The department will measure the HMA Pavement bid items acceptably completed by the ton, as specified in standard spec 450.4 and as follows in standard spec 460.5, as modified in this special provision.

E Payment

Replace standard spec 460.5.2 HMA Pavement with the following:

460.5.2 HMA Pavement

460.5.2.1 General

- (1) Payment for HMA Pavement Type LT, MT, and HT mixes is full compensation for providing HMA mixture designs; for preparing foundation; for furnishing, preparing, hauling, mixing, placing, and compacting mixture; for HMA PWL QMP testing and aggregate source testing; for warm mix asphalt additives or processes; for stabilizer, hydrated lime and liquid antistripping agent, if required; and for all materials including asphaltic materials.
- (2) If provided for in the plan quantities, the department will pay for a leveling layer, placed to correct irregularities in an existing paved surface before overlaying, under the pertinent paving bid item. Absent a plan quantity, the department will pay for a leveling layer as extra work.

460.5.2.2 Calculation of Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement using PWL

(1) Pay adjustments will be calculated using 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement. The HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet, including data, will be made available to the contractor by the department as soon as practicable upon completion of each lot. The department will pay for measured quantities of mix based on this price multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

PAY FACTOR FOR HMA PAVEMENT AIR VOIDS & DENSITY

| PERCENT WITHIN LIMITS | PAYMENT FACTOR, PF |
|-----------------------|-------------------------------|
| (PWL) | (percent of \$65/ton) |
| ≥ 90 to 100 | PF = ((PWL - 90) * 0.4) + 100 |
| ≥ 50 to < 90 | (PWL * 0.5) + 55 |
| <50 | 50%[1] |

where PF is calculated per air voids and density, denoted PF_{air voids} and PF_{density}.

- Any material resulting in PWL value less than 50 shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.
- (2) For air voids, PWL values will be calculated using lower and upper specification limits of 2.0 and 4.3 percent, respectively. Lower specification limits for density shall be according to standard spec Table 460-3.
- (3) Pay adjustment will be determined on a lot basis and will be computed as shown in the following equation:

Pay Adjustment = $(PF-100)/100 \times (WP) \times (tonnage) \times (\$65/ton)^*$

*Note: If Pay Factor = 50%, the contract unit price will be used in lieu of \$65/ton and the weighted percentage (WP) will equal 1.0.

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The following weighted percentage (WP) values will be used for the corresponding parameter:

| <u>Parameter</u> | <u>WP</u> |
|------------------|-----------|
| Air Voids | 0.5 |
| Density | 0.5 |

- (4) Individual Pay Factors for each air voids (PF_{air voids}) and density (PF_{density}) will be determined. PF_{air voids} will be multiplied by the total tonnage placed (i.e., from truck tickets), and PF_{density} will be multiplied by the calculated tonnage used to pave the mainline only (i.e., travel lane excluding shoulder) as determined according to Appendix A.
- (5) Pay adjustment for shoulders and appurtenances accepted by department testing will be determined on a lot basis. If the lot density is less than the specified minimum in table 460-3, the department will reduce pay based on the contract unit price for the HMA pavement bid item for that lot as follows:

DISINCENTIVE PAY REDUCTION FOR HMA PAVEMENT DENSITY

| PERCENT LOT DENSITY | PAYMENT FACTOR |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM | (percent of contract price) |
| From 0.5 to 1.0 inclusive | 98 |
| From 1.1 to 1.5 inclusive | 95 |
| From 1.6 to 2.0 inclusive | 91 |
| From 2.1 to 2.5 inclusive | 85 |
| From 2.6 to 3.0 inclusive | 70 |
| More than 3.0 ^[1] | |

- [1] Remove and replace the lot with a mixture at the specified density. When acceptably replaced, the department will pay for the replaced work at the contract unit price. Alternatively, the engineer may allow the nonconforming material to remain in place with a 50 percent payment factor.
- (6) The department will pay incentive for air voids and density under the following bid items:

| ITEM NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | UNIT |
|-------------|------------------------------------|------|
| 460.2005 | Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement | DOL |
| 460.2010 | Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement | DOL |

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement and the Disincentive Air Voids HMA Pavement administrative items.

The department will administer a disincentive under the Disincentive HMA Binder Content administrative item for each individual QV test result indicating asphalt binder content below the Action Limit in 460.2.8.2.1.7 presented herein. The department will adjust pay per sublot of mix at 65 dollars per ton of HMA pavement multiplied by the following pay adjustment calculated according to the HMA PWL Production Spreadsheet:

| AC Binder Relative to JMF | Pay Adjustment / Sublot |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| -0.4% to -0.5% | 75% ^[1] |
| More than -0.5% | 50%[1] [2] |

- [1] Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.3% below the JMF AC content will be referee tested by the department's AASHTO accredited laboratory and HTCP certified personnel using automated extraction according to automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- (2) Any material resulting in an asphalt binder content more than 0.5% below the JMF AC content shall be removed and replaced unless the engineer allows such material to remain in place. In the event the material remains in place, it will be paid at 50% of the contract unit price of HMA pavement.

Note: PWL value determination is further detailed in the PWL Production Spreadsheet Instructions located in the *Project Info & Instructions* tab of the HMA PWL Production spreadsheet.

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14. Appendix A.

Test Methods & Sampling for HMA PWL QMP Projects

The following procedures are included with the HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits (PWL) Quality Management Program (QMP) special provision:

- WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation Test Strip
- WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production
- Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP
- Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

WisDOT Procedure for Nuclear Gauge/Core Correlation - Test Strip

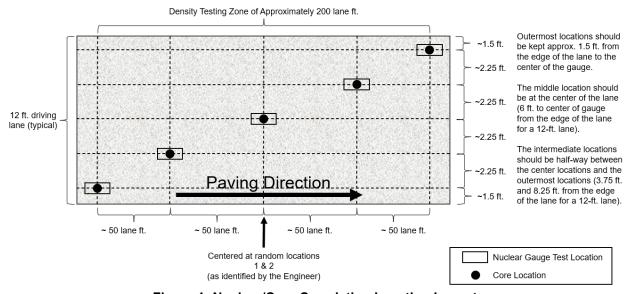


Figure 1: Nuclear/Core Correlation Location Layout

The engineer will identify two zones in which gauge/core correlation is to be performed. These two zones will be randomly selected within each *half* of the test strip length. (Note: Density zones shall not overlap and must have a minimum of 100 feet between the two zones; therefore, random numbers may be shifted (evenly) in order to meet these criteria.) Each zone shall consist of five locations across the mat as identified in Figure 1. The following shall be determined at each of the five locations within both zones:

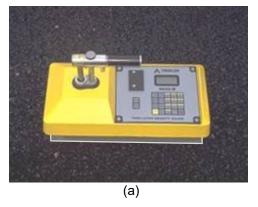
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QC team*
- two one-minute nuclear density gauge readings for QV team*
- pavement core sample

*If the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading is conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge.

The zones are supposed to be undisclosed to the contractor/roller operators. The engineer will not lay out density/core test sites until rolling is completed and the cold/finish roller is beyond the entirety of the zone. Sites are staggered across the 12-foot travel lane, and do not include shoulders. The outermost locations shall be 1.5-feet from the center of the gauge to the edge of the lane. [NOTE: This staggered layout is only applicable to the test strip. All mainline density locations after test strip shall have a longitudinal and transverse random number to determine the location as detailed in the *WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production* section of this document.]

The nuclear site is the same for QC and QV readings for the test strip, i.e., the QC and QV teams are to take nuclear density gauge readings in the same footprint. Each of the QC and QV teams are to take a minimum of two one-minute readings per nuclear site, with the gauge rotated 180 degrees between readings, as seen here:

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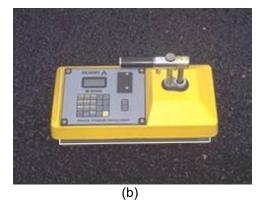


Figure 2: Nuclear Gauge Orientation for (a) 1st One-Minute Reading and (b) 2nd One-Minute Reading

Take photos of each of the 10 core/gauge locations of the test strip. Include gauge readings (pcf) and a labelled core within the gauge footprint. If a third reading is needed, record and document all three readings. Only raw readings in pcf shall be written on the pavement during the test strip, with a corresponding gauge ID/SN (generalized as QC-1 through QV-2 in the following Figure) in the following format:



Figure 3: Layout of Raw Gauge Readings as Recorded on the Pavement

Take each core from the center of the gauge footprint and correlate each gauge with the laboratory-measured bulk specific gravities of the pavement cores. One core in good condition must be obtained from each of the 10 locations. If a core is damaged at the time of extracting from the pavement, a replacement core should be taken immediately adjacent to the damaged core, i.e., from the same footprint. If a core is damaged during transport, it shall be recorded as damaged and excluded from the correlation. Coring after traffic is on the pavement shall be avoided. The contractor shall be responsible for coring of the pavement. Coring and filling of core holes must be approved by the engineer. The QV team is responsible for the labeling and safe transport of the cores from the field to the QC laboratory. Conduct core density testing with a witness by department personnel. Dry the cores following testing. The department will take possession of cores following initial testing and is responsible for any verification testing.

Each core 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inches) in diameter will be taken at locations as identified in Figure 1. Each random core will be full thickness of the layer being placed. Thoroughly dry cores obtained from the mat according to WTM R79 prior to using specimens for in-place density determination according to WTM T166.

Cut cores by the next day after completion of the test strip, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Cores are cut under department/project staff observation. Relabel each core immediately after extruding or ensure that labels applied to pavement prior to cutting remain legible. The layer interface should also be marked immediately following extrusion. Cores should be cut at this interface, using a wet saw, to allow for density measurement of only the most recently placed layer. Cores should be protected from excessive temperatures such as direct sunlight. Also, there should be department custody (both in transport and storage) for the cores until they are tested whether that be immediately after the test strip or the subsequent day if agreed upon between department and contractor. Use of concrete cylinder molds works well to transport cores. Cores should be placed upside down (flat surface to bottom of cylinder mold) in the molds, one core per mold, cylinder molds stored upright, and ideally transported in a cooler. Avoid any stacking of pavement cores.

Fill all core holes with non-shrink rapid-hardening grout, mortar, or concrete, or with HMA. When using grout, mortar, or concrete, remove all water from the core holes prior to filling. Mix the mortar or concrete in a separate container prior to placement in the hole. If HMA is used, fill all core holes with hot-mix matching the same day's production mix type at same day compaction temperature +/- 20 F. Dry the

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core holes and coat with tack before filling, filled with a top layer no thicker than 2.25 inches, lower layers not to exceed 4 inches, and compacted with a Marshall hammer or similar tamping device using approximately 50 blows per layer. The finished surface shall be flush with the pavement surface. Any deviation in the surface of the filled core holes greater than ¼ inch at the time of final inspection will require removal of the fill material to the depth of the layer thickness and replacement.

WisDOT Test Method for HMA PWL QMP Density Measurements for Main Production

For nuclear density testing of the pavement beyond the test strip, QC tests shall be completed at three locations per sublot, with a sublot defined as 1,500 lane feet. The three locations shall represent the outside, middle, and inside of the paving lane (i.e., the lane width will be divided into thirds as shown by the dashed longitudinal lines in Figure 3 and random numbers shall be used to identify the specific transverse location within each third determined by WTM D3665). Longitudinal locations within each sublot shall be determined with 3 independent random numbers determined by WTM D3665. The PWL Density measurements do not include the shoulder and other appurtenances. Such areas are tested by the department and are not eligible for density incentive but are subject to disincentive according to 460.5.2.2(5) of the HMA PWL QMP article. Measure each location with two one-minute gauge readings oriented 180 degrees from one another, in the same footprint as detailed in Figure 2 above. Each location requires a minimum of two readings per gauge. The density gauge orientation for the first test shall be with the source rod towards the direction of paving. QV nuclear testing will consist of one randomly selected location per sublot. The QV is also comprised of two one-minute readings oriented 180 degrees from one another. For both QC and QV test locations, if the two readings exceed 1.0 pcf of one another, a third reading shall be conducted in the same orientation as the first reading. In this event, all three readings are averaged, the individual test reading of the three which falls farthest from the average value is discarded, and the average of the remaining two values is used to represent the location for the gauge. The sublot density testing layout is depicted in Figure 4, with QC test locations shown as solid black boxes and QV test locations shown as dashed red boxes.

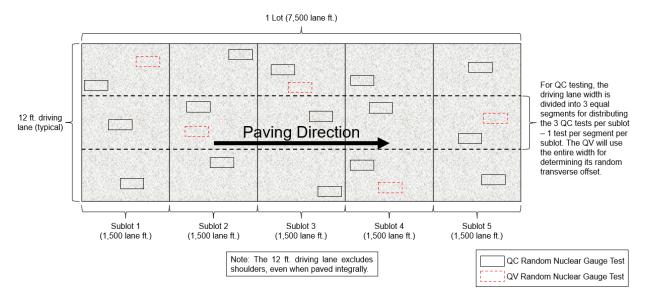


Figure 4: Example Layout of Mainline HMA Nuclear Density Tests

Raw nuclear density data must be shared by both parties at the end of each shift. Paving may be delayed if the raw data is not shared in a timely manner. QC and QV nuclear density gauge readings will be statistically analyzed according to Section 460.3.3.3 of the HMA PWL QMP article. (Note: For density data, if F- and t-tests compare, QC data will be used for the subsequent calculations of PWL value and pay determination. However, if an F- or t-test does not compare, the QV data will be used in subsequent calculations.)

Investigative cores will be allowed on the approaching side of traffic outside of the footprint locations. Results shall be shared with the department.

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The QV density technician is expected to be onsite within 1 hour of the start of paving operations and should remain on-site until all paving is completed. Perform footprint testing as soon as both the QC and QV nuclear density technician are onsite and a minimum of once per day to ensure the gauges are not drifting apart during a project. Footprint testing compares the density readings of two gauges at the same testing location and can be done at any randomly selected location on the project. Both teams are encouraged to conduct footprint testing as often as they feel necessary. Footprint testing does not need to be performed at the same time. At project start-up, the QV should footprint the first 10 QC locations. Individual density tests less than 0.5% above the lower limit should be communicated to the other party and be footprint tested. Each gauge conducts 2 to 3 1-minute tests according to WTM T355 and the final results from each gauge are compared for the location. If the difference between the QC and QV gauges exceeds 1.0 pcf (0.7 percent) for an average of 10 locations, investigate the cause, check gauge moisture and density standards and perform additional footprint testing. If the cause of the difference between gauge readings cannot be identified, the regional HMA Coordinator will consult the RSO, the regional PWL representative and the BTS HMA unit to determine necessary actions. If it is agreed that there is a gauge comparison issue, perform one of the following two options:

New Gauge Combination

- All 4 gauges used on the test strip must footprint 10 locations on the pavement. Pavement placed on a previous day may be used.
- The results of the footprint testing will be analyzed to see if a better combination of acceptable gauges is available.
- If a better combination is found, those gauges should be used moving forward.
- If a better combination cannot be found, a new gauge correlation must be performed.
 (see below)

Re-correlation of Gauges

- Follow all test strip procedures regarding correlating gauges except the following:
- The 10 locations can be QC or QV random locations.
- The locations used may have been paved on a previous day.
- Retesting with gauges must be done immediately prior to coring.
- New gauge offsets will be used for that day's paving and subsequent paving days. New gauge offsets will not be used to recalculate density results from prior days.

Density Dispute Resolution Procedure

Density results may be disputed by the contractor on a lot-by-lot basis if one of the following criteria is met:

- The lot average for either QC or QV is below the lower specification limit.
- The lot average for QC is different from the lot average for QV by more than 0.5%.
- The lot is in disincentive.

In lieu of using density gauges for acceptance of the lot, the lot will be cored in the QV locations. The results of the cores from the entire lot will be entered in the spreadsheet and used for payment. If the pay factor increases, the contractor will only receive the additional difference in payment for the disputed lot. If the pay factor does not increase, the department will assess the contractor \$2,000 for the costs of additional testing.

Notify the engineer in writing before dispute resolution coring. Immediately prior to coring, QC and QV will test the locations with nuclear density gauges.

Under the direct observation of the engineer, cut 100 or 150 mm (4 or 6 inch) diameter cores. Cut cores by the next day after completion of the lot, except if the next day is not a working day, then cut within 48 hours of placement. Prepare cores and determine density according to WTM T166. Dry cores after testing. Fill core holes according to Appendix A and obtain engineer approval before opening to traffic. The department will maintain custody of cores throughout the entire sampling and testing process. The department will label cores, transport cores to testing facilities, witness testing, store dried cores, and provide subsequent verification testing. If a core is damaged at the time of coring, immediately take a

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replacement core 1 foot ahead of the existing testing location in the direction of traffic at the same offset as the damaged core. If a core is damaged during transport, record it as damaged and notify the engineer immediately.

Sampling for WisDOT HMA PWL QMP Production

Sampling of HMA mix for QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples shall conform to WTM R97 and WTM R47.

Sampling Hot Mix Asphalt

At the beginning of the contract, determine the anticipated tonnage to be produced. The frequency of sampling is 1 per 750 tons (sublot) for QC and Retained Samples and 1 per 3,750 tons (lot or 5 sublots) for QV as defined by the HMA PWL QMP article. A test sample is obtained randomly from each sublot. Each random sample shall be collected at the plant according to WTM R97. Submit the random numbers for all mix sampling to the department before production begins.

Example 1

Expected production for a contract is 12,400 tons. The number of required samples is determined based on this expected production (per HMA PWL QMP SPV) and is determined by the random sample calculation.

The approximate location of each sample within the prescribed sublots is determined by selecting random numbers using WTM D3665. The random numbers selected are used in determining when a sample is to be taken and will be multiplied by the sublot tonnage. This number will then be added to the final tonnage of the previous sublot to yield the approximate cumulative tonnage of when each sample is to be taken.

To allow for plant start-up variability, the procedure calls for the first random sample to be taken at 50 tons or greater per production day (not intended to be taken in the first two truckloads). Random samples calculated for 0-50 ton shall be taken in the next truck (51-75 ton).

This procedure is to be used for any number of samples per contract.

If the production is less than the final randomly generated sample tonnage, then the random sample is to be collected from the remaining portion of that sublot of production. If the randomly generated sample is calculated to be within the first 0-50 tons of the subsequent day of production, it shall be taken in the next truck. Add a random sample for any fraction of 750 tons at the end of the contract. Lot size will consist of 3750 tons with sublots of 750 tons. Partial lots with less than three sublot tests will be included into the previous lot, by the engineer.

It is intended that the plant operator is not advised ahead of time when samples are to be taken.

If belt samples are used during troubleshooting, the blended aggregate will be obtained when the mixture production tonnage reaches approximately the sample tonnage. For plants with storage silos, this could be up to 60 minutes in advance of the mixture sample that's taken when the required tonnage is shipped from the plant.

Collect QC, QV, Retained, and Extra split samples for all test strip and production mixture testing using a four-part splitting procedure according to WTM R47.

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Calculation of PWL Mainline Tonnage Example

A mill and overlay project in being constructed with a 12-foot travel lane and an integrally paved 3-foot shoulder. The layer thickness is 2 inches for the full width of paving. Calculate the tonnage in each sublot eligible for density incentive or disincentive.

Solution:

$$\frac{1500 ft \times 12 ft}{9 sf/sy} \times \frac{2 in \times 112 lb/sy/in}{2000 lb/ton} = 224 tons$$

stp-460-055 (20240105)

15. HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density.

A Description

This special provision incorporates longitudinal joint density requirements into the contract and describes the data collection, acceptance, and procedure used for determination of pay adjustments for HMA pavement longitudinal joint density. Pay adjustments will be made on a linear foot basis, as applicable per pavement layer and paving lane. Applicable longitudinal joints are defined as those between any two or more traffic lanes including full-width passing lanes, turn lanes, or auxiliary lanes more than 1,500 lane feet, and those lanes must also include the 460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement bid item. This excludes any joint with one side defined as a shoulder and ramp lanes of any length. If echelon paving is required in the contract, the longitudinal joint density specification shall not apply for those joints. Longitudinal joints placed during a test strip will be tested for information only to help ensure the roller pattern will provide adequate longitudinal joint density during production. Longitudinal joint density test results collected during a test strip are not eligible for pay adjustment.

Pay is determined according to standard spec 460, HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP special provisions, and as modified within.

B Materials

Compact all applicable HMA longitudinal joints to the appropriate density based on the layer, confinement, and mixture type shown in Table B-1.

TABLE B-1 MINIMUM REQUIRED LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

| | Percent of Target Maximum Density | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Layer | Unco | nfined | Confined | |
| | LT and MT | HT | LT and MT | HT |
| Lower (on crushed/recycled base) | 88 | 89 | 89.5 | 90.5 |
| Lower (on Concrete/HMA) | 90[1] | 90[1] | 91.5 ^[1] | 91.5 ^[1] |
| Upper | 90 | 90 | 91.5 | 91.5 |

^[1] Minimum reduced by 1.0 percent for a 1.25-inch-thick No. 5 mix lower layer constructed on a paved or milled surface.

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C Construction

Add the following to standard spec 460.3.3.2:

- (5) Establish companion QC and QV density locations for each applicable joint. Each companion location shares longitudinal stationing with the respective QC or QV mainline density location within each sublot and is located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area. Sublot and lot numbering remains the same as mainline densities, however, in addition to conventional naming, joint identification must clearly indicate "M" for inside/median side of lane or "O" for outside shoulder side of lane, as well as "U" for an unconfined joint or "C" for a confined joint (e.g., XXXXX-MC or XXXXX-OU).
- (6) Each joint shall be measured, reported, and accepted under methods, testing times, and procedures consistent with the program employed for mainline density, i.e., PWL.
- (7) For single nuclear density test results greater than 3.0% below specified minimums per Table B-1 herein, perform the following:
 - a) Testing at 50-foot increments both ahead and behind the unacceptable site.
 - b) Continued 50-foot incremental testing until test values indicate higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.
 - c) Materials within the incremental testing indicating lower than -3.0 percent from target joint density are defined as unacceptable and will be handled with remedial action as defined in the payment section of this document.
 - d) The remaining sublot average (exclusive of unacceptable material) will be determined by the first forward and backward 50-foot incremental tests that reach the criteria of higher than or equal to -3.0 percent from target joint density.

Note: If the 50-foot testing extends into a previously accepted sublot, remedial action is required up to and inclusive of such material; however, the results of remedial action must not be used to recalculate the previously accepted sublot density. When this occurs, the lane feet of any unacceptable material will be deducted from the sublot in which it is located, and the previously accepted sublot density will be used to calculate pay for the remainder of the sublot.

- (8) Joint density measurements shall be kept separate from all other density measurements and entered as an individual data set into Atwood Systems.
- (9) Placement and removal of excess material outside of the final joint edge, to increase joint density at the longitudinal joint nuclear testing location, shall be done at the contractor's discretion and cost. This excess material and related labor will be considered waste and will not be paid for by the department. Joints with excess material placed outside of the final joint edge to increase joint density or where a notched wedge is used will be considered unconfined joints.
- (10) When not required by the contract, echelon paving may be performed at the contractor's discretion to increase longitudinal joint density and still remain eligible to earn incentive. The additional costs incurred related to echelon paving will not be paid for by the department. If lanes are paved in echelon, the contractor may choose to use a longitudinal vertical joint or notched wedge longitudinal joint as described in SDD 13c19. Lanes paved in echelon shall be considered confined on both sides of the joint regardless of the selected joint design. The joint between echelon paved lanes shall be placed at the centerline or along lane lines.
- (11) When performing inlay paving below the elevation of the adjacent lane, the longitudinal joint along the adjacent lane to be paved shall be considered unconfined.

D Measurement

(1) The department will measure each side of applicable longitudinal joints, as defined in Section A of this special provision, by the linear foot of pavement, acceptably placed. Measurement will be conducted independently for the inside or median side and for the outside or shoulder side of paving lanes with two applicable longitudinal joints. Each paving layer will be measured independently at the time the mat is placed.

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E Payment

Add the following as 460.5.2.4 Pay Adjustment for HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joint Density:

(1) The department will administer longitudinal joint density adjustments under the Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints and Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints items. The department will adjust pay based on density relative to the specified targets in Section B of this special provision, and linear foot of the HMA Pavement bid item for that sublot as follows:

PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY

PERCENT SUBLOT DENSITY

PAY ADJUSTMENT PER LINEAR FOOT

ABOVE/BELOW SPECIFIED MINIMUM

| Equal to or greater than +1.0 confined, +2.0 unconfined | \$0.20 |
|---|---------------------|
| From 0.0 to +0.9 confined, 0.0 to +1.9 unconfined | \$0 |
| From -0.1 to -1.0 | \$(0.20) |
| From -1.1 to -2.0 | \$(0.40) |
| From -2.1 to -3.0 | \$(0.80) |
| More than -3.0 | REMEDIAL ACTION [1] |

^[1] Remedial action must be approved by the engineer and agreed upon at the time of the pre-pave meeting and may include partial sublots as determined and defined in 460.3.3.2(7) of this document. If unacceptable material is removed and replaced per guidance by the engineer, the removal and replacement will be for the full lane width of the side of which the joint was constructed with unacceptable material.

- (2) The department will not assess joint density disincentives for pavement placed in cold weather because of a department-caused delay as specified in standard spec 450.5.2(3).
- (3) The department will not pay incentive on the longitudinal joint density if the traffic lane is in disincentive A disincentive may be applied for each mainline lane and all joint densities if both qualify for a pay reduction.
- (4) Inlay paving operations will limit payment for additional material to 2 inches wider than the final paving lane width at the centerline.

The department will pay incentive for longitudinal joint density under the following bid items:

| ITEM NUMBER | DESCRIPTION | UNIT |
|-------------|--|------|
| 460.2007 | Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints | DOL |

The department will administer disincentives under the Disincentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints administrative item.

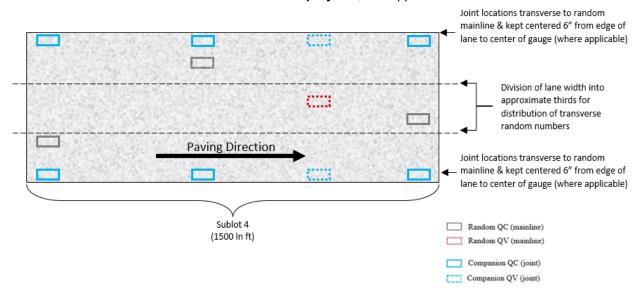
Appendix

WisDOT Longitudinal Joint - Nuclear Gauge Density Layout

Each QC and QV density location must have a companion density location at any applicable joint. This companion location must share longitudinal stationing with each QC or QV density location and be located transversely with the center of the gauge 6-inches from the final joint edge of the paving area.

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For HMA Pavement Percent Within Limits QMP projects, this appears as follows:



Further Explanation of PAY ADJUSTMENT FOR HMA PAVEMENT LONGITUDINAL JOINT DENSITY Table

| | Confined | | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------------|------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| | Lower Laye | r (On Base) | Upper Layer | | |
| | LT/MT | HT | LT/MT | HT | Pay Adjust |
| Mainline Target (SS 460-3) | 91.0 | 92.0 | 93.0 | 93.0 | - |
| Confined Target (mainline - 1.5) | 89.5 | 90.5 | 91.5 | 91.5 | - |
| Equal to or greater than +1.0 | <u>></u> 90.5 | <u>></u> 91.5 | <u>≥</u> 92.5 | <u>≥</u> 92.5 | \$0.20 |
| From 0.0 to +0.9 | 90.4 - 89.5 | 91.4 - 90.5 | 92.4 - 91.5 | 92.4 - 91.5 | \$0 |
| From -0.1 to -1.0 | 89.4 - 88.5 | 90.4 - 89.5 | 91.4 - 90.5 | 91.4 - 90.5 | (\$0.20) |
| From -1.1 to -2.0 | 88.4 - 87.5 | 89.4 - 88.5 | 90.4 - 89.5 | 90.4 - 89.5 | (\$0.40) |
| From -2.1 to -3.0 | 87.4 - 86.5 | 88.4 - 87.5 | 89.4 - 88.5 | 89.4 - 88.5 | (\$0.80) |
| More than -3.0 | < 86.5 | < 87.5 | < 88.5 | < 88.5 | REMEDIAL ACTION |

| | Unconfined | | | | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|
| | Lower Layer (On Base) | | Upper Layer | | |
| | LT/MT | HT | LT/MT | HT | Pay Adjust |
| Mainline Target (SS 460-3) | 91.0 | 92.0 | 93.0 | 93.0 | - |
| Unconfined Target (Mainline -3.0) | 88.0 | 89.0 | 90.0 | 90.0 | - |
| Equal to or greater than +2.0 | <u>≥</u> 90.0 | <u>></u> 91.0 | <u>≥</u> 92.0 | <u>></u> 92.0 | \$0.20 |
| From 0.0 to +1.9 | 89.9 - 88.0 | 90.9 - 89.0 | 91.9 - 90.0 | 91.9 - 90.0 | \$0 |
| From -0.1 to -1.0 | 87.9 - 87.0 | 88.9 - 88.0 | 89.9 - 89.0 | 89.9 - 89.0 | (\$0.20) |
| From -1.1 to -2.0 | 86.9 - 86.0 | 87.9 - 87.0 | 88.9 - 88.0 | 88.9 - 88.0 | (\$0.40) |
| From -2.1 to -3.0 | 85.9 - 85.0 | 86.9 - 86.0 | 87.9 - 87.0 | 87.9 - 87.0 | (\$0.80) |
| More than -3.0 | < 85.0 | < 86.0 | < 87.0 | < 87.0 | REMEDIAL ACTION |

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16. Material Transfer Vehicle, Item 460.9000.S.

A Description

This special provision describes providing Material Transfer Vehicles (MTV) and operators for use during HMA upper layer paving operations of the travel lanes as shown in the plan or as directed by the engineer.

B Materials

Furnish a self-propelled MTV with the ability to remix, maintain constant temperature, and continually feed the paver hopper. MTV storage capacity shall be adequate to provide continuous forward movement of the paver. Coordinate paver speed to match the delivery of material and capacity of the MTV to minimize stopping of the paver.

C Construction

Ensure that an operator stays with the MTV at all times during moving operations. Keep the paver's hopper full at all times and the MTV's hopper filled such that the conveying augers are never exposed to avoid segregation of the material. Placement of HMA upper layer pavement in the travel lanes will not be allowed without the MTV. Tie ins of intersections, shoulders paved separately, and other non-travel lane areas will not require the use of the MTV.

D Measurement

The department will measure Material Transfer Vehicle once for the contract, acceptably completed, regardless the number of vehicles in use.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

UNIT

460.9000.S

Material Transfer Vehicle

EACH

Payment is full compensation for furnishing all material transfer vehicles and operators.

stp-460-900 (20230113)

17. Nighttime Work Lighting-Stationary.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing portable lighting as necessary to complete nighttime work. Nighttime operations consist of work specifically scheduled to occur after sunset and before sunrise.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

C.1 General

This provision shall apply when providing, maintaining, moving, and removing portable light towers and equipment-mounted lighting fixtures for nighttime stationary work operations, for the duration of nighttime work on the contract.

At least 14 days before the nighttime work, furnish a lighting plan to the engineer for review and acceptance. Address the following in the plan:

- 1. Layout, including location of portable lighting lateral placement, height, and spacing. Clearly show on the layout the location of all lights necessary for every aspect of work to be done at night.
- 2. Specifications, brochures, and technical data of all lighting equipment to be used.
- 3. The details on how the luminaires will be attached.
- 4. Electrical power source information.
- 5. Details on the louvers, shields, or methods to be employed to reduce glare.
- 6. Lighting calculations. Provide illumination with average to minimum uniformity ratio of 5:1 or less throughout the work area.
- 7. Detail information on any other auxiliary equipment.

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C.2 Portable Lighting

Provide portable lighting that is sturdy and free standing and does not require any guy wires, braces, or any other attachments. Furnish portable lighting capable of being moved as necessary to keep up with the construction project. Position the portable lighting and trailers to minimize the risk of being impacted by traffic on the roadway or by construction traffic or equipment. Provide lighting protection for the portable lighting. Portable lighting shall withstand up to 60 mph wind velocity.

If portable generators are used as a power source, furnish adequate power to operate all required lighting equipment without any interruption during the nighttime work. Provide wiring that is weatherproof and installed according to local, state, federal (NECA and OSHA) requirements. Equip all power sources with a ground-fault circuit interrupter to prevent electrical shock.

C.3 Light Level and Uniformity

Position (spacing and mounting height) the luminaires to provide illumination with an average to minimum uniformity ratio of 5:1 or less throughout the work area.

Illuminate the area as necessary to incorporate construction vehicles, equipment, and personnel activities.

C.4 Glare Control

Design, install, and operate all lighting supplied under these specifications to minimize or avoid glare that interferes with all traffic on the roadway or that causes annoyance or discomfort for properties adjoining the roadway. Locate, aim, and adjust the luminaires to provide the adequate level of illumination and the specified uniformity in the work area without the creation of objectionable glare.

Provide louvers, shields, or visors, as needed, to reduce any objectionable levels of glare. As a minimum, ensure the following requirements are met to avoid objectionable glare on the roadways open to traffic in either direction or for adjoining properties:

- 1. Aim tower-mounted luminaires, either parallel or perpendicular to the roadway, so as to minimize light aimed toward approaching traffic.
- Aim all luminaires such that the center of beam axis is no greater than 60 degrees above vertical (straight down).

If lighting does not meet above-mentioned criteria, adjust the lighting within 24 hours.

C.5 Continuous Operation

Provide and have available sufficient fuel, spare lamps, generators, and qualified personnel to ensure that the lights will operate continuously during nighttime operation. In the event of any failure of the lighting system, discontinue the operation until the adequate level of illumination is restored. Move and remove lighting as necessary.

D (Vacant)

E Payment

Costs for furnishing a lighting plan, and for providing, maintaining, moving, and removing portable lighting, tower mounted lighting, and equipment-mounted lighting required under this special provision are incidental to the contract.

stp-643-010 (20100709)

18. Basic Traffic Queue Warning System, Item 643.1205.S.

A Description

This special provision describes providing, repositioning, operating, maintaining, monitoring, calibrating, testing, and removing a basic traffic queue warning system (QWS) capable of measuring vehicular speeds at downstream sections of a roadway, and activating the system.

B Materials

Provide Basic Traffic QWS components and software that is National Transportation Communications for ITS Protocol (NCTIP) compliant.

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B.1 Portable Traffic Sensors (PTS)

Provide PTS that are nonintrusive and capable of capturing vehicle speed in mph. Integrate each sensor with a modem to communicate with the automated system manager.

B.2 Static Traffic Control Signs with Temporary Flashing Beacon Signs (FBS)

Provide static traffic control signs with temporary flashing beacon signs conforming to standard spec 658.2(2) for Traffic Signal Faces. Ensure each FBS is integrated with a modem, and other equipment (e.g., automated system manager) mounted on it, and acts as a single device for communicating with similarly integrated devices and displaying real-time traffic conditions.

B.3 Automated System Manager (ASM)

Provide an ASM that assesses current traffic data captured by the PTS and activates/deactivates the FBS based on predetermined speed thresholds.

B.4 System Communications

Ensure Basic Traffic QWS communications meet the following requirements:

- Perform required configuration of the Basic Traffic QWS's communication system automatically during system initialization.
- Communication between the server and any individual FBS or PTS are independent through the full range of deployed locations, and do not rely upon communications with any other FBS or PTS.
- 3. Incorporate an error detection/correction mechanism into the Basic Traffic QWS communication system to ensure the integrity of all traffic condition data.

B.5 System Acceptance

Submit vendor verification to the engineer and Bureau of Traffic Operations (DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov) 14 calendar days before the pre-construction meeting that the system will adequately perform the functions specified in this special provision. Adequate verification includes past successful performance of the system, literature and references from successful use of the system by other agencies, and/or demonstration of the system.

Provide contact information for a designated representative responsible for monitoring the performance of the system and for making modifications to the operational settings as the engineer directs. Provide all testing and calibration equipment.

C Construction

C.1 General

Install and reposition Basic Traffic Queue Warning System per plan or as the engineer directs. Provide plan to the engineer and Bureau of Traffic Operations (DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov) 14 calendar days before the pre-construction meeting.

PTS may be mounted on FBS, arrow board or other trailer devices.

Install PTS at the following locations:

- 1. Place first PTS within the lane closure taper.
- 2. Place second PTS 5,700 feet upstream of the lane closure taper or on FBS #3.
- 3. Place third PTS 2 miles upstream of the lane closure taper or on FBS #2.

Install FBS at the following locations, delineated by 5 drums:

- 1. Place first FBS (FBS #3) 5,700 feet upstream of the lane closure taper.
- 2. Place second FBS (FBS #2) 2 miles upstream of the lane closure taper.
- 3. Place third FBS (FBS #1) 3 miles upstream of the lane closure taper.

If there are more than two lanes or specified in the plans, place FBS on both sides of the roadway.

Number the devices in chronological order so they are visible from the shoulder with 6-inch white high reflective sheeting.

Provide technical personnel for all system calibration, operation, maintenance, and timely on-call support services.

Promptly correct the system within 24 hours of becoming aware of a deficiency in the operation or individual part of the system. A minimum of three days before deployment, place the Basic Traffic QWS and demonstrate to the department that the Basic Traffic QWS is operational.

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Maintain the Basic Traffic QWS for the duration of the project. Ensure the system operates continuously (24 hours, 7 days a week) in the automated mode throughout the duration of the project.

Remove the system upon completion.

C.2 Reports

Provide an electronic copy of a weekly summary report of all data via email to the engineer. Ensure the report includes, at a minimum, the average speed per sensor, time in congestive state per sensor and number of triggers per day.

C.3 Meetings

Attend mandatory in-person pre-construction meetings with the department. Attend additional meetings as deemed necessary by the department. These meetings may be held in person or via teleconference, as scheduled by the department.

C.4 Programming

C.4.1 General

Program the Basic Traffic QWS to ensure that the following general operations are performed:

- 1. Provide a password protected login to the ASM, website and all other databases.
- 2. Automatic setting of the FBS to reflect current traffic flow status updated every 60 seconds for congestion. Ensure to remove a congestion message when 180 seconds of average traffic speeds above the current level are observed, or utilize a customized frequency as determined by the engineer.
- 3. The FBS activate based on pre-determined speed thresholds from the next downstream sensor.
 - FBS #3 shall activate based on traffic speeds at the PTS located within the lane closure taper.
 - FBS #2 shall activate based on traffic speeds at the PTS located approximately 1 mile upstream of lane closure taper, or at FBS #3.
 - FBS #1 shall activate based on traffic speeds at the PTS located 2 miles upstream of lane closure taper, or at FBS #2.
- 4. Provide real-time data from the ASM to a website with a full color mapping feature and refresh every 60 seconds. Make data on website available to the department staff at all times for the duration of the work zone activity. Ensure website includes:
 - Vehicle speeds
 - FBS triggers
 - Device locations
- 5. Archive all traffic data in a Microsoft Excel format with date and time stamps.
- 6. Configure the website to quantify system failures which includes communication disruption between any devices in the system configuration, FBS malfunctioning, PTS malfunction, loss of power, low battery, etc.
- 7. Automatically generate and send an email alert any time a user specified queue is detected by the system.
- 8. Ensure the system autonomously restarts in case of any power failure.

C.4.2 System Operation Strategy

Arrange for the vendor/manufacturer to coordinate system operation, detection, and trends/thresholds with the engineer.

The sequences below are a minimum requirement, but can be adjusted at the discretion of the engineer, are as follows:

Free Flow:

If the current PTS speed on a downstream section is at or above 40 mph, the next upstream FBS will not flash.

Slow or Stopped Traffic:

If the current PTS speed on a downstream section of the roadway is between the 39 mph and 0 mph (for example, 35 mph), the next upstream FBS shall flash.

C.5 Calibration and Testing

At the beginning of the project perform a successful field test and calibration at the Basic Traffic QWS location to verify the system is detecting accurate vehicle speeds, and accurately relaying the information to the ASM and the FBS.

Send email of successful calibration and testing to the engineer.

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D Measurement

The department will measure Basic Traffic Queue Warning System by the day, acceptably completed, measured as each complete system per roadway.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER DESCRIPTION UNIT

643.1205.S Basic Traffic Queue Warning System

DAY

Payment is full compensation for providing, repositioning, operating, maintaining, monitoring, calibrating, testing, and removing the complete system consisting of FBS, PTS, ASM, and system communications.

Failure to correct a deficiency to the FBS, PTS, or ASM within 24 hours after notification from the engineer or the department will result in a one-day deduction of the measured quantity for each day in which the deficiency is not corrected.

Failure to correct the website within 24 hours after notification from the engineer will result in a 10% reduction of the day quantity for each day the website is down.

The engineer will have sole discretion to assess the deductions for an improperly working Basic Traffic QWS.

stp-643-046 (20210113)

19. Digital Speed Reduction System, Item SPV.0045.01.

A Description

This special provision describes furnishing, installing, repositioning, operating, maintaining, monitoring, testing, and removing a Digital Speed Reduction System (DSRS) per plan or as the engineer directs.

B Materials

B.1 Digital Speed Limit Trailer (DSLT)

Furnish items from the department's approved products list.

B.2 Portable Changeable Message Sign (PCMS)

Provide PCMS conforming to standard spec 643. Ensure each PCMS is integrated with a modem and other equipment (e.g., automated system manager) mounted on it.

B.3 Automated System Manager (ASM)

Provide an ASM to remotely change the speed limit and PCMS message on the DSRS devices.

C Construction

C.1 General

Trailer-mount the sign so that the bottom is a minimum 7 feet above the roadway.

Install and operate DSRS 7 days in advance of the start of the temporary speed declaration start date. Perform a successful field test for each sign.

Provide in-person training to the department on the use and operation of the field hardware and the website for the DSRS.

Ensure the DSRS operates continuously when deployed on the project.

Provide a local specialist, to respond to emergency situations within 2 hours of being notified and who is equipped with sufficient resources to correct deficiencies in the DSRS.

There shall not be any conflicting speed limits displayed throughout the project limits.

The contractor will be responsible for coordinating with the engineer when the work zone speed limits are to be changed.

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Place PCMS at the following location or per plan:

• 2,200 feet upstream of start of lane closure taper on the right side of the roadway or as directed by the engineer.

Place Digital Speed Limit Trailer at the following locations or per plan:

- 1,500 feet upstream of start of lane closure taper on both sides of the roadway
- 1,500 feet beyond the end of the acceleration lane of each entrance ramp
- 700 feet upstream of worker activity
- Minimum of every 1 mile, in active work area or where workers are present

Placement of the Digital Speed Limit Trailers shall be on the right side of the roadway unless located in advance warning area, infeasible or as directed by the engineer.

Placement of Digital Speed Limit Trailer and PCMS shall not interfere with the function of existing signs or roadside devices.

R2-1 sign shall be 48" x 60" and follow standard spec 643 for sign requirements.

C.2 Programming

Program the DSRS to ensure the following operations are performed:

- 1. Provide a password protected login to the ASM, website and all other databases.
- 2. Provide real-time data from the ASM to a website and refresh every 60 seconds. The website should have a full-color mapping feature. Data on the website should be available to the department staff at all times for the duration of the work zone activity and should include:
 - Dates and times of speed limit changes
 - Messages
 - Device locations
- 3. Archive all data in a Microsoft Excel format with date and time stamps.
- 4. Configure the website to quantify system failures which includes PCMS and/or digital speed limit trailer malfunction, loss of power, low battery, etc.
- 5. Ensure the devices autonomously restart in case of any power failure.
- 6. Provide the department access to manually override the DSRS for a user-specified duration. Document all override messages.
- 7. The digital display portion automatically adjusts the brightness under varying light conditions to maintain legibility.
- 8. Speed limit values shown on the digital display legend continuously displays without animation. Brief blanking may be experienced, up to 10 seconds, only during digital display legend user input utilizing the hard-wired hand control.
- 9. The digital display changes between the original posted speed limit and the approved temporary speed limit on the digital speed limit trailer when directed by the engineer.
- 10. The PCMS changes between the flashing four corner arrow board mode and the "Posted Speed Reduction" message per plan when directed by the engineer.
- 11. Digital speed limit trailers and PCMS shall change simultaneously, at the same time to only display one speed limit.
- 12. The beacon on the DSRS shall flash when the speed limit has been reduced per the temporary speed declaration.

C.3 Reports

Provide an electronic copy of a weekly summary report and end of project summary report via email to the engineer and Bureau of Traffic Operations (DOTBTOworkzone@dot.wi.gov). Include timestamped information on the date, time, messages, and speed limit for when the DSRS was changed.

D Measurement

The department will measure Digital Speed Reduction System by the day, acceptably completed.

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E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBERDESCRIPTIONUNITSPV.0045.01Digital Speed Reduction SystemDAY

Payment is full compensation for furnishing, installing, repositioning, operating, maintaining, monitoring, testing, and removing for a DSRS.

Failure to correct a deficiency to the DSRS within 24 hours after notification from the engineer or the department will result in a one-day deduction of the measured quantity for each day in which the deficiency is not corrected.

The engineer will have the sole discretion to assess the deductions for an improperly working DSRS.

20. Removing Barrier Wall Lip, Item SPV.0060.01.

A Description

This special provision describes partial removal of the existing concrete barrier wall lip according to standard spec 204 and 690, the plans, and hereinafter provided.

B (Vacant)

C Construction

Remove the barrier wall lip overhanging the inlet casting as shown on the plans or as the engineer directs to allow room for vertical inlet adjustment.

D Measurement

The department will measure Removing Barrier Wall Lip by each unit, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

UNIT

SPV.0060.01

Removing Barrier Wall Lip

EACH

Payment is full compensation for sawing, removing, and disposing of removed materials.

21. Salvage and Reinstall Crash Cushion, Item SPV.0060.02.

A Description

This special provision describes temporarily removing, salvaging, and reinstalling existing crash cushions according to standard spec 614, the plans, and hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Existing Crash Cushions:

Manufacturer: Barrier Systems A Lindsay Transportation Solutions, LLC

Product Name: Tau-II

C Construction

Salvage and remove the existing Crash Cushion to allow room for HMA paving. Reinstall after the HMA overlay has been constructed.

D Measurement

The department will measure Salvage and Reinstall Crash Cushion by each unit, acceptably completed.

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E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

UNIT

SPV.0060.02

Salvage and Reinstall Crash Cushion

EACH

Payment is full compensation for temporary removal, storage, reinstalling, and any new required hardware.

22. Crash Cushion Nose Cover Chevron, Item SPV.0060.03.

A Description

This special provision describes installing W5-59 chevrons to the existing crash cushion noses according to standard spec 637, the plans, and hereinafter provided.

B Materials

Furnish an adhesive sticker with type F reflective sheeting from the APL conforming to the plan details and standard spec 637.2.2.2.

Apply an object marker to the nose of the crash cushion of the color and pattern the WMUTCD shows for work zones or permanent installations.

C Construction

Install object markers with reflective sheeting to the crash cushion nose piece conforming to the plan details and standard spec 637.3.2.

D Measurement

The department will measure Crash Cushion Nose Cover Chevron by each unit, acceptably completed.

E Payment

The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid item:

ITEM NUMBER

DESCRIPTION

UNIT

SPV.0060.03

Crash Cushion Nose Cover Chevron

EACH

Payment is full compensation for adhesive reflective sheeting panels, installation, and any new required hardware.

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ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 4

This special provision does not limit the right of the department, prime contractor, or subcontractors at any tier to withhold payment for work not acceptably completed or work subject to an unresolved contract dispute.

Payment to First-Tier Subcontractors

Within 10 calendar days of receiving a progress payment for work completed by a subcontractor, pay the subcontractor for that work. The prime contractor may withhold payment to a subcontractor if, within 10 calendar days of receipt of that progress payment, the prime contractor provides written notification to the subcontractor and the department documenting "just cause" for withholding payment.

The prime contractor is not allowed to withhold retainage from payments due subcontractors.

Payment to Lower-Tier Subcontractors

Ensure that subcontracting agreements at all tiers provide prompt payment rights to lower-tier subcontractors that parallel those granted first-tier subcontractors in this provision.

Acceptance and Final Payment

Within 30 calendar days of receiving the semi-final estimate from the department, submit written certification that subcontractors at all tiers are paid in full for acceptably completed work.

Additional Special Provision 6 (ASP-6) Modifications to the standard specifications

Make the following revisions to the standard specifications:

108 Prosecution and Progress

Add subsection 108.9.4.1 effective with the November 2023 letting:

108.9.4.1 Winter Suspension for Completion Date Contracts

- (1) The contractor may request a winter suspension for a completion date contract. If the department determines weather conditions do not allow for the completion of the remaining work, the department may approve the contractor's request and determine the start date of the winter suspension. The end date of the winter suspension is March 31 or a date mutually agreed upon by both parties. For multi-year contracts, the department will only consider winter suspension for the final year of the contract.
- (2) During winter suspension, store all materials in a manner that does not obstruct vehicular and pedestrian traffic and protect the materials from damage. Install traffic control and other safety devices necessary to protect the traveling public and pedestrians. Provide suitable drainage and install temporary erosion control where necessary. If the winter suspension begins when liquidated damages are being assessed, or when the work has not progressed as scheduled and would not have been completed prior to the completion date, the cost of necessary pre-suspension work is incidental. If the winter suspension begins prior to the contract completion date, and the work has progressed as scheduled and would have been completed prior to the completion date, the cost of pre-suspension work will be paid as specified under 109.4.
- (3) For a winter suspension that begins prior to the contract completion date and the work has progressed as scheduled and would have been completed prior to the completion date, the engineer will extend contract time to correspond with the end of the winter suspension and liquidated damages will not be assessed during the winter suspension.
- (4) For a winter suspension that begins when liquidated damages are being assessed or when the work has not progressed as scheduled and would not have been completed prior to the completion date, the engineer will not extend contract time. Time will be suspended until the end of the winter suspension. Liquidated damages will not be assessed during the winter suspension and liquidated damages will resume at the end of the winter suspension.

108.10.2 Excusable, Non-Compensable Delays

108.10.2.1 General

Replace entire section with the following effective with the January 2024 letting:

- (1) Non-compensable delays, 108.10.2.1(3), are excusable delays not the contractor's or the department's fault. The engineer will not pay for the delay costs listed in 109.4.7 for non-compensable delays.
- (2) For non-compensable delays under calendar day and completion date contracts, the engineer will extend contract time if the conditions specified in 108.10.1 are met. The department will relieve the contractor from associated liquidated damages, as specified in 108.11, if the engineer extends time under 108.10.1.
- (3) The following are non-compensable delays:
 - 1. Delays due to earthquakes, other cataclysmic phenomena of nature the contractor cannot foresee and avoid, severe weather or job conditions caused by recent weather as specified in 108.10.2.2.
 - 2. Extraordinary delays in material deliveries the contractor or their suppliers cannot foresee and forestall resulting from strikes, lockouts, freight embargoes, industry-wide shortages, governmental acts, or sudden disasters.
 - 3. Delays due to acts of the government, a political subdivision other than the department, or the public enemy.
 - 4. Delays from fires or epidemics.
 - Delays from strikes beyond the contractor's power to settle not caused by improper acts or omissions of the contractor, their subcontractors, or their suppliers.
 - 6. Altered quantities as specified in 109.3.

108.10.3 Excusable Compensable Delays

Replace entire section with the following effective with the January 2024 letting:

- (1) Compensable delays are excusable delays due to the department's actions or lack of actions. The engineer will grant a time extension for a compensable delay if the conditions specified in 108.10.1 are met.
- (2) The following are compensable delays:

- 1. A contract change for revised work as specified for extra work under 104.2.2.1, for a differing site condition under 104.2.2.2, or for significant changes in the character of the work under 104.2.2.4.
- 2. A contract change for an engineer-ordered suspension under 104.2.2.3.
- 3. The unexpected discovery of human remains, an archaeological find, or historical find consistent with 107.25.
- 4. The unexpected discovery of a hazardous substance consistent with 107.24.
- 5. The non-completion of work that utilities or other third parties perform, if that work is not completed as specified in the contract.
- (3) For a compensable delay or a time extension, the department will relieve the contractor from associated liquidated damages under 108.11, and will pay the contractor for delay costs determined as follows:
 - 1. Adjust the contract price as specified in 109.4.2 through 109.4.5 for delays under item 1 of 108.10.3(2).
 - 2. Adjust the contract price as specified in 109.4.7 for delays under items 2 through 5 of 108.10.3(2).

310 Open Graded Base

310.2 Materials

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(2) The contractor may substitute material conforming to the gradation requirements for crushed aggregate specified in Table 310-01 if that material conforms to the fracture requirements for open-graded crushed gravel specified in 301.2.4.5.

TABLE 310-01 COARSE AGGREGATE (% passing by weight)

AASHTO No. 67^[1]

| AASHTO No. 67 | | | | |
|--|--|--|--|--|
| COARSE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) AASHTO No. 67 | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| 100 | | | | |
| 90 – 100 | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| 20 – 55 | | | | |
| 0 – 10 | | | | |
| 0 – 5 | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| - | | | | |
| <=1.5 | | | | |
| | | | | |

[1] Size according to AASHTO M43.

390 Base Patching

390.4 Measurement

Replace entire section with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

- (1) The department will measure Removing Pavement for Base Patching by the cubic yard acceptably completed. Measure the depth from the bottom of the adjacent pavement to the top of the patch.
- (2) The department will measure Base Patching Asphaltic by the ton acceptably completed as specified for asphaltic pavement in 450.4.
- (3) The department will measure Base Patching Concrete HES and Base Patching Concrete SHES by the cubic yard acceptably completed. Measure the depth from the bottom of the adjacent pavement to the top of the patch.

390.5 Payment

Replace entire section with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(1) The department will pay for measured quantities at the contract unit price under the following bid items:

| ITEM NUMBER | <u>DESCRIPTION</u> | <u>UNIT</u> |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|
| 390.0100 | Removing Pavement for Base Patching | CY |
| 390.0201 | Base Patching Asphaltic | TON |
| 390.0305 | Base Patching Concrete HES | CY |
| 390.0405 | Base Patching Concrete SHES | CY |

- (2) Payment for Removing Pavement for Base Patching is full compensation for removing old pavement; for preparing the foundation and bringing up to grade. If the engineer orders the contractor to excavate yielding or unstable subgrade materials and backfill with suitable materials, the department will pay for that work with contract bid items or as agreed upon using 109.4.
- (3) Payment for Base Patching Asphaltic is full compensation for providing and compacting asphaltic mixture including asphaltic binder.
- (4) Payment for Base Patching Concrete HES and Base Patching Concrete SHES is full compensation for providing, curing, and protecting concrete. Payment also includes providing tie bars and dowel bars in unhardened concrete and steel within the patch. For tie bars and dowel bars provided in concrete not placed under the contract, the department will pay separately under the Drilled Tie Bars and Drilled Dowel Bars bid items as specified in 416.5.
- (5) Payment for Base Patching SHES also includes providing test data to the engineer as specified in 416.2.4.
- (6) The department will pay for sawing existing concrete pavement for removal under the Sawing Concrete bid item as specified in 690.5.

460 Hot Mix Asphalt Pavement

460.2.8.2.1.3.1 Contracts with 5000 Tons of Mixture or Greater

Replace paragraph four with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(4) Use the test methods identified below, or other methods the engineer approves, to perform the following tests at the frequency indicated:

Blended aggregate gradations:

Drum plants:

- Field extraction by ignition oven according to WTM T308, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T-164 method A or B; or automated extraction according to WTM D8159. Gradation of resulting aggregate sample determined according to WTM T30.
- Belt samples, optional for virgin mixtures, obtained from stopped belt or from the belt discharge using an engineer-approved sampling device and performed according to WTM T11 and T27.

Batch plants:

 Field extraction by ignition oven according to WTM T308, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T-164 method A or B; or automated extraction according to WTM D8159. Gradation of resulting aggregate sample determined according to WTM T30.

Asphalt content (AC) in percent:

Determine AC using one of the following methods:

- AC by ignition oven according to WTM T308.
- AC by chemical extraction according to AASHTO T-164 method A or B.
- AC by automated extraction according to WTM D8159.
- If the department is using an ignition oven to determine AC, conform to WTP H003.
- If the department is not using an ignition oven to determine AC, ignition oven correction factor (IOCF) must still be reverified for any of the reasons listed in WTP H003 Table 2 and conform to WTP H-003 sections 3 through 6.
- Gradation of resulting aggregate sample determined according to WTM T30.

Bulk specific gravity of the compacted mixture:

According to WTM T166.

Theoretical maximum specific gravity:

According to WTM T209.

Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.

VMA by calculation according to WTM R35.

460.2.8.3.1.4 Department Verification Testing Requirements

Replace paragraph three with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(3) The department will perform testing conforming to the following standards:

Bulk specific gravity (G_{mb}) of the compacted mixture according to WTM T166.

Maximum specific gravity (Gmm) according to WTM T209.

Air voids (Va) by calculation according to WTM T269.

VMA by calculation according to WTM R35.

Asphalt content by ignition oven according to WTM T308, chemical extraction according to AASHTO T-164 method A or B, or automated extraction according to WTM D8159. If using an ignition oven to determine AC, conform to WTP H-003.

460.3.3.2 Pavement Density Determinations

Replace entire section with the following effective with the February 2024 letting:

- (1) The engineer will determine the target maximum density using department procedures described in WTM T355. The engineer will determine density according to CMM 815 and WTM T355 as soon as practicable after compaction and before placement of subsequent layers or before opening to traffic.
- (2) Do not re-roll compacted mixtures with deficient density test results. Do not operate continuously below the specified minimum density. Stop production, identify the source of the problem, and make corrections to produce work meeting the specification requirements.
- (3) A lot is defined as one day's production for each sublot type or one production shift if running 24 hours per day and placed within a single layer for each location and target maximum density category indicated in table 460-3. The lot density is the average of the tests taken for that lot. The department determines the number of tests per lot according to WTP H-002.
- (4) An HTCP-certified Nuclear Density Technician I (NUCDENSITYTEC-I) or a nuclear density ACT working under a NUCDENSITYTEC-I technician, will locate samples and perform the testing. A NUCDENSITYTEC-I technician will coordinate and take responsibility for the work an ACT performs. No more than one ACT can work under a single NUCDENSITYTEC-I technician. The responsible NUCDENSITYTEC-I technician will ensure that sample location and testing is performed correctly, analyze test results, and provide density results to the contractor weekly.

503 Prestressed Concrete Members

503.2.2 Concrete

Replace paragraph five with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(5) Furnish prestressed concrete members cast from air-entrained concrete, except I-type girders may use non-air-entrained concrete. Use type I, IL, IS, IP, IT, II, or III cement. The contractor may replace up to 30 percent of type I, IL, II, or III cement with an equal weight of fly ash, slag, or a combination of fly ash and slag. Ensure that fly ash conforms to 501.2.4.2.2 and slag conforms to 501.2.4.2.3. Use only one source and replacement rate for work under a single bid item. Use a department-approved air-entraining admixture conforming to 501.2.5.2 for air-entrained concrete. Use only coarse aggregate conforming to 310.2(2).

604 Slope Paving

604.2 Materials

Replace paragraph three with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(3) Under the Slope Paving Crushed Aggregate bid item, furnish crushed stone or crushed gravel conforming to the gradation in Table 604-01, but with the additional requirements that at least 75 percent of the particles, by count, have at least one fractured face. Determine fracture according to WTM D5821.

TABLE 604-01 COARSE AGGREGATE (% passing by weight)

AASHTO No. 4^[1]

| SEIVE | COARSE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) AASHTO No. 4 |
|------------|--|
| 2-inch | 100 |
| 1 1/2-inch | 90 - 100 |
| 1-inch | 20 - 55 |
| 3/4-inch | 0 - 15 |
| 1/2-inch | - |
| 3/8-inch | 0 - 5 |
| No. 4 | - |
| No. 8 | - |
| No. 16 | - |
| No. 30 | - |
| No. 50 | - |
| No. 100 | - |
| No. 200 | <=1.5 |

^[1] Size according to AASHTO M43.

612 Underdrains

612.3.9 Trench Underdrains

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(1) Under the Underdrain Trench bid item, excavate and backfill underdrain trenches. Backfill with coarse aggregate gradation conforming to 604.2(3). Before backfilling place geotextile as the plans show.

614 Semi-rigid Barrier Systems and End Treatments

614.2.6 Sand Barrel Arrays

Replace paragraph one with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(1) Furnish sand barrels from the APL. Use fine aggregate conforming to gradation shown in Table 614-2 mixed with sodium chloride conforming to AASHTO M143. Apply an object marker to front-most barrel in the array.

TABLE 614-2 FINE AGGREGATE GRADATION

| SEIVE | FINE AGGREGATE (% PASSING by WEIGHT) |
|----------|---|
| 3/8-inch | 100 |
| No. 4 | 90 - 100 |
| No. 8 | - |
| No. 16 | 45 - 85 |
| No. 30 | - |
| No. 50 | 5 - 30 |
| No. 100 | 0 - 10 |
| No. 200 | <=3.5 |

628 Erosion Control

628.2.13 Rock Bags

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(2) Fill the bags with a clean, sound, hard, durable, engineer-approved coarse aggregate conforming by visual inspection to the gradation specified for coarse aggregate gradation in 604.2(3).

639 Drilling Wells

639.2.1 General

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(2) For grout use fine aggregate conforming to 501.2.7.2; and gradation conforming to 614.2.6(1); and type I, IL, IS, IP, or IT cement.

652 Electrical Conduit

652.3.1.2 Installing Underground

Replace paragraph two with the following effective with the November 2023 letting:

(2) Excavate trenches true to line and grade to provide the conduit uniform bearing throughout its length. Do not backfill the trench before inspecting the conduit. Carefully tamp the backfill in place as specified for placing backfill in layers in 651.3. Place at least 0.7 cubic feet of coarse aggregate gradation conforming to 604.2(3) directly under each drainage hole.

ERRATA

390.3.4 Special High Early Strength Concrete Patching

Correct errata link in paragraph (1) by changing from 416.3.8 to 416.3.7.

- (1) Construct as specified for special high early strength repairs under 416.3.7 except as follows:
 - The contractor may delay removal for up to 14 calendar days after cutting the existing pavement.
 - Open to traffic as specified for concrete base in 320.3.

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 7

- A. Reporting 1st Tier and DBE Payments During Construction
 - 1. Comply with reporting requirements specified in the department's Civil Rights Compliance, Contractor's User Manual, Sublets and Payments.
 - 2. Report payments to all DBE firms within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department or a contractor for work performed, materials furnished, or materials stockpiled by a DBE firm. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed and for all materials furnished or stockpiled.
 - 3. Report payments to all first tier subcontractor relationships within 10 calendar days of receipt of a progress payment by the department for work performed. Report the payment as specified in A(1) for all work satisfactorily performed.
 - 4. All tiers shall report payments as necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement as specified in A(2).
 - 5. DBE firms must enter all payments to DBE and non-DBE firms regardless of tier.
 - 6. Require all first tier relationships, DBE firms and all other tier relationships necessary to comply with the DBE payment requirement in receipt of a progress payment by contractor to acknowledge receipt of payment as specified in A(1), (2), (3) and (4).
 - 7. All agreements made by a contractor shall include the provisions in A(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), and (6), and shall be binding on all first tier subcontractor relationships, all contractors and subcontractors utilizing DBE firms on the project, and all payments from DBE firms.
- B. Costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.

NOTE: CRCS Prime Contractor payment is currently not automated and will need to be manually loaded into the Civil Rights Compliance System. Copies of prime contractor payments received (check or ACH) will have to be forwarded to paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov within 5 days of payment receipt to be logged manually.

***Additionally, for information on Subcontractor Sublet assignments, Subcontractor Payments and Payment Tracking, please refer to the CRCS Payment and Sublets manual at:

https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payments-sublets-manual.pdf

ADDITIONAL SPECIAL PROVISION 9

Electronic Certified Payroll or Labor Data Submittal

- (1) Use the department's Civil Rights Compliance System (CRCS) to electronically submit certified payroll reports for contracts with federal funds and labor data for contracts with state funds only. Details are available online through the department's highway construction contractor information (HCCI) site on the Labor, Wages, and EEO Information page at:
 - https://wisconsindot.gov/Pages/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/default.aspx
- (2) Ensure that all tiers of subcontractors, including all trucking firms, either submit their weekly certified payroll reports (contracts with federal funds) or labor data (contracts with state funds only) electronically through CRCS. These payrolls or labor data are due within seven calendar days following the close of the payroll period. Every firm providing physical labor towards completing the project is a subcontractor under this special provision.
- (3) Upon receipt of contract execution, promptly make all affected firms aware of the requirements under this special provision and arrange for them to receive CRCS training as they are about to begin their submittals. The department will provide training either in a classroom setting at one of our regional offices or by telephone. Contact Paul Ndon at (414) 438-4584 to schedule the training.
- (4) The department will reject all paper submittals for information required under this special provision. All costs for conforming to this special provision are incidental to the contract.
- (5) Firms wishing to export payroll/labor data from their computer system into CRCS should have their payroll coordinator contact Paul Ndon at paul.ndon@dot.wi.gov. Not every contractor's payroll system is capable of producing export files. For details, see Section 4.8 CPR Auto Submit (Data Mapping) on pages 49-50; 66-71 of the CRCS Payroll Manual at:
 - https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/doing-bus/civil-rights/labornwage/crcs-payroll-manual.pdf

NON-DISCRIMINATION PROVISIONS

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees as follows:

- **1. Compliance with Regulations:** The contractor (hereinafter includes consultants) will comply with the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination in Federally-assisted programs of the U.S. Department of Transportation, Federal Highway Administration, as they may be amended from time to time, which are herein incorporated by reference and made a part of this contract.
- **2. Non-discrimination:** The contractor, with regard to the work performed by it during the contract, will not discriminate on the grounds of race, color, or national origin in the selection and retention of subcontractors, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment. The contractor will not participate directly or indirectly in the discrimination prohibited by the Acts and the Regulations, including employment practices when the contract covers any activity, project, or program set forth in Appendix B of 49 CFR Part 21.
- **3. Solicitations for Subcontracts, Including Procurements of Materials and Equipment:** In all solicitations, either by competitive bidding, or negotiation made by the contractor for work to be performed under a subcontract, including procurements of materials, or leases of equipment, each potential subcontractor or supplier will be notified by the contractor of the contractor's obligations under this contract and the Acts and the Regulations relative to Non-discrimination on the grounds of race, color, or national origin.
- **4. Information and Reports:** The contractor will provide all information and reports required by the Acts, the Regulations, and directives issued pursuant thereto and will permit access to its books, records, accounts, other sources of information, and its facilities as may be determined by the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration to be pertinent to ascertain compliance with such Acts, Regulations, and instructions. Where any information required of a contractor is in the exclusive possession of another who fails or refuses to furnish the information, the contractor will so certify to the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration, as appropriate, and will set forth what efforts it has made to obtain the information.
- **5. Sanctions for Noncompliance:** In the event of a contractor's noncompliance with the Non-discrimination provisions of this contract, the Recipient will impose such contract sanctions as it or the Federal Highway Administration may determine to be appropriate, including, but not limited to:
 - a. Withholding payments to the contractor under the contract until the contractor complies; and/or
 - b. Cancelling, terminating, or suspending a contract, in whole or in part.
- **6. Incorporation of Provisions:** The contractor will include the provisions of paragraphs one through six in every subcontract, including procurements of materials and leases of equipment, unless exempt by the Acts, the Regulations and directives issued pursuant thereto. The contractor will take action with respect to any subcontract or procurement as the Recipient or the Federal Highway Administration may direct as a means of enforcing such provisions including sanctions for noncompliance. Provided, that if the contractor becomes involved in, or is threatened with litigation by a subcontractor, or supplier because of such direction, the contractor may request the Recipient to enter into any litigation to protect the interests of the Recipient. In addition, the contractor may request the United States to enter into the litigation to protect the interests of the United States.

During the performance of this contract, the contractor, for itself, its assignees, and successors in interest (hereinafter referred to as the "contractor") agrees to comply with the following non-discrimination statutes and authorities; including but not limited to:

Pertinent Non-Discrimination Authorities:

- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964 (42 U.S.C. § 2000d et seq., 78 stat. 252), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin); and 49 CFR Part 21.
- The Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970, (42 U.S.C. § 4601), (prohibits unfair treatment of persons displaced or whose property has been acquired because of Federal or Federal-aid programs and projects);
- Federal-Aid Highway Act of 1973, (23 U.S.C. § 324 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of sex);
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, (29 U.S.C. § 794 et seq.), as amended, (prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability); and 49 CFR Part 27;
- The Age Discrimination Act of 1975, as amended, (42 U.S.C. § 6101 et seq.), (prohibits discrimination on the basis of age);
- Airport and Airway Improvement Act of 1982, (49 USC § 471, Section 47123), as amended, (prohibits discrimination based on race, creed, color, national origin, or sex);
- The Civil Rights Restoration Act of 1987, (PL 100-209), (Broadened the scope, coverage and applicability of Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, The Age Discrimination Act of 1975 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, by expanding the definition of the terms "programs or activities" to include all of the programs or activities of the Federal-aid recipients, subrecipients and contractors, whether such programs or activities are Federally funded or not);
- Titles II and III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, which prohibit discrimination on the basis of disability in the operation of public entities, public and private transportation systems, places of public accommodation, and certain testing entities (42 U.S.C. §§ 12131-12189) as implemented by Department of Transportation regulations at 49 C.F.R. parts 37 and 38;
- The Federal Aviation Administration's Non-discrimination statute (49 U.S.C. § 47123) (prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, and sex);
- Executive Order 12898, Federal Actions to Address Environmental Justice in Minority Populations and Low-Income Populations, which ensures Non-discrimination against minority populations by discouraging programs, policies, and activities with disproportionately high and adverse human health or environmental effects on minority and low-income populations;
- Executive Order 13166, Improving Access to Services for Persons with Limited English
 Proficiency, and resulting agency guidance, national origin discrimination includes discrimination
 because of Limited English proficiency (LEP). To ensure compliance with Title VI, you must take
 reasonable steps to ensure that LEP persons have meaningful access to your programs (70 Fed.
 Reg. at 74087 to 74100);
- Title IX of the Education Amendments of 1972, as amended, which prohibits you from discriminating because of sex in education programs or activities (20 U.S.C. 1681 et seq).

BUY AMERICA PROVISION

Buy America (as documented in <u>88 FR 57750 (2 CFR part 184 and 200)</u> from the Office of Management and Budget: <u>Federal Register: Guidance for Grants and Agreements</u>) shall be domestic products and permanently incorporated in this project as classified in the following three categories, and as noted in the Construction and Materials Manual (CMM):

1. Iron and Steel

All iron and steel manufacturing and coating processes (from the initial melting stage through the application of coatings) must have occurred within the United States. Coating includes epoxy coating, galvanizing, painting and any other coating that protects or enhances the value of a material subject to the requirements of Buy America.

The exemption of the iron and steel manufacturing and coating processes Buy America requirement is the minimal use of foreign materials if the total cost of such material permanently incorporated in the product does not exceed one-tenth of one percent (1/10 of 1%) of the total contract cost or \$2,500.00, whichever is greater. For purposes of this paragraph, the cost is that shown to be the value of the subject products as they are delivered to the project.

2. Manufactured Product

All manufactured products (as defined in CMM 228.5) are covered under a previous waiver from 1983 and are currently exempt from Buy America.

3. Construction Material

All construction materials (as defined in <u>88 FR 57750 (2 CFR part 184 and 200)</u> and as referenced in CMM 228.5) must comply with Buy America. All manufacturing process of construction materials must occur in the United States.

<u>88 FR 55817 (DOT-OST-2022-0124)</u> allows a limited waiver of Buy America requirements for de minimis costs and small grants.

- The Total value of the non-compliant products is no more than the lesser of \$1,000,000 or 5% of total applicable costs for the project¹; or
- The total amount of Federal financial assistance applied to the project, through awards or subaward, is below \$500,000²

The contractor shall take actions and provide documentation conforming to CMM 228.5 to ensure compliance with this Buy America provision.

https://wisconsindot.gov/rdwy/cmm/cm-02-28.pdf

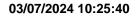
Upon completion of the project, certify to the engineer, in writing using department form DT4567 that all iron and steel, manufactured products, and construction materials conform to this Buy America provision.

Form DT4567 is available at: https://wisconsindot.gov/Documents/formdocs/dt4567.docx

Attach a list of iron or steel and construction material exemptions and their associated costs to the certification form.

¹ The de minimis public interest waiver does not apply to iron and steel subject to the requirements of 23 U.S.C. 313 on financial assistant administered by FHWA. The de minimis threshold in 23 CFR 635.410(b)(4) continues to apply for iron and steel. 2 The small grant portion of the waiver does not apply to iron, steel, and manufactured goods subject to the requirements of 49 U.S.C. 22905(a).







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Federal ID(s): N/A

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------|-------------|
| 0002 | 204.0105 Removing Concrete Pavement Butt Joints | 3,130.000 SY | | |
| 0004 | 204.0115 Removing Asphaltic Surface Butt Joints | 1,520.000 SY | | · |
| 0006 | 204.0126.S Removing Asphaltic Longitudinal Notched Wedge Joint Milling | 80,979.000 LF | · | |
| 8000 | 204.0165 Removing Guardrail | 172.000 LF | · | |
| 0010 | 211.0101 Prepare Foundation for Asphaltic Paving (project) 01. 1011-00-82 | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0012 | 213.0100 Finishing Roadway (project) 01. 1011-00-82 | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0014 | 305.0110 Base Aggregate Dense 3/4-Inch | 1,274.000 TON | · | |
| 0016 | 390.0100 Removing Pavement for Base Patching | 240.000 CY | · | · |
| 0018 | 390.0405 Base Patching Concrete SHES | 240.000 CY | · | · |
| 0020 | 416.0610 Drilled Tie Bars | 260.000 EACH | | |
| 0022 | 416.0620 Drilled Dowel Bars | 1,040.000 EACH | | |
| 0024 | 455.0605 Tack Coat | 10,610.000 GAL | | |
| 0026 | 460.0105.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Volumetrics | 1.000 EACH | · | |
| 0028 | 460.0110.S HMA Percent Within Limits (PWL) Test Strip Density | 1.000 EACH | · | |
| 0030 | 460.0115.S HMA Pavement Test Strip Volumetrics | 1.000 EACH | | · |





Page 2 of 5

Federal ID(s): N/A

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 0032 | 460.0120.S HMA Pavement Test Strip Density | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0034 | 460.2000 Incentive Density HMA Pavement | 10,040.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 10,040.00 |
| 0036 | 460.2005 Incentive Density PWL HMA Pavement | 8,960.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 8,960.00 |
| 0038 | 460.2007 Incentive Density HMA Pavement Longitudinal Joints | 16,008.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 16,008.00 |
| 0040 | 460.2010 Incentive Air Voids HMA Pavement | 14,540.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 14,540.00 |
| 0042 | 460.7424 HMA Pavement 4 HT 58-28 H | 14,540.000 TON | | |
| 0044 | 460.8624 HMA Pavement 4 SMA 58-28 V | 15,680.000 TON | | · |
| 0046 | 460.9000.S Material Transfer Vehicle | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0048 | 465.0510 Asphaltic Rumble Strips, Shoulder Divided Roadway | 38,650.000 LF | <u>-</u> | |
| 0050 | 603.8125 Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast Installed | 4,789.000 LF | · | · |
| 0052 | 603.8500 Anchoring Concrete Barrier Temporary Precast | 1,863.000 LF | | |
| 0054 | 611.8115 Adjusting Inlet Covers | 55.000 EACH | | <u> </u> |
| 0056 | 614.0010 Barrier System Grading Shaping Finishing | 2.000 EACH | | · |
| 0058 | 614.2300 MGS Guardrail 3 | 325.000 LF | | |
| 0060 | 614.2500 MGS Thrie Beam Transition | 79.000 LF | | |





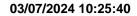
Page 3 of 5

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SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

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|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--|------------|
| 0062 | 614.2610 MGS Guardrail Terminal EAT | 2.000 EACH | | |
| 0064 | 618.0100 Maintenance and Repair of Haul Roads (project) 01. 1011-00-82 | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0066 | 619.1000 Mobilization | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0068 | 624.0100 Water | 19.900 MGAL | · | · |
| 0070 | 628.1504 Silt Fence | 575.000 LF | | |
| 0072 | 628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance | 575.000 LF | | |
| 0074 | 628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control | 2.000 EACH | · | · |
| 0076 | 628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control | 2.000 EACH | | · |
| 0078 | 628.7504 Temporary Ditch Checks | 15.000 LF | | |
| 0800 | 638.2102 Moving Signs Type II | 2.000 EACH | | <u> </u> |
| 0082 | 638.4000 Moving Small Sign Supports | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0084 | 642.5001 Field Office Type B | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0086 | 643.0300 Traffic Control Drums | 24,277.000 DAY | | |
| 0088 | 643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III | 625.000 DAY | | <u> </u> |
| 0090 | 643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A | 851.000 DAY | <u>. </u> | |
| 0092 | 643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C | 1,286.000 DAY | | <u> </u> |
| | | | | |







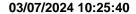
Page 4 of 5

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| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 0094 | 643.0800 Traffic Control Arrow Boards | 209.000 DAY | | |
| 0096 | 643.0900 Traffic Control Signs | 2,501.000 DAY | | |
| 0098 | 643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II | 45.000 EACH | | |
| 0100 | 643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS | 120.000 DAY | | |
| 0102 | 643.1205.S Basic Traffic Queue Warning System | 56.000 DAY | | |
| 0104 | 643.1500 Traffic Control Speed Radar Trailer | 336.000 DAY | · | |
| 0106 | 643.3165 Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch | 51,982.000 LF | | |
| 0108 | 643.4100 Traffic Control Interim Lane Closure | 56.000 EACH | | |
| 0110 | 643.5000 Traffic Control | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0112 | 646.2025 Marking Line Grooved Black Epoxy 6- Inch | 17,630.000 LF | | |
| 0114 | 646.2040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6- Inch | 69,835.000 LF | | |
| 0116 | 646.2050 Marking Line Grooved Permanent Tape 6-Inch | 17,630.000 LF | | |
| 0118 | 646.4040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch | 2,617.000 LF | | · |
| 0120 | 646.4705 Marking Line Same Day Paint 6-Inch | 49,365.000 LF | | |
| 0122 | 646.4805 Marking Line Same Day Paint 10-Inch | 2,617.000 LF | | |







Page 5 of 5

Federal ID(s): N/A

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

Alt Set ID: Alt Mbr ID:

| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 0124 | 646.7220 Marking Chevron Epoxy 24-Inch | 141.000 LF | | |
| 0126 | 650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference | 17,693.000 LF | · | |
| 0128 | 650.9911 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01. 1011-00-82 | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0130 | 690.0250 Sawing Concrete | 2,600.000 LF | | |
| 0132 | 740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride | 22,739.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 22,739.00 |
| 0134 | SPV.0045 Special 01. Digital Speed Reduction System | 56.000 DAY | | |
| 0136 | SPV.0060 Special 01. Removing Barrier Wall Lip | 55.000 EACH | | |
| 0138 | SPV.0060 Special 02. Salvage and Reinstall Crash Cushion | 2.000 EACH | | |
| 0140 | SPV.0060 Special 03. Crash Cushion Nose Cover Chevron | 3.000 EACH | | |

| Section: | 0001 | Total: | |
|----------|------|--------|------|
| | | | |

Total Bid: _____.___.

PLEASE ATTACH ADDENDA HERE



Wisconsin Department of Transportation

May 8, 2024

Division of Transportation Systems Development

Bureau of Project Development 4822 Madison Yards Way, 4th Floor South Madison, WI 53705

Telephone: (608) 266-1631 Facsimile (FAX): (608) 266-8459

NOTICE TO ALL CONTRACTORS:

Proposal #01: 1011-00-82

Madison - Portage

South County Line to STH 60

IH 39

Columbia County

Letting of May 14, 2024

This is Addendum No. 01, which provides for the following:

Schedule of Items:

| | Deleted Bid Item | Quantities | S | | |
|----------|-------------------------------------|------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Bid Item | Item Description | Unit | Proposal Total Prior to Addendum | Proposal Quantity Change (-) | Proposal Total After Addendum |
| 643.1500 | Traffic Control Speed Radar Trailer | DAY | 336 | -336 | 0 |

Plan Sheets:

| | Revised Plan Sheets |
|------------|--|
| Plan Sheet | Plan Sheet Title (brief description of changes to sheet) |
| 60 | Revised Miscellaneous Quantity Sheet, deleting item 643.1500 and showing item SPV.0045 |
| 61 | Revised Miscellaneous Quantity Sheet, deleting item 643.1500 and showing item SPV.0045 |

Schedule of Items

Attached, dated May 8, 2024, are the revised Schedule of Items Pages 1 - 5.

Plan Sheets

The following $8\frac{1}{2}$ x 11-inch sheets are attached and made part of the plans for this proposal: Revised: 60 and 61.

The responsibility for notifying potential subcontractors and suppliers of these changes remains with the prime contractor.

Sincerely,

Mike Coleman

Proposal Development Specialist Proposal Management Section

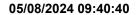
END OF ADDENDUM

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | ID Re | 1(evi: | endu 011- sed 8, 2 | 00 SI |)-82 hee | | |
|---------------------------------------|---|--------------|--|----------------|--|-------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-------|--|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|--|---------------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| | | | | | | SPV.0045.01 | DIGITAL | SPEED REDUCTION | SYSTEM SYSTEM NO. (DAY) | | · · · | 1 | | ~ - | | · · · | | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | - | 1 1 | · · · | ~~~ | | | | |
| | | | | | | 643.4100 | CONTROL | LANE | CLOSURE (EACH) | | 1 | ; | · · | ٧ - | • ; | | | 1 | - | г | 1 | , | - | | 11 | |
| | |] | 8.8 9.8 | | | 643.1205.5 | BASIC | QUEUE | SYSTEM (DAYS) | | 1 | XDAY X/X/XX | | 7 [| • ! | n | n = | 1 | F | 1 | ł | F | | 1 | 11 | |
| | | SIGN MESSAGE | EAST IH 90 MILE MARKER 119.8 WEST IH 90 MILE MARKER 119.8 | | INUED | 643.1050 | | TRAFFIC | PCMS NO. (DAY) | | | 1 7 VORK BEGINS XX | | 1 1 | | | | 1 | - | | 1 | - | | 1 | 25 | |
| | | SIGN | EAST IH 90 M WEST IH 90 M | | AND SIGNS CONT | 643.0900 | | TRAFFIC | SIGNS NO. (DAY) | | 1 | PCMS MESSAGE: ROAD WORK BEGINS XXXDAY X/X/XX | | | 8 16 | 21 | | 8 16 | 31 | | 8 16 | 31 | | | 389 | |
| SUPPORTS | 638.4000 MOVING SMALL SIGN SUPPORTS | EACH | ⊣ : | 1 | RROW BOARDS. | 643.0800 | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | BOARDS NO. (DAY) | | 1 | | • | 2 2 | 1 2 | σ | | 1 2 | m | | 1 2 | m | | 1 2 | 37 | |
| ND MOVING SIGN | 638. MOVING S SUPP | EA | | | RNING LIGHTS. A | 643.0715 | IRAFFIC | WARNING LIGHTS | NO. (DAY) | | 1 | | | 28 32 | | 7.8 | | 1 | 26 26 | | 1 | 26 26 | | | 234 | |
| MOVING SIGNS AND MOVING SIGN SUPPORTS | 638.2102 MOVING SIGNS TYPE II | EACH | | 2 | TRAFFIC CONTROL - DRUMS, BARRICADES, WARNING LIGHTS, ARROW BOARDS, AND SIGNS CONTINUED | | | _o | TYPE A NO. (DAY) N | | | 1 | ć | 8 8 8 |) | α, | € ∞ | 1 | 9 | | 1 | 9 | 0 00 | . 1 | 74 | |
| _ | | LOCATION | 31'LT 31'LT | | ITROL - DRUMS, E | 643.0420 6 | | ES . | (DAY) N | | 1 | 1 | Ç | P 4 | - 1 | ر بر | 4 | 1 | ហ | 4 | ł | ر. |) 4 | | 51 | |
| | | | | OTALS | TRAFFIC CON | | | | (X) | | 35 | 35 | 0 | 165 4 | | 637 | | 08 | 209 5 | | 08 | 209 5 | | | 2,552 | |
| | | STATION | 1593+82 | PROJECT TOTALS | | 643.0300 | | TRAFFIC | NO. | | 2 | s. | | 165 | | 209 | | 40 | 209 | | 40 | 209 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | DAYS | IN SERVICE | | 7 | 7 | r | 7 | 2 | r | n | 2 | - | 1 | 2 | - | - | 2 | OTAL | |
| | | | | | | | | | ROADWAY | IH 39 PRE WARNING | WB | EB | IH 39 WB - STAGE 1A | SINGLE LANF CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | IH 39 WB - STAGE 1B | SINGLE LANE CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | IH 39 WB - STAGE 2A DOUBLE LANF CLOSURF | SINGLE LANE CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | <u>IH 39 WB - STAGE 2B</u> DOUBLETANE CLOSURE | SINGLE LANE CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | PAGETOTAL | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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|---|---------------|---------|------------|------------|-----------|--------------------|----------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|-------------------|---------------------|---------------------|------------------|---------|---------------------|-------------------|------------------|----|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------------|---|-----------|---------|---------------|------------------------------------|---|-------------------------------------|-------------|----------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|-------|--|
| · | SPV.0045.01 } | • | DIGITAL | SPEED | REDUCTION | NO. (DAY) | | , | ٠ و ا | 1 2 | : | ~ | , 01 | , , | · · | • | , , | | · 1 | ~~ | , | × 1 | 1 8 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | ~ | : | ; | · · | 75 | 7 | 56 | CONTROL | | | | | 55 | 70 MPH SIGN, | 70 MPH SIGN, | 70 MPH SIGN, | 70 MPH SIGN, | | |
| • | 643.4100 | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | INTERIM | LANE | CLOSURE (FACH) | (Lucius) | | ٥ | 7 | ١ | • | 0, | ۰ ۱ | | ••• | <u>и</u> | | | | | × | ∞ | ١ | 1 | | ; | | ۱ | 7 | î | 56 | COVERING SIGNS FOR TRAFFIC CONTROL | II JANE | NS ITPE II | NUMBER | 40 | SIGNS | 1 | 1 | 7 | 1 | | |
| | 643.1205.5 | BASIC | TRAFFIC | QUEUE | WARNING | SYSTEM (DAYS) | (61972) | ļ | ۵ | 2 | 1 | | 10 | ۲ - | . : | | u | 1 5 | - 1 | | c | ю | ∞ | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | : | 7.7 | ĵ | 56 | OVERING SIGN | 643.0920 | COVERING SIGN | 3ER | | ES | | | | | | |
| | 643.1050 | | | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | PCMS NO. (DAY) | | , | T 6 | 1 2 | 1 | | 10 | 1 2 | | | | | | | | | 1 8 | 1 | 8 | | 2 14 | 7 14 | 2 14 | a r | ה ה | 120 | | 64 64 | INAPPLICATION COVERING SIGNS THE II | NUMBER | 40 | CYCLES | 00 | 12 | o o | 16 | | |
| | 643.0900 | | | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | SIGNS NO. (DAY) | | | | | 95 8 | | 420 | | | | 016 | | | | | | | 160 | 6 12 | | 1 | 2 | ; | 2 112 | 7117 | 2,501 | | ¥ a F | - X | | EACH | | | | | | 45 | OLIANTITIES |
| | 643.0800 6 | | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | | ARDS (DAY) | (142) | | _ | 4 27 | | | 30 42 | | | | 15 42 | | 10 | | | | | 70 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | | 17.2 | 7 / 7 | 209 | | | | STAGE | | | STAGE 3A | STAGE 3B | STAGE 4A | STAGE 4B | TOTAL | MISCELL ANEOLIS OLIVALITIES |
| | .0 | | CONTROL | WARNING CO | | (DAY) N | (144) | | | 26 2 | - 1 | | 360 3 | | | | 130 | | | | | | | . 1 | 30 | | 1 | 09 | 1 | 1.052 | F, 0.12 | 1,286 | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | CONTROL CO | WARNING WA | | (DAY) NO | (142) | | | 16 13 | 1 | | 170 26 | | | | 35 | 113 | | | | 40 | 224 | 1 | 8 15 | | 1 | 4 30 | 1 | 777 | | 851 | | | | EUE | 9 9 | | | | | | | COLLIMBIA |
| | 643.0420 64 | | TRAFFIC CC | CONTROL W/ | ES | D. (DAY) NO. | | | | 8 | 1 | | 150 | | | | 80 17 | | | | | | | 1 | 8 | | 1 | 6 2 | 1 | 574 | t | 625 | | 1205.5) | | BASIC QUEUE | WAKNING | SYSTEN (DAY) | | 11 | 1 7 | VEW | | COLINTY: COL |
| | | | | | | AY) NO. | | | | 330 4 | 1,400 | | 3 690 16 | | | | 1 8/15 | | | | | | _ | 008 | 110 4 | | 35 | 284 3 | 35 | 21 725 | 627 | 24,277 | | QWS ITEM 643. | | PORTABLE | CENCODS | (PTS) | (5) | m | ım | J. Complete system | | |
| | 643.0300 | | | TRAFFIC | CONTROL | NO. | 2 | | | | 200 1, | | 3.69 3.4 | | | | 369 | | | | | | | 40 8 | 5.5 1 | | 2 | 142 2 | 5 | 1,0 | 7 7 | 24, | | BASIC TRAFFIC QUEUE WARNING SYSTEM (QWS ITEM 643.1205 | | | FLASHING | BEACON SIGNS (FBS) | | 9 | ı u | * These items are northof WS and are noted for one complete system nor road | | |
| | | | | | DAYS | SFRVICE | | · | g | 2 | 7 | | 10 | 2 | 16 | | ı | | 10 | | c | × | ∞ ; | 7.0 | /94 2 | 0.9 | 7 | MP 2 | .B 7 | IATO | J.W. | DTAL | | FIC QUEUE WA | | ī | 로 8 | | | A. 2B | A, 4B | nart of the OW/S | | HWV- IH 39 |
| | | | | | | ROADWAY | | STAGE 3A | DOUBLE LANE CLOSURE | SINGLE LANE CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | IL 30 ED STAGE 3B | IH 39 EB - STAGE 3B | SINGLE LANF CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | * * * L | IH 39 EB - STAGE 4A | SINGLETANECLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | | IH 39 EB - STAGE 4B | DOUBLE LANE CLOSURE | SINGLE LANE CLOSURE | SHOULDER CLOSURE | DETOUR - IH 39 NB & 90/94 | WB OFF-RAMP TO STH 60 | RAMP PRE-WARN | DETOUR - STH 60 ON-RAMP | TO 1H 39 SB & 90/94 EB RAMP PRE-WARN | PAGETOTAL | | PROJECT TOTAL | | BASIC TRAE | | | | ON STAGE | | n. 1A. 1B. 2A. 2B | | | | ┝ |
| | | | | | | _ | | IH 39 EB - STAGE 3A | DOUBLE L | SINGLELA | SHOULDER | 11 20 50 | DOUBLE L | SINGIFIA | SHOULDER | | DOUBLE L | VINGLELA | SHOULDER | | IH 39 EB - | DOUBLE L | SINGLELA | SHOULDE | DETOUR - | WB OFF | RAN | DETOUR | TO IH : | | | | | | | | | LOCATION | | 'A/W' PE HI | H 39 'FR' | 1 00 1 | | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | NO: 1011-00-82 HWY: IH 39 COLINTY: COLLIMBIA |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | PROJECT NO: |







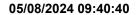
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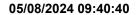
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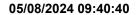
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| 0066 | 619.1000 Mobilization | 1.000 EACH | · | · |
| 0068 | 624.0100 Water | 19.900 MGAL | | <u> </u> |
| 0070 | 628.1504 Silt Fence | 575.000 LF | | · |
| 0072 | 628.1520 Silt Fence Maintenance | 575.000 LF | | |
| 0074 | 628.1905 Mobilizations Erosion Control | 2.000 EACH | <u> </u> | <u></u> |
| 0076 | 628.1910 Mobilizations Emergency Erosion Control | 2.000 EACH | | |
| 0078 | 628.7504 Temporary Ditch Checks | 15.000 LF | | |
| 0800 | 638.2102 Moving Signs Type II | 2.000 EACH | | |
| 0082 | 638.4000 Moving Small Sign Supports | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0084 | 642.5001 Field Office Type B | 1.000 EACH | | |
| 0086 | 643.0300 Traffic Control Drums | 24,277.000 DAY | | |
| 0088 | 643.0420 Traffic Control Barricades Type III | 625.000 DAY | | |
| 0090 | 643.0705 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type A | 851.000 DAY | | |







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Federal ID(s): N/A

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|------------|------------|
| 0092 | 643.0715 Traffic Control Warning Lights Type C | 1,286.000 DAY | | <u> </u> |
| 0094 | 643.0800 Traffic Control Arrow Boards | 209.000 DAY | · | <u></u> |
| 0096 | 643.0900 Traffic Control Signs | 2,501.000 DAY | | |
| 0098 | 643.0920 Traffic Control Covering Signs Type II | 45.000 EACH | | |
| 0100 | 643.1050 Traffic Control Signs PCMS | 120.000 DAY | | |
| 0102 | 643.1205.S Basic Traffic Queue Warning System | 56.000 DAY | | · |
| 0106 | 643.3165 Temporary Marking Line Paint 6-Inch | 51,982.000 LF | | |
| 0108 | 643.4100 Traffic Control Interim Lane Closure | 56.000 EACH | | · |
| 0110 | 643.5000 Traffic Control | 1.000 EACH | · | · |
| 0112 | 646.2025 Marking Line Grooved Black Epoxy 6- Inch | 17,630.000 LF | | |
| 0114 | 646.2040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 6- Inch | 69,835.000 LF | | |
| 0116 | 646.2050 Marking Line Grooved Permanent Tape 6-Inch | 17,630.000 LF | · | · |
| 0118 | 646.4040 Marking Line Grooved Wet Ref Epoxy 10-Inch | 2,617.000 LF | · | |
| 0120 | 646.4705 Marking Line Same Day Paint 6-Inch | 49,365.000 LF | | |
| 0122 | 646.4805 Marking Line Same Day Paint 10-Inch | 2,617.000 LF | · | |





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Federal ID(s): N/A

SECTION: 0001 Contract Items

| Proposal Line Number | Item ID Description | Approximate Quantity and Units | Unit Price | Bid Amount |
|----------------------------|---|--------------------------------------|--------------|------------|
| 0124 | 646.7220 Marking Chevron Epoxy 24-Inch | 141.000 LF | <u></u> | |
| 0126 | 650.8000 Construction Staking Resurfacing Reference | 17,693.000 LF | - | · |
| 0128 | 650.9911 Construction Staking Supplemental Control (project) 01. 1011-00-82 | 1.000 EACH | | · |
| 0130 | 690.0250 Sawing Concrete | 2,600.000 LF | | |
| 0132 | 740.0440 Incentive IRI Ride | 22,739.000 DOL | 1.00000 | 22,739.00 |
| 0134 | SPV.0045 Special 01. Digital Speed Reduction System | 56.000 DAY | <u></u> | · |
| 0136 | SPV.0060 Special 01. Removing Barrier Wall Lip | 55.000 EACH | · | |
| 0138 | SPV.0060 Special 02. Salvage and Reinstall Crash Cushion | 2.000 EACH | | · |
| 0140 | SPV.0060 Special 03. Crash Cushion Nose Cover Chevron | 3.000 EACH | · | · |
| | Section: 000 |)1 | Total: | <u>.</u> |
| | | | Total Bid: | |